Morning Oregonian.

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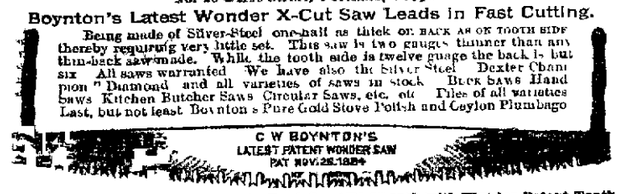

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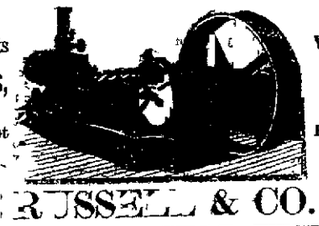

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THE SAMOAN TANGLE

German Diplomacy Appears Fair, But Ends in Evasion

THE SITUATION VERY CRITICAL

Our Consul General at Apia Calls Earnestly for More War Vessels

BRUTAL OUTRAGES BY THE GERMANS

Lives and Property of American Citizens in Peril—Protest of Acting United States Consul—Other Foreign Acts

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16. All of the correspondence referred to in President Cleveland's message transmitted to Congress yesterday in response to the Senate resolution of inquiry was presented to the House to-day. It is the following instructions to Admiral Kimberly from Secretary Whitney:

In a cablegram dated January 11 from minister Mulliam of the Apia telegraphs [illegible] and U. S. vessel forces landed, [illegible] from the German and which resulted in engagements between the troops of Mataafa and the German forces and the defeat of the latter. He reports that the Germans, in retaliation, bombarded the town, disregarding protests and neutral rights, that the property and lives of American citizens are in danger and he strongly urges the sending of reinforcements.

The German government claims that the German forces were first attacked; that war now exists between Germany and that portion of the natives of Samoa engaged in the attack upon the Germans. The German government invites this government in common interest to joint establishing order in Samoa, giving assurance of a careful respect for our treaty rights.

The United States government is willing to cooperate in protecting order in Samoa on a basis of full preservation of American treaty rights and good will to Germany, Great Britain and the United States and has so informed the German government.

You will at once proceed to Samoa and extend full protection and defense to American life and property. You will confer with the American consul examine his archives and otherwise inform yourself upon the situation. Protest against the subjugation and displacement of the native government of Samoa by Germany as in violation of the positive agreement and understanding between the treaty powers, but inform the representatives of Germany and the British government of your readiness to co-operate in causing all treaty rights to be respected and the restoration of peace and order on the basis of recognition of Samoan rights to independence. Endeavor to prevent extreme measures against Samoans and bring about a peaceful settlement.

If such an arrangement can be [illegible] upon this basis, you will report the same for approval and you will inform the government as to all possible effects on the rights of Samoa of the completion of the [illegible] and the prospect of a [illegible] agreement. Report whether Germany [illegible] and whether [illegible] forces [illegible] into conflict occurred.

WHITNEY.

GERMANY'S STATEMENT.

January 1. Secretary Bayard [illegible] communication to Count Arco the German minister in reply to a statement giving the German version of the Samoan difficulty. The statement of Count Arco is as follows:

The German forces landed at Samoa after the German commander had given notice of his intention to the commanders of the American and British men-of-war. The reason for this is [illegible] that a number of plantations were [illegible]. Upon landing the Germans were attacked by the Samoans under command of Klein, an American citizen, and [illegible] killed and wounded. A state of war is therefore announced by Germany and as an American is alleged to be in command of the attacking Samoan force Count Arco is instructed to make complaint to the United States. The treaty rights of the United States and all rights of treaty powers shall be respected under all circumstances. The German government asks that [illegible] in an active way to restore calm and quiet.

BAYARD'S RESPONSE.

In response Secretary Bayard says he at once communicated to Count Arco on becoming aware of the allegations that the Samoan forces were led by an American named Klein that he had no knowledge whatever nor reason to believe that Klein was a citizen of the United States.

It was certain, continues the secretary's letter, that he is not and never has been in any way connected with the public service. Instructions were given to the officials of this government at Samoa never to deviate from those instructions made public and which were well known to Germany and Great Britain to maintain neutrality in Samoan affairs and confine their action to good offices in the maintenance of peace and order in this region, and securing protection for American citizens and their interests."

The secretary says before he received Germany's instructions orders had been given by the president looking to the protection of citizens of the United States and their property and that it was with extreme readiness that he accepted the invitation of Germany that the United States join in an active way to restore calm and quiet in those islands.

The secretary further says:

I received [illegible] with expressed satisfaction your assurance of the friendly disposition of your government [illegible] full respect for the treaty rights of this government and [illegible] and [illegible] to you, necessarily included respect for the existence of Samoan autonomy and independence, which is the basis of the treaties made with the United States, Germany and Great Britain. The first named being the earliest date.

The protocols of the conference on Samoan affairs held in this city in the summer of 1887, by representatives of the United States, Germany and Great Britain will show that although the conference did not produce an agreement as to a complete plan of government for the community nevertheless certain principles all the powers represented concluded. One of these was the free election of chiefs in accordance with the native law and custom of making. It would seem most important, if such an election should [illegible] peacefully be held and [illegible] assured, it would go much to wards ending the turbulent and bitter discontent which led to the skirmishing and [illegible] warfare now [illegible] and [illegible] involved them in a deeply regrettable conflict with the United States. I further sincerely deplore it if the United States Rear Admiral Kimberly commanding our naval forces in the Pacific has been ordered to proceed in his flagship Trenton to Apia. He is directed to [illegible] his action and his novel and discretion, as well as in that of the naval commanders of other national vessels which have been sent by their respective governments to Samoan waters to promote a solution very strongly urged. I take it for granted that the same spirit of amity and perception of the equal rights of all the treaty powers which induced your government to invite the native operation of the United States in restoring law and order in Samoa will continue in strict accordance with the same principles of friendly justice and considerate moderation in framing a plan of settlement to be sent to the German government for approval of the imperial German [illegible].

There is no objection in the several routes and none what ever in the understanding proposed by the United States, and first arrived at between the treaty powers in January 1886 and since then from time to time set forth in their correspondence. January 17, last the views of the government were fully communicated. The government of Germany by my instruction of that date to our minister at Berlin and have since that time undergone no change and no intention of dissent therefrom by the government of Germany since that time has been received.

MALIETOA'S SUCCESS.

In communication dated Apia December 31st Commander Mullan describes to Secretary Whitney the attack of Malietoa upon Tamasese's strong fortifications just back of Lotuatua, and his success. The commander says: "It is apparent to the thoughtful and unprejudiced mind that the aspirations of the Samoan people for a liberal and progressive government are incompatibles with German ideas of government in Samoa. After their numerous internal wars and revolutions, the party of liberal opinions would be triumphant were they not interfered with by outside influences and by the presence of fearless men of war abreast of their fortifications and daily reiterated menace and warning, especially so on the eve of battle.

MORE OUTRAGES BY THE GERMANS.

January 14. Vice Consul Blacklock telegraphed as follows to Secretary Bayard via New Zealand:

Three German war ships have undertaken to Bismarck [illegible] to land troops to [illegible] of Mataafa. Fighting more [illegible] further [illegible]. Three [illegible] were killed and thirty wounded. Natives [illegible] any agreement [illegible] and turn [illegible] and [illegible]. Acting upon [illegible] natives [illegible] Germans [illegible] in the [illegible] and [illegible] Apia harbor [illegible] and [illegible] the consuls [illegible] and [illegible] Apia [illegible] were [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible]

assessment committees of the house and senate to hold joint sessions; adopted.

Wager thought as the subject was an important one, the committee could best consider it in joint session.

BILLS—FIRST READING.

By Gray—For the construction of a portage railway around the cascades and at The Dalles and Celilo.

By Watts—Amending the act providing for state normal schools so that the course of study shall be prescribed by the state board of education and the faculty of the school, and entitling persons who have completed the course of study to graduating honors.

By Dawson—For the erection of a school for deaf mutes and making an appropriation of $25 000 therefor

By Tongue—Amending the act relating to the distribution of the property of lee ased persons

By Coggswell—Providing for the holding of terms of the county court in each county on the first Monday in January March, May, July, September and November.

By Coggswell—Prohibiting the re-entry upon land of persons legally ejected and making violators of the law guilty of contempt of court Recess

AFTERNOON SESSION

At the opening of the session President Simon announced the appointment of the following committees.

Standing committee on fishing—Baron Gray, Watkins Sinclair Cauthorn

Joint committee to examine the penitentiary—Mackay Stanley

Insane asylum—Looney, Wager

To examine the books of the secretary of state—Chamberlain Chandler

To examine the affairs of the land commission—Fullerton, Stanley

BILLS INTRODUCED

By Chandler—To repeal the law relative to fees of sheriff and clerk in Baker county

By Coggswell—To amend section 2540 of the miscellaneous laws so that county clerks shall be required within a certain time after each general election to make abstracts of the votes cast and send a copy to the secretary of state who, within thirty days after the election, and sooner if the returns are in, shall canvass the vote cast for governor secretary of state treasurer state printer circuit judges, district attorneys and joint senators.

By Wager—To exempt homesteads from attachment and execution

By Looney—Abolishing scholarships at the state university

By Watkins—Allowing a jury challenge for implied bias to be taken as follows Consanguinity or affinity within the fourth degree, standing in the relation of guardian, attorney, servant, landlord, member of family, partner, or employe interest of juror in event of action or having served as juror at a previous trial of the same action.

By Chamberlain—To create the county of Morton out of a part of Umatilla county

By Steel—Providing for a salary of $3 per day for the clerk of the circuit court of Multnomah county in addition to his regular fees

By Dawson—Prohibiting the sale of tobacco to minors under 18 years of age and fixing the fine at from $20 to $50

By Wager—Requiring petition for county roads to state that a description of the line of road has been published in a newspaper

By Dawson—To regulate foreign corporations doing business in Oregon

By Tongue—To abolish the necessity of a separate examination of married women in the making of a deed

By Hatch—For the appointment of regents of the Monmouth State Normal school

By Fullerton—Requiring county courts to establish road districts on the first Monday in June 1890, and make road supervisors elective by the people, and to serve two years.

By Irvine—To incorporate the city of Halsey, Linn county.

By Fullerton—To authorize the Gardiner Mill Company to maintain a boom in the Umpqua river Douglas county

RESOLUTIONS

By Watts—That 1000 copies of the governor's message be printed for the senate

Wager moved to amend by making the number 250

The amendment was lost, and Watts's resolution prevailed

The house resolution for a joint committee to devise ways and means for the protection of the fish industry was referred to the fish committee

The house resolution for a joint committee to investigate the affairs of the State University was concurred in

By the house—Authorizing the state superintendent of public instruction to investigate, by correspondence or personal visitation, the public school systems of other states, and look into the township plan of schools instead of districts, the compulsory education idea, and the text book system in its various features, referred to the judiciary committee.

By Watts—Requesting the secretary of state to furnish 100 copies of the railroad commission s report adopted

By Fullerton—Directing the state treasurer to furnish a statement of money in his hands arising from 5 per cent sales of public swamp and overflow lands adopted

By Irvine—Instructing the committee on public lands to investigate the report that Eastern capitalists are purchasing large tracts of timber land, located in southern Oregon and be onging to the state worth $5 an acre, for $1 25 and are holding it for speculation adopted.

By Watkins—For a committee to investigate why the recent change was made in text books, cos and extent of the changes names of publishers etc

MESSAGES

From the secretary of state submitting the report of the state railroad commissioners

From Brigadier General J M Siglin inviting the senate to attend an inspection of the First regiment and Battery A at Portland, January 19, referred to committee on military affairs

MEMORIALS

By Dimick—S J No 2 memorializing congress to enact a law to pay Union veterans the difference in the value of greenbacks they received for their work and the value of their services

MRS GOULD'S FUNERAL

The Services Conducted Quietly at Her House in New York City

NEW YORK Jan 16—The funeral of Mrs Jay Gould was conducted as quietly as possible The body was in the front parlor in a plain black cloth covered casket with an quesilver handle Flowers were scattered over the lid The attendance at the services was not large Jay Gould remained with the family in one of the recesses of the stairway just where the services were to commence The plain white Angels in Jesus, then Rev Dr John R Paxton read the Episcopal service for the dead Rev John R Tury offered a prayer and the services were concluded with a hymn The interment takes place this afternoon An hour after the services the remains were taken to Woodlawn cemetery for interment accompanied by the relatives

MR GOULD'S HEALTH

NEW YORK, Jan 16.—Jay Gould is solicitude for his sick wife his waking at her bedside, his almost undivided attention to her necessities have told the city upon him so much so indeed that it has made him look like a broken down old man His physician is seriously concerned over his condition

Report of the Recent Railway Conference

NEW YORK Jan 16.—The stenographic report of the conference between the presidents of rail oad lines west of Chicago and St. Louis and representatives of bankinghouses held in this city last Thursday has been printed in a pamphlet of nearly 100 pages for distribution among those who attended the meetings It appears that although Morgan presided a most active part was taken by Charles Francis Adams of the Union Pacific and the impression is inevitable that although Morgan and his associates are responsible for getting the railroad men together, the credit of harmonizing them belongs largely to Adams.

Spike Clover for the East

WASHINGTON Jan. 16.—General Rosecrans has received a consignment of spike clover which is found in great abundance on Kamath river, in Oregon and California claimed to be valuable in cases of ague With a view to introduce it on this side of the mountains, General Rosecrans has sent some of the seed and stems to farmers in Tennessee Mississippi and Virginia, and also a supply to the Smithsonian institute

Parrott's Complexion Powder is universally known and everywhere esteemed as the only Powder that will improve the complexion, eradicate Tan, Freckles and all skin diseases.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

A Document of Moderate Length Submitted to the Legislature.

RAILWAY COMMISSIONERS REMOVED

Recommendations Regarding Assessment and Tax ation—Argument Against Commissioners—Maximum Freight Law Recommended—Etc

SALEM Jan 16 At 11 o'clock the doorkeeper of the house announced The Honorable Senate of the State of Oregon The doors were thrown open and the senators filed in and took the seats prepared for them while the house rose in its feet and remained standing President Simon appointed as a committee to wait upon the governor and inform him that the joint convention was in readiness Representative Apperson Senator Chamberlain and Representative Miller of Jackson These returned in a moment escorting the governor who was introduced to the President of the senate and by him to the legislature The governor then read his biennial message, as follows

Gentlemen of the Senate and Legislative Assembly In obedience to the constitutional mandate which requires that the governor shall from time to time give to the legislature assembly information touching the condition of the state, and recommend such measures as he shall deem necessary I submit my views and recommendations for the following matters so submitted You are referred for more detailed information to the reports of the various state officers

FINANCE

In order to show the growth of expenditures of the state, the adjusted figures are given for the fiscal terms of 1886-87 and 1887-88.

	1886-87.	
Total amount of warrants drawn during term for expenditures	$970,672 24	
Total amount of warrants drawn subsequently for expenditures	45 740 70	
		$1 016 212 94
Deduct expenditures previously incurred	$126,450 16	
Expenditures for public buildings	200,897 64	
Expenditures on account of trust funds and funds arising from special tax	47 643 49	
		455 450 29
Ordinary expenditures		$ 560,762 65
	1887-88	
Total amount of warrants drawn during term for expenditures during term	$760,656 53	
Deficiencies Jan 1 1887 for which warrants are yet to be drawn	10 872 68	
		$ 771,529 12
Deduct expenditures previously incurred	$ 45 740 70	
Expenditures public buildings	85 829 66	
Expenditures on account of trust funds and funds arising from special tax	65 405 9—	196,877 35
Ordinary expenses		$580 191 84

The expenditures for 1887-88 were swollen by the outlay of about $5 000, on account of the railroad commission and the fish commission, with the outlay thereunder to which the previous term was not subjected

EDUCATIONAL FUND.

Following is a statement of the total amounts of the common school fund on January 1, of the following years as nearly as can be ascertained

1880	$ 868 705 16
1887	1 050 400 01
1888	1 056 706 00
Increase of funds 1886-7	190 677 85
Increase of funds 1887-8	6 07 91 99

The interest arising from such fund during the past five years has been distributed in amounts as follows

Year	Per Capita	Total.
1884	$ 75	$ 59 946 75
1885	90	74 1 30
1886	1 00	91,417 10
1887	1 20	108,417 90

There are also on the first of this year, in the other trust funds amounts as follows

Agricultural college fund notes and cash $100,011 80

Agricultural college fund due on certificate of sale 12,6 7 57

Total $117 1.9 37

Private school fund net cash fund $ 80 733 71

Land fund, due on certificates 1 472 5

Total $ 82 206 06

The total amount in the several trust funds on the first of the present month is $1,851 947 92.

The moneys belonging to the foregoing trust funds is loaned with the utmost regard to its perfect security Careful attorneys have been selected in the several counties to make appraisements of the lands offered as security and only one-third of such appraised value is loaned on such lands In order however, that the board itself could also act in its judgment as to the advisability of all loans to be made, every applicant is required to a company his application, in answer to definite interrogatories with a full and detailed statement concerning the property on which he desires to secure a loan

STATE INDEBTEDNESS.

The following is a statement of the indebtedness of the state of Oregon on the first day of the following years on account of warrants drawn for various purposes on the swamp land fund

1887	
Principal	$53 671 99
Interest	4 671 67
	$96,343 66
Less available funds in treasury	1,125 87
	$95,217 99
1887	
Principal	$60,705 96
Interest	2 0o5 44
	$60,768 20
Less funds applicable to its payment	31,851 54
	$ 9,411 66

All other indebtedness is merely nominal and fully provided for It is confidently expected that within six months time the entire indebtedness of the state will have been extinguished

SWAMP LANDS.

During the past two years every effort has been made to reach a finality in swamp land matters During the summer of 1887 two federal and two state agents were in the field engaged in the examination of lands, and during the fore part of last summer a federal and a state agent continued such examination In order to thus speed by one up such examinations an expense was incurred slightly in excess of the appropriation, for which it is hoped the legislature (which it convenes) will make the necessary appropriation In October last however, in order to avoid any further indebtedness a proposition was made by the land commissioner to the federal authorities looking to an exchange of lands, whereby the state could relinquish its claims to the swamp lands in the Grande Ronde valley, for an equal number of acres of land in other portions of the state This proposition was rejected, and the matter will be further examined and reported upon without further expense to the state.

Acres surveyed and patented to state	310 7 34
Acres of land certificated not yet patented	1	
Acres swamp land examined and not certificated (approximate)	160 000
Acres swamp land unexamined (estimated)	50 000

RIVER IMPROVEMENTS.

The more effective regulation of fish and fishing than has afforded by free competition which has existed for the past few years in the Columbia river, is a matter of congratulation to the friends of fish culture The legislature of 1887 appropriated $10 000 to be expended in artificially propagating salmon and trout, which now commence to mature and in the course of a few years, which will give to the state a source of revenue which will to all intents and purposes more than pay the entire appropriation for opening the Columbia between the two portions of it The state government owns no interest in this matter The people of the Willamette valley have built for a decade and a half for the benefit of low rates consequent upon the filling of the canal and locks at the falls of the Willamette and it is no more than just and fair that the state should now provide for the people of Eastern Oregon, by opening the Columbia to a parallel free navigation by the building of a portage railroad, with moderate charges, which, when completed, would be used only until such time as the general government shall make the improvements it ought long since to have made. Let this tax be levied and if, in the meantime, the general government shall have commenced its improvements the money could be diverted to the common school fund

ASSESSMENT AND TAXATION

A change is needed in our laws relating to assessment and taxation. Under the present law the burden of taxation is quite unequally borne Under it I choose man of the state have to bear the burden of taxation while the dishonest man, who throughout the end of the banks returns a fictitious list business is rewarded by a relief from just taxation The law as it now stands and as it is now enforced is really a law to punish by taxation a man for honesty and to reward by exemption from tax a man for dishonesty such a law is a disgrace to any commonwealth A change should be effected Everything should be taxed, real and personal lands lots improvements and personal estate without exception whatever for indebtedness should be allowed It is urged by those who favor deduction of indebtedness that without such deduction there will be in certain cases double taxation Granting this to be true, it is equally true that with deduction of indebtedness, the honest man who pays on all his property is doubly taxed also, because his neighbor throws the entire burden upon him by avoiding taxation himself through fictitious indebtedness. It is impossible to secure absolutely just taxation but it can be nearly arrived at by taxing everything at its full value and making no distinctions whatever But there can never be any near approach to equitable taxation so long as any system of exemption is allowed in this state until a declaration for indebtedness—that rock behind which rogues can hide—is removed from our statute laws In order to secure assessment of property at its fair value, through out the state some supervision over the county assessors should be established by statute fixing the county commissioners It would be unwise to go into details to avoid, for in leaving the matter to each county to frame such laws as the degree of intelligence and honesty of its citizens may justify assessments in which a percentage of only 40 would be arrived at in a county of 80 would be a most flagrant injustice

FREIGHT REGULATIONS

At the last session of the legislature a railroad commission was created with power to make findings of fact upon which the conclusions of the commission reached together with the recommendation as to what if any legislation should be made in such case It was carried to the supreme court of the state where it was held that the findings of fact by the commission were conclusive and confined to the question of reasonableness of rates charged The supreme court then held that the commission was without power to make orders which could be enforced by writ of mandamus or injunction but it can be nearly arrived at by taxing everything at its full value and making no distinctions whatever But there can never be any near approach to equitable taxation so long as any system of exemption is allowed in this state until a declaration for indebtedness—that rock behind which rogues can hide—is removed from our statute laws In order to secure assessment of property at its fair value, throughout the state some supervision over the county assessors should be established by statute fixing the county commissioners It would be unwise to go into details to avoid, for instance, the matter to each county to frame such laws as the degree of intelligence and honesty of its citizens may justify assessments in which a percentage of only 40 would be arrived at in a county of 80 would be a most flagrant injustice

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THE STATE INSTITUTIONS

This institution has now [illegible] of [illegible] than $100 000 the property [illegible] to Agricultural college [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

ERN NEWS.

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AT SEATTLE.

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AT SEATTLE.

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DAY'S WORK.

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L LEGISLATURE.

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Assembling.

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A WALLA.

Be Constructed—The
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elevators on Eureka

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SALEM.

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TACOMA.

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THE VICTORIA MINERS.

Rules of the Society, but Took the Matter Quietly.

Special dispatches to the Oregonian from Victoria, B. C., have been received, stating that a number of smelters have been discovered, one of whom is a man named Edward Hibbard. The other accused are conductor, John Hibbard. They were taken to the police house.

The new dredge to excavate a deep water channel in the head of the bay is completed, and will be put to work immediately. The channel will be finished in three months.

At a council meeting ordered for to-night, to consider the Woodson water franchise, was postponed, owing to the absence of three members.

Two inches of snow fell to night followed by rain.

BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN MURDERED.

TACOMA, Jan. 16.—About ten days ago George Thomas in the employ of Nelson Bennett, the railway contractor, disappeared and it is believed he has been foully dealt with. He had several hundred dollars in his possession when last seen and declared to a friend that he was going to visit a place of disreputable resort. Thomas came recently from Duluth, and has friends in Seattle whom he visited about three weeks ago.

FROM ALBANY.

The Albany & Astoria Railway Company—The Santiam Contest.

ALBANY, Jan. 16.—A meeting of citizens was held last night for the purpose of organizing a building and loan association. W. C. Cassell was elected chairman and C. H. Stewart, secretary. A committee of five was appointed to draft articles of incorporation and report at a meeting next Tuesday evening.

A meeting of citizens was held to-night to complete the organization of the Albany & Astoria Railway Company. The meeting adjourned, to give the committee appointed to draft articles of incorporation time to complete their work.

The case of the Albany Mining Company vs. Dr. E. O. Smith to recover possession of a disputed claim on the Santiam was argued to-day on a petition to transfer the case to Judge Bundy's court. The motion was overruled and the trial will proceed to-morrow.

FROM VICTORIA.

Miners Resume Work at Wellington—A Fierce Prize Fight.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 16.—Everything was orderly at Wellington to-day. The miners returned to work, and only a few of the ring leaders refused. An output of 700 tons of coal was made.

Two Nanaimo men—McGee and McCann—with friends, went over to San Juan island W. T. Tuesday last, and fought forty three rounds bare knuckles. On the forty third round McKee knocked his opponent over the ropes and both fell. A foul was claimed but refused by the referee, and the fight ended in a draw. Both men were severely punished. McCann is going to fight Cleary, an American who guarantees to knock out McCann in four rounds.

POINT BARROW.

The Proposed Relief Station in the Arctic Seas.

There appears to be a prospect that congress will appropriate funds for a building and supplies to be placed at Point Barrow, Alaska, to shelter the crews of any shipwrecked whalers. Dispatches from Washington received within the past few days state that various persons have testified before a congressional committee relative to the need of such a station.

To the public at large the locality where it is proposed to put this relief depot is almost unknown. Point Barrow, the northernmost limit of United States territory is situated in north latitude 71 deg 26 min. The point itself is a narrow tongue of stony gravel varied in places by patches of oozy swale land, with little pools of brackish water. The hills at the village of Ootgharie or Cape Smythe form its southern limit and within a short distance from the village stands the building erected in 1881 by the United States signal service. These houses are constructed of wood, and are at present occupied by the Jackie Steam Whaling Company, under a provisional lease from the war department. Their size precludes their occupation by any large number of men, although space enough for four days' large quantity of provisions for shipwrecked mariners, who could find housekeeping in the hut of the natives at Ootgharie and Nuwuk the village at Point Barrow. The distance between the two villages is only nine miles, and there are found the best huts of native construction on the shores of the Arctic ocean.

Evidence of remains and native tradition prove that in the past the population of these two villages must have been very large but at the present time deserted houses and many graves to tell to the number of deaths. Captain Maguire of the British navy visited in a bay close to Point Barrow in 1852-3 and his report shows that there were 300 inhabitants while in 1881 there were only 162. Allowing a birth rate of about ten per annum—which is a liberal one owing to the peculiar conditions that women are subjected to in this hyperborean land—the decrease of population is noteworthy. Scarcity of food is one of the factors that has caused a diminution in the population of the Arctic ocean native while the yearly visits of the whalers who supply these people with rum of the vilest description in exchange for their wholesome and furs is another important figure in the question.

It would be very unwise to put up any building at Point Barrow, owing to the absence of an adequate supply of water while a house erected in proximity to the present site at Cape Smythe would be so situated that an unlimited supply of fresh water ice can be obtained to be melted for use by those who might have to winter in the country.

There is within a few inches of the surface of the stony ground a layer of sound ice which requires blasting or the labor of several months to dig to a depth for a foundation and this characteristic is prominent on the put which forms Point Barrow. The signal service officers found but one spot and that had been the site of a native village—soft enough to dig for their foundation. While the natives live in underground huts yet they assert that it takes several seasons before they can get to the required depth.

The characteristics of these natives are peculiar. In disposition they are good humored and cheerful their feelings keen but not lasting, quick tempered but easily pacified. Their conjugal affections are strong and they are especially fond of their children but unless they conceive a great liking for a stranger they will always expect recompense for any service rendered.

These Point Barrow people in stature compare well with the other natives of the Alaskan Arctic coast. They average 5 feet 2½ inches among the males, the females averaging 4 feet 11 inches but there are one or two men who are 5 feet 8 inches and one woman who is 5 feet 3 inches.

These people live on whale and seal meat and blubber deer and every kind of bird that can be trapped or shot. But since the establishment of a house at Cape Smythe they have the product variously flour tea and sugar which they obtain by barter. Clothing is made from seal and deer skins supplemented by cast off garments of the whalemen.

Several vessels have been wrecked in the past at or near Point Barrow and their crews were invariably treated kindly and given the best that these natives could afford.

OTHER COAST EVENTS.

Proceedings of Interest to Oregon Fruit Growers.

CONVENTION OF BAGGAGE-MASTERS.

Six Unfortunates Carried to the San Francisco Morgue—A Six-Day Walking Match Proposed—Personal Notes.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan. 16.—Fruit growers from all parts of the state assembled to-day at the annual meeting of the California Fruit-Growers' Union. President P. E. Platt, of Sacramento, presided. Secretary H. A. Fairbank read a report relating to the work of the past year. He called attention to the establishment of auction sales of fruit at Chicago and said the plan had proved a great success. Eight hundred and fifty cars of fruit were shipped East during the season. The organization is now represented in twenty seven counties by 12 658 shares of stock held by 699 fruit growers.

Regarding the kinds of fruit shipped it was said that apricots did much better than in the year preceding. Bartlett pears sold low being received East extremely green. Peaches sold well. Even medium sized freestones are much preferred to large clingstones. Prunes and plums did not sell as well as last season. Grapes sold remarkably low owing to poor condition. Fall and winter pears were low not keeping well. Late pears shipped to the extreme East did well. Prune shipments to Chicago netted the grower 2 5c per pound to New York. 2 5c. Cherries to Minneapolis netted 5c to New York 9 8c. Peaches to Chicago netted 2 7c to Boston 2 6c. Grapes to Boston netted 5c. Nectarines to the same points 6c. Apricots to Chicago 3 8c. to New York 3 6c. The special trains made good time but the freight service was unsatisfactory. A difficulty in making proper arrangements so that Boston and New York may secure a continuous supply of fruit was remarked.

THE BAGGAGE MASTERS.

Transportation of Dead Bodies the Principal Topic Discussed.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan. 16.—The eighth annual convention of the National Association of Baggage Agents commenced here to-day. Several hundred delegates from all parts of the country are present and others will arrive to-morrow. Business transacted to-day was of a routine nature. Vice President C. S. Pease of New York presided. A number of excursions have been arranged for the visitors.

The Baggage Agents' Association held an executive session this afternoon at which O. C. Wheeler, general baggage agent of the Southern Pacific, presided. The meeting lasted over three hours.

Secretary J. E. Quick of the Chicago & Grand Trunk Railway Company said the principal topic of discussion was the report of the committee on transportation of dead bodies which was finally referred back to the convention for adoption. The rules will be referred to the different state boards of health for their approval. The plan provide for the marking of changes in the preparation of bodies for transportation by rail, and certificates in the form of affidavits must be issued by proper medical or health boards of the different states setting forth the disease the person died from. These will preclude the possibility of spreading infectious diseases.

A LIST OF HORRORS.

Six Cases Reported at the San Francisco Morgue in One Day.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan. 16.—Coroner Taylor and the attaches of the morgue were kept busy to-day. Six cases were reported to the officials and wagons were sent in all directions to bring in the bodies. The first case was that of J. L. Halloran a barber who last night entered a drug store and desired to purchase some laudanum. The clerk refused to make the sale and Halloran departed to his own room and retired. This morning he was found dead in his room from asphyxiation. No cause is assigned for the act.

The second case was that of Albert Grau a brewer by occupation. The young man was a recent arrival from Germany and his death was accidental. Upon the door of his room being forced open Grau was found in bed dead with the gas cock half turned on. It is thought that the young man retired to bed and left the gas turned on so as to have a light in the room when he arose in the morning and by some means the flame was extinguished.

Fred Rolf committed suicide last night. Jealousy is assigned as the cause. Deceased was a chimney sweep and rough on rats. He was a married man residing with his wife.

The next case reported was that of Horatio Moore, the Englishman who cut his throat with a razor Saturday night.

Another victim of self destruction was John Morrow.

The last case was the body of an infant six months old found in a vacant lot this morning.

A BIG PEDESTRIAN MATCH.

It Will Come Off in San Francisco on February 21.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan. 16.—Frank Hall who has managed a number of walking matches in different parts of the country has arrived here from the East with several pedestrians to arrange for a six days' go as you please contest to commence at the Mechanics' Pavilion on this city February 21. The pedestrians who accompanied Hall are Robert Vint, Thomas Howarth and E. C. Moore. Among the other celebrities who will take part in the contest are Albert Hart, Noremac Herty and Guerrero. It is expected that fully 100 men will start. Hart expresses confidence in his ability to beat Littlewood's record.

A FULL PARDON.

James E. Young Convicted of Murder in Yolo County a Free Man.

SACRAMENTO Jan. 16.—Governor Waterman to day granted a full pardon to James E. Young convicted of murder in Yolo county in 1883 and sentenced to life imprisonment. The governor says: Evidence is submitted in this case to show conclusively that the crime for which this man was convicted was committed in self defense but testimony which has since been proven false was introduced implicating the prisoner in other crimes and so perverted the facts that the jury found him guilty of murder.

THE WESTERN UNION.

Construction of New Lines in Washington Territory.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan. 16.—D. R. Davis superintendent of construction for the Western Union Telegraph Company has returned to the city from the North. The company is building a line along the Seattle Lake Shore & Eastern railroad from Spokane Falls west and another along the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company's line from Wallowa to Heppner. He reports that rapid work is being done on both and that they will be soon completed and ready for business. Davis is much pleased with what he saw in the North. He says that great push and enterprise are shown by everywhere.

LUNAR ECLIPSE.

Seven Tenths of the Moon's Diameter Eclipsed.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan. 16.—The lunar eclipse to night was satisfactorily observed in this city. The moon's entrance into the penumbra was at 6 30 o'clock and was not observable with the naked eye. The earth's shadow was entered at 7 55 P. M. and the middle of the eclipse took place at 9 25 P. M. The moon left the shadow at 11 01 P. M. Seven tenths of the moon's diameter was eclipsed.

CALIFORNIA NEWS ITEMS.

Personal and General Notes.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan. 16.—The board of directors of the San Francisco Young Men's Christian Association have elected George W. Gibbs president and James G. Brown formerly of Portland secretary. A resolution was passed authorizing the building committee to raise funds for the proposed new building at the corner of Ellis and Mason streets.

F. J. Sanford a resident of Alameda and engaged in the real estate business was run over by an Alameda local train this morning. He is not expected to live. His right leg and left arm were terribly mangled.

A local paper says: A gentleman prominently connected with some heavy bullion producing mines of Idaho is at present in the city arranging for the listing of properties on one or the other of the mining exchanges. Brokers who have so far been approached on the subject are all favorably inclined to the introduction of valuable properties from outside camps believing that the investment for dividends will materially increase their business.

Captain George Johnson, who owns a vessel which is employed in the sealing business, and which is at present in the Columbia river reports to the chief of police that last Monday he was robbed of $400 by several men, with whom he had become acquainted while wandering about seeing the sights of the city.

Edward A. Brown a wholesale and retail wood and coal dealer at Oakland made a general assignment to day for the benefit of his creditors. Brown attributes his failure to a drop in the price of coal and bad bills. He says that his liabilities are about $10 000 and that the principal creditors are San Francisco wholesale dealers.

Major I. P. McFarlane, of North Yakima, W. T. has arrived in the North. He says that North Yakima and Ellensburg there is the greatest activity in consequence of both of them being convinced that they will get the capital of the new state.

Joseph Holladay of Portland came down from Portland to-day to spend a portion of the winter.

W. H. B. Cole a merchant of Portland is at the Grand.

George W. Weidler of Portland arrived to day.

Ex Congressman Richard Williams of Oregon is at the Occidental.

J. L. McDonald president of the Seattle Lake Shore & Eastern railroad is at the Grand.

I. Flerkets en late member of the Oregon legislature is at a prominent down town hotel.

William Curner a merchant of Portland and C. W. Gray proprietor of the Pioneer Oil Mills of Salem are here.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children met this afternoon in annual session and chose a board of directors and vice-presidents for the ensuing year. The secretary presented an interesting report of the society's work for the year.

At the same hour the Society for the Suppression of Vice held a meeting to plan out a war against the bool making and pool rooms of this city.

Over $1 000 000 has lately been expended by the Southern Pacific Company in new automatic brake equipments for its passenger and freight trains. It is said the Southern Pacific was the first railway system of the country to thoroughly equip its freight trains with automatic air brakes, and no cars of foreign lines are now run on its tracks unless provided with this class of brakes or with air pipes so as to connect all cars by the automatic system.

Inspection of the O. & C. Road.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan. 16.—General Superintendent J. A. Fillmore of the Southern Pacific came back from Ashland to-day. There he has been on a tour of inspection. He reports the road to be in fine condition all the way up the Sacramento river and over the Siskiyou mountains. The only trouble experienced of late on a new portion of the road a result of the weather was a landslide near Mossbrae falls where a large quantity of cracked and seamed rock became loosened and was precipitated upon the track. This occurred on Saturday and necessitated a ten hour delay of trains. There has been very little snow on the Siskiyous thus far this season, and therefore no work for snowplows.

In an agricultural way Fillmore thinks that the country along the line never looked finer. The outlook was certainly very bright for railroad traffic as a result of the crop prospect.

Harry Whitney Sentenced.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan. 16.—Harry Whitney the confidence man who has a wife in East Portland and who pleaded guilty before Judge Lawlor yesterday on the charge of obtaining goods under false pretenses was in the dock this morning to receive his sentence. The prisoner had nothing to say when sentence should not be pronounced and he was ordered to be committed to the house of correction for six months and to pay a fine of $50. If the fine is not paid it is to be served out in jail at the rate of $1 for each day.

Killed By the Cars.

SAN BERNARDINO Cal. Jan. 16.—A man whose name from the papers found upon his body is supposed to have been George W. Hildebrand was run over and killed on the road near here yesterday. It is believed he was a deaf mute.

A Notable Social Event.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan. 17.—General and Mrs. Nelson A. Miles entertained the society of San Francisco at the army head quarters division of the Pacific at the Presidio this afternoon. Nearly every one in the city prominent in social life was present.

His Wounds Were Fatal.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan. 16.—Horatio Moore the young Englishman who attempted to commit suicide last Sunday died to day.

Shipping.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan. 16.—Arrived—Ship Monarch from Honolulu—Sailed—Brig W. H. Meyer, Gray's harbor.

TALK OF THE TEMF.

By their fruits you shall know them and therefore the gin mill numbers are known by their duties.—*Boston Go ette*.

It will be time enough to talk about an increase two months from now after the plumbers bills are paid and the hydrants are thawed out.—*Chicago Inter Ocean*.

He—Have you been dancing much Miss Forest? She (from Cincinnati)—Yes indeed! I think if there is one thing I note on more than all else it is shaking my hoof.—*Judge*.

How old are you Sambo? Well sah I'se gwin on one hundred yeahs. Indeed! Is it possible? Yes sah but I see gotquite a little ways further to go yit.—*Burlington Free Press*.

Interlocutus (after a lunation in another form to Hopeful)—Take that! an gif to yo' book. I use thing yo know wif de zamin tion we mean. Know yo A B C from yo ally bal.—*Harper's Bazar*.

When the cannibal chief said to the missionary: 'We will be delighted to have you in our midst,' the good man was much pleased to know whether the potentate spoke for himself alone or his people.—*Terre Haute Express*.

Signs of greatness.—Mrs. Hopeful—Is my boy improving any? Professor of Penmanship—He is getting worse. His writing is so bad it is going soon and read it. 'How lovely. The darling he'll be an author some day.—*New York Weekly*.

Do you see that man McCrackle? I do Bilg. His worth a cool million. Why do you use the adjective cool? Would not your information be as correct without it? No, he has made it in the ice business you see.—*Drake's Magazine*.

Rural elevated roads—Miss Fifth avenue—Oh Uncle Wayback, you ought to see our elevated in New York! Uncle Wayback (not to be outdone)—Yes and you to see our town! Some winters we jest ride right over the tops of the fences.—*Burlington Free Press*.

Viewed in one light the prohibition of drinking saloons within 200 feet of a cemetery was unnecessary. The dead will not be disturbed by it while for the habitual tipplers the cemetery where he will soon take up his residence will be conveniently near.—*Chicago Inter Ocean*.

LETTER FROM STANLEY.

The Explorer Was Alive and Well Last August.

HE LEFT EMIN BEY IN SAFETY.

The Return Trip Made With a Loss of Only Three Men—African Insurgents Attack a German Mission Station.

BRUSSELS Jan. 16.—The first letter written by Henry M. Stanley since he left the coast of Africa was received by post last night. It is dated at the Boma of Bonyuin Murelia August 17th addressed to the Arab sheiks Tippoo-Tib whom Stanley left in charge of affairs while he pushed forward to Emin Pasha's relief. The letter is plentifully be sprinkled with salaams salutations professions of having good heart, and other Oriental terms of speech. Aside from these the letter contains the following information. Stanley is in good health. With a party composed of 130 Wangwana three soldiers and sixty six of Emin's natives he left Emin eighty two days before on the Nyanza making the trip with a loss of only three men two drowned and one deserted. He found the white men looking for Emin quite well and another white man Casati also well. Emin was bountifully supplied with milk sheep goats and food of all kinds. He is very liberal and gave Stanley's men many presents. Many of Emin's soldiers are ready to follow Stanley but he told them to remain until he returned for the things at Yambonyen. Stanley left all his white men behind except his servant William Stanley asks Tippoo Tib what he is going to do and suggests that he would like to have him go with him if agreeable as they both had been over the road twice and knew the route well. Stanley says he will wait ten days for him and then move forward slowly going to the lagoons and next.

This letter was taken to Stanley Falls by a messenger who also conveyed a number of other letters to Stanley's friends which are expected in two or three months.

UNFORTUNATE MISSIONARIES.

Insurgents Attack the German Mission Station at Dar Salem.

ZANZIBAR, Jan. 16.—An attack by insurgents on the German missionary station at Dar Salem began early on the morning of January 15th. The station is unguarded and contained 100 natives freed from slavery and three male and two female missionaries. One of the missionaries was severely wounded but escaped and reached the German man of war Mowe. The others were captured by the insurgents who sold them into slavery in the interior. The insurgents pillaged the town. The Mowe bombarded the place and destroyed it but did no harm to the insurgents. The insurgents captured an ivory caravan. It is reported the insurgents are marching on another German mission station where there are several unprotected missionaries and 150 freed natives. Bushiri is actively recruiting soldiers.

O'BRIEN ESCAPES.

He Did not Intend any Disrespect to the Parnell Commission.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Upon the resumption of the session of the Parnell commission this morning Justice Hannon said that William O'Brien's article in the *United Ireland* for which he was summoned to appear before the court, exceeded a fair discussion of the case, but he admitted some force in O'Brien's argument regarding the continued circulation of *Times* pamphlets and said he believed that no disrespect was intended toward the court by the article therefore he will not punish O'Brien. Future cases of a similar nature will be more severely treated.

Patrick Delaney a convict in Maryborough prison testified that he belonged to the Fenians until September 1887. The prince paid leaders of the organization were Egan, Brennan, Dr. Macalaster, John Lawly and J. Doran. About 1873 a number of delegates including John O'Connor, John Devy and General Miller came from America. Witness attended a meeting in Foresters hall Dublin, at which Devoy represented the American council and Miller instructed the military organization and it was arranged that arms be provided and expenses paid.

At another meeting in the rooms Devitt, Parnell, Egan, Biggar, Dillon, Brennan and Harris attended. Devitt was cruelly attacked for not adhering to the principles of the organization. After the meeting witness was told that the circles were not opposed to the league which would organize the fenians in the country and supply them with arms. Witness said he had forgotten a portion of the oath in the principal part of the ceremony and the whole body of executive officers.

The invincibles received money from the league. Egan, Byron and Tynan paid some money to Daniel Delancey. Mullet and Healy. Witness was deputed to watch the movements of Forster at that time chief secretary of Ireland. Joseph and Timothy Kelly were delegated to shoot Forster while witness intercepted persons crossing Essex street bridge, and Brady and Kelly undertook to carry out the determined purpose of the organization.

Witness took no part in the Phœnix Park murder. Mrs. Byrn brought over the two knives used in committing those murders. At a meeting of the committee of the invincibles held after the Phœnix park murder a quantity of gold and bank notes was laid upon the table. Afterwards more revolvers and daggers and money came.

Longford, Jan. 15.—Delaney spoke of the futile attempt to hire a house on Castle Hill from which the officials of the Castle could be shot with rifles. On cross examination by Sir Charles Russell witness admitted that when 17 years old he was sentenced to penal servitude for five years for highway robbery. He enrolled himself with the Fenians the same night he left prison. When he was accused of the Phœnix park murder he gave the authorities all the information in his possession he had.

The Fenian organization he declared was never an assassination society except in cases where somebody informed against them. Fenians ought to fight openly and were very different from the Invincibles. He knew Fagan, Brennan and Byrne to be Fenians in 1876. He admitted that he never met them among the Invincibles but knew that they were leaders of the Invincibles through Carey and others. Witness stated that he had been sentenced to death for complicity in the Phœnix Park murders and that Lord Spencer commuted his sentence to life imprisonment which he is now undergoing.

BANQUET TO THE FISH.

Our Minister Honored by the English Fish Mongers.

LONDON Jan. 16.—Phelps the United States minister was chief guest at a banquet given by the Fish Mongers' Company this evening. Phelps in his speech said the only complaint he had to bring against him on entering was that the people had made it more difficult for him to say good bye to them than to perform any duty that he had to do since he came. He hoped often to have pleasure of seeing in one country if not in another his own gross English friends.

BOLD ROBBERY.

A Man Accompanied by a Little Girl Robs a Bank of $7600.

OTTAWA, Ont. Jan. 16.—The Villeperot Bank at Hull across the river was robbed of $7600 yesterday by a man whose confederate was a little girl. They called the cashier away momentarily by saying that a priest outside wanted to see him. There is no clue to either the man or the girl.

THE INDICTMENT PUBLISHED.

Germans Permitted a Glimpse Into the Temple of Justice.

BERLIN Jan. 16.—In accordance with the command of Emperor William the *Reichsanzeiger* to-day publishes the indictment that was found against Professor Geffcken in order that the people may be enabled to form their own judgment regarding the admirable tration of justice in Germany.

Prof. Geffcken's letters which are appended to the indictment, cover the period from 1875 to 1887 and are marked throughout by hostile criticism of Bismarck and his policy.

Mortier is frequently mentioned in the course of the correspondence the reference to him showing that he was in the confidence of the writer.

Prince Bismarck has submitted to the undersigned all the documents during the judicial inquiry.

The *Reichsanzeiger* also publishes Prince Bismarck's report to Emperor William in which he points out the necessity for publishing the indictment in order to counteract the effect of the misrepresentations of home and foreign journals, which for days past, in representing the public prosecutor and imperial tribunal as being partial and inspired with a desire for persecution.

The indictment says Geffcken admitted it was unlikely that Empress Frederick would have given permission to publish the diary. The indictment also says Professor Geffcken confessed that he believed Emperor Frederick would not have given him the diary if he had thought it would be published. Professor Geffcken made extracts from the diary for his own use never thinking the emperor would die before himself. His object in publishing the extracts was to show that Emperor Frederick was a noble idealist and a moving power at the foundation of the empire.

HARSH WORDS FOR BISMARCK.

LONDON Jan. 17.—The *Standard* says: The publication of the Geffcken indictment shows that Bismarck himself was the author of the monstrous charges against Baron D. Mortier. The leaves has chosen openly to associate himself with the chancellor's tortuous policy. There is a cold brutality about the whole business which exceedingly unpleasant. Imperial has outraged public opinion in a way in which it has hardly ever been outraged before.

CALIF NOTES.

Big Offer by a London Firm.

PARIS Jan. 16.—The *Temps* says that a London merchant has offered the general of the Carthusian monks of La Grande Chartreuse the sum of £ 000 000 for the monopoly of the manufacture and sale of the famous Chartreuse liquor. A papal legate who arrived at the monastery on Monday last has rejoined the monks to accept the offer surrendering them that the Carthusians studies forced trading. The general of the order is disposed to reject the proposal.

Many People Killed.

ROME Jan. 16.—The obsequies of the Marquis De Torrecasa of Pius no. to day had to be suspended on account of the fall of a roof during the passage of the cortege. There were thirty six persons on the roof at the time and twenty four were badly injured.

Luckless Aeronauts.

LYONS Jan. 16.—Henry Wolf a Dutch person at exposition balloon from Arthur Wolf today. He was accompanied by Lieutenant Dubail. The balloon was driven out to sea and it is feared that both were drowned.

Anarchists at a Peace Congress.

LONDON Jan. 17.—Anarchists in attendance at the peace congress held at Milan recently decided to foment a revolution in Europe in the event of war.

The King Rallies.

PITTSBURG Jan. 16.—The king has rallied.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S LEG CASES.

From Schuyler Colfax's Reminiscences.

No man clothed with such vast power as President Lincoln ever wielded it more tenderly and more forbearingly. No man holding in his hands the key of life and death ever pardoned so many offenders and so easily. There were from time to time of course instances of cowardice in the army in the face of the enemy, a crime justly punishable by the laws of war throughout the world with death. In the early years of the war all the death penalties of court martial had to be sent to the president as commander in-chief for his approval. When Judge Holt the judge advocate general of the army had the first case before the president and expressed it he replied: 'Well, I will keep this a few days until I have more time to read the testimony.' That seemed quite reasonable. When the judge explained the next case Mr. Lincoln said: 'I must put this by until I can settle in my mind whether this soldier can better serve the country dead or living.' To the third he answered: 'The general commanding the brigade is to be here in a few days to consult with Stanton and I want about military men. I will see you until then, and talk the matter over with him.'

Finally there was a flagrant case of a soldier who in the crisis of battle demoralized his regiment by incredible throwing down his gun and hiding behind a friendly stump. When tried for his cowardice there was no defense. The court martial, in examining his antecedents found that he had within a year or two before living near Springfield, Ill., been under the royal uniform and that he was a thief who stole continually from his comrades.

Here said Judge Holt is a case that does exactly within your requirements. He does not deny his guilt. He will better serve the country dead than living as he has relations to mourn for him and he is not to be in the ranks of deserts at any rate. Mr. Lincoln's refuge of escape was all swept away. Judge Holt expected of course that he would write 'approved on the paper but the president running his long fingers through his hair, as he often used to do when in serious thought replied: 'Well after all judge I think I must put this with my legal cases.'

Leg cases' said Judge Holt with a frown at this supposed levity of the president in a case of life and death. 'What do you mean by leg cases sir?'

'Why, why' replied Mr. Lincoln 'do you see those papers crowded into these pigeon holes? They are the cases that you call by that long title 'cowardice in the face of an enemy' but I call them for short 'my leg cases.' I put it to you sir and leave it to you to decide for yourself if Almighty God gives a man cowardly legs how can he help their running away with him?'

Completely Crushed.

New York Tribune.

'You seem to be in trouble' said a philanthropic citizen as he paused before an old man who sat on one of the benches in the City Hall park looking the picture of woe. 'What's the matter?'

'Yes I am in trouble—right into it deep replied the old man mournfully.

'Are you sick or out of work or anything of that kind?' went on the gentleman.

'No that ain't it' said the old man 'but my boy only 'bout 12 years old has been took up for stealin.'

'That's bad—is there anything in it do you think?'

'Yes he was fat in a shirt from the front of a store in the Bowery when a cop grabbed him.'

'It is very sad very, said the kind hearted gentleman. 'There can't be anything much harder than to have such a boy. No wonder you feel discouraged.'

'Yes' replied the old man as he looked at the ground 'it's pretty tough at my age to have that kind of a boy. And there than't no use for it, neither. I told him he'd get to be mighty keertul or they'd snatch him. I guess the next time I want a shirt I'll lift it myself and not trust to boy. You may well say so' said I 'once I thought that boy would be a comfort to my declining years but it seems it ain't to be.'

His Own Fault.

Albert (N. Y.) Journal.

An old gentleman of Glens Falls who is popular among the boys and by virtue of his intimate relations with them often proffers advice one day ran across a couple of lads who were smoking clay pipes. 'Well well, boys' said he with an impressive sigh and solemn manner intended to make the boys feel the seriousness of the occasion 'I am 70 years old and have never smoked a pipe in my life.' 'You old fool you it's your own fault' replied one of the pair. The old man was so dreadfully taken aback that he could not say another word and left the pair to enjoy their smoke without hearing his interrupted homily. He tells the joke himself with very evident enjoyment.

Lightning Calculator.

This gentleman said the auctioneer, looking at the printed title as a complete set of the works of George Eliot. How much am I offered to start em—how much?

Dollar and a half, said a man in the crowd.

Dollar naf—naf—naf. Going at a dollar naf—gentlemen said the auctioneer raising his voice in indignation 'it is a shame.' If there was anybody in this crowd' he went on with increasing wrath 'that was accustomed to reading good books I wouldn't have to start the complete works of a man like George Eliot at no such insignificant, gol-darned figure as a dollar naf!'

A Cough Is Quickly Cured.

By taking Mother Carey's Chicken Pine Tree Cough Syrup. It does not affect the stomach or bind the bowels. Skidmore & Co. agents, 151 First street, Portland, Or.

Pullman reservations made for all points East via the Northern Pacific Railroad. Office, No. 2 Washington street.

THE TANGLED OF POLITICS.

Disgraceful Scenes in the Indiana Legislature.

A DECISION IN FAVOR OF GOFF.

Tailor and Gen. Harrison's Cabinet—Justice Harlan Said to Approve the Decision in the Noted Dudley Case.

INDIANAPOLIS Jan. 15.—In to day's session of the house there was a bitter struggle over the rules framed by the democratic majority. Republicans denouncing them to be a virtual gag law. They were adopted by a strict party vote.

In the senate this afternoon Senator Johnson the republican leader fought against the proposition of the majority to employ twenty additional doorkeepers involving a cost of $8500 for the session. He finally offered an amendment that the appointees be federal ex-soldiers.

Smith (democrat) thereupon said: You are the man that struck an old soldier at the last session!

Johnson said that this was without foundation.

Griffith (democrat) asserted the charge to be true whereupon Johnson gave him the lie direct.

For a time great excitement prevailed. The resolution was finally passed by a party vote.

In legislative circles to-night the quarrel assumes serious phase. There is talk among the democrats of a resolution being introduced to-morrow to expel Senator Johnson which it carried will cost the republicans their only aggressive senator.

IN FAVOR OF GENERAL GOFF.

The Democrats of West Virginia Defeated at Every Turn.

CHARLESTON W. Va. Jan. 16.—General Goff and his friends have gained every point they have contended for. At the legal proceedings yesterday Judge Hansbrough's attorneys were compelled to go before the circuit court and move to dismiss their own injunction against transmitting Kanawha county returns to the legislature and the motion being granted, the secretary of state immediately placed the election certificates in the hands of the speaker of the house which was then in session. This settles the complication in favor of the republicans and the fight began to-day over the opening of the returns and the declaring of the result of the election.

SENATOR TELLER.

Comment on the Published Statement That He Would Enter the Cabinet.

DENVER Jan. 16.—The publication of the possible appointment of Senator Teller to the interior department has created great excitement in political and legislative circles. No one seemed to have any information regarding it except ex-Congressman Belford, who said the statement is correct. Said he:

I have known about it for three weeks.

Furthermore it is part of the deal to send Senator Teller's brother, Willard Teller, to the senate as Henry M.'s successor. Willard Teller is attorney for the Union Pacific in this state. He is a lawyer of ability but never was prominent in politics. Many local political builders, however discredit the statement entirely.

THE DUDLEY CASE.

Judge Woods's Decision Acquiesced in by Justice Harlan.

INDIANAPOLIS Jan. 16.—Judge Woods's instructions to the Federal grand jury yesterday were the subject of much attention and discussion to day in legal and political circles. It is learned that the interpretation of the Federal statute as laid down by Judge Woods is acquiesced in by Justice Harlan of the supreme court, with whom Judge Woods advised by letter during the recess. There are expressions of keen disappointment on the part of many democrats.

The most notable utterances of this character have been made by the *Sentinel* through whose columns the famous Dudley letters became public. Some of its expressions were even severe and gave rise to the expectation that possibly the court would summon the editors and others before it for contempt but nothing of the kind has yet occurred.

CLEVELAND'S DEFEAT.

A Minister Tells How It Happened in an After-Dinner Speech.

CHARLESTON S. C. Jan. 16.—Bishop John P. Newman of the Methodist church at a dinner spoke of the causes that led to Cleveland's defeat. The real reason of his defeat he said was his pandering to the Catholic vote. He charged that President Cleveland never let an opportunity to honor Catholics and even went out of his way to do so. He said Protestants all over the North recognized and deeply regretted this fact. In the rural districts of some states there was genuine alarm lest Cleveland should be re-elected and the Papal see established in the United States. This apprehension was so great that lifelong democrats voted for Harrison. He believed Cleveland would have been re-elected if he had not sent a jubilee present to the pope.

POLITICAL NOTES.

A Day of Rest for Harrison.

INDIANAPOLIS Jan. 16.—A committee of the Methodist ministers

The Oregonian.

Entered at the Postoffice at Portland, Or., as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

By Mail—Postage paid—In advance.

Daily, with Sunday, per month	$ 1 00
Daily, Sundays excepted, per year	10 00
Daily, with Sunday, per year	12 00
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TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

Daily, per week, delivered Sundays excepted
Daily, per week, delivered Sundays included

PORTLAND, THURSDAY, JAN. 17, 1889.

GOVERNOR PENNOYER'S MESSAGE.

The governor's present message is a document more practical in its character than his last one. Though it contains some things from which we think most persons will dissent, it contains a good deal that will be generally approved.

The message sets forth in clear and concise form the financial condition of the state. In the matter of assessment and taxation we are glad to see that the governor strongly urges repeal of the statutes that allow deduction for indebtedness. "There never can," he justly says, "be any near approach to equal taxation in this state until deduction for indebtedness—that rock behind which rogues can hide—is removed from our statute books."

The governor recommends the construction by the state of a portage railroad at The Dalles, and some will say therefor. We trust the legislative assembly will act upon this recommendation, and that it will also include suitable provision for a portage line at The Cascades.

It is well known that Governor Pennoyer's views about the constitution are, in some respects, original and rather peculiar. He now puts on record a protest against the creation of commissions to manage or control any of the affairs of the state, and in particular recommends abolishment of the railroad commission. It would appear that the governor had made a slip when he approved the act by which the commission was created; but then one may change his mind in the course of two years.

The railroad commission itself has asked for larger powers. The governor insists that it would be unconstitutional to grant the commission the powers it asks, and that in fact there is no constitutional warrant for the commission's existence; and he urges the legislative assembly to enact a maximum freight law rather than extend the powers of the commission to the regulation of rates. On the other hand, the commission, which has made special study of the subject during the last two years, and now begins to know something about the difficulties of a very complicated business, puts on record its declaration that freight rates never can be equitably regulated by rigid statutes. And this is, in fact, the experience in all the states that have attempted it.

The message is not too long to be read, and quite a number of its recommendations are very good.

STATE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

There is decided opposition among the people of Oregon, that is seeking expression in different sections, to the state furnishing free instruction in the higher branches, to favored individuals at the expense of the people. They say it is well enough to build and equip such institutions and take precautions that expenses shall be as low as possible, but with that the state will have borne its part and done its share. As the matter is now arranged, the state does something towards sustaining the State university at Eugene and the State Agricultural college at Corvallis and to offset this it provides that the various counties shall have free scholarships under the control of members of the state legislature. This makes a privileged class, that is favored, while scholars not fortunate in securing such favors have full tuition fees to pay. It will be well to change this plan of education and, instead of having a privileged class put down tuition to the lowest possible figure and make the same terms to all. If one-half the scholars are these free pupils then the same revenue can be raised by charging one-half the tuition fees to all who attend. It will, no doubt, be productive of more good to lesson fees in this way to all, than to make tuition free to one-half. If the state builds and equips the colleges then, with the help of the endowment fund possessed by each institution and a reasonable tuition fee, they should get along. The Agricultural college has a little over $100,000 endowment and the State university something less than that sum. If more is needed, the state may supply something but not for the benefit of individuals. The popular demand is that all who attend shall pay the same tuition fees.

UNION OF THE CITIES.

Portland and East Portland are substantially one, and at home are reckoned as one; yet as they maintain separate municipal governments they do not appear as one in official and other reports, and consequently at a distance the aggregate city does not appear to be what it really is.

In the advantages of local administration which union would bring, there are many and excellent arguments for the proposed consolidation. Those advantages would be greater, perhaps, to the East Side than to the West Side, and the people of the East Side, by their apparent unanimity for the proposed consolidation, show an appreciation of this fact.

In the general and larger sense the union would be equally advantageous to both. As a means of stimulating enterprise, attracting notice and promoting a common growth, the consolidation would accomplish more than any other single thing. It would attract the attention of the country to a city of 50,000 to 60,000 inhabitants, pushing ahead with spirit and showing a growth hardly surpassed. Unite the cities and the census of next year will tell a story greatly to the credit of Portland abroad.

In the administration of fire, police, school, postal, street-lighting and other matters, together with the necessity that would follow of establishing free communication between the two divisions of the consolidated city, advantages would come that every person can easily see for himself. But the capital argument for union is the fact that by making a city of magnitude, it will give us a name throughout the country and a great push ahead. We shall be stronger by standing together and helping each other.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE.

Some years ago Dr. George Loring was commissioner of agriculture and managed to be considerably discussed and as well censured. Whatever he did, the things he didn't do overshadowed them, and the different authorities who claim a hearing on that subject, notably the agricultural press of the country, united in recommending that the next commissioner of agriculture should be almost any reputable man rather than Dr. George Loring. True the doctor has kept himself before the public, and he took an active part in the recent canvass, hoping to reinstate his party and that his party will reinstate him. "Where there is much smoke there must be some fire" is the old proverb, and whenever a man attracts so much unfavorable comment as Dr. Loring does from the intelligent press of the country, that represents its agriculture so ably, it is safe and prudent to leave him in private life and make no administration directly responsible for his acts. The agricultural press of the country is very capable and fair-minded. If a man who merits its disfavor is in position, that press with all its powerful influence, which was generally in sympathy with Harrison, will severely criticise the appointment and the acts of the appointee.

It may as well be remembered that Loring looks for the election of agriculture to the cabinet and the commissioner should certainly be fitted for that high position. Ex-Governor Robert W. Furnas lives in Nebraska, where he carries on a large farm. He has been governor of that state and has for many years been prominently connected with the state board of agriculture. He was commissioner to New Orleans at the great exposition held there and represents agriculture in the West in the most able manner. Besides he is broad-minded, capable, a practical man, and eminently well fitted to be at the head of the agricultural department of the United States.

As Loring has such a load of criticism, unfriendly at that, to meet, why should not such a man as Robert W. Furnas be put at the head of a department, to fill a place he can dignify in all respects, and give Agricultural West a chance?

SUGAR AND THE TARIFF.

The duty collected on sugar forms a very large item of national revenue; the money paid for sugar forms one of the largest items of our expenditure as a people. The protection furnished the sugar planter of Louisiana benefits him not more than a tithe of what it costs the general consumer of the United States. The people of our country are, per capita, the greatest consumers of sugar on the face of the earth. These are the salient facts concerning sugar as a means of national revenue, as a staple article of consumption and as a product of one portion of the nation; and they form a solid basis for argument and discussion in congress and out of it.

Whether the duty on sugar shall be lowered, or abolished, or permitted to remain, interests the South as a section because the duty encourages that industry there. It affects the whole country, because a lower duty will insure cheap sugar. The nation can get its revenue easily from other sources. Cheaper sugar would be a blessing to the country at large. The Louisiana planter furnishes only a small proportion of the sugar used in this country and we do not need the duty as a means of revenue. Unless, therefore, some great protective interest will be naturally fostered and encouraged by collection of that duty, it ought to be reduced or abolished.

Kansas is trying to make sugar and syrup of sorghum, but as yet the production in Kansas would hardly satisfy the wants of the county of Multnomah, certainly not the needs of the Willamette valley. Claus Spreckels declares that sugar can be made from beets in California, and claims that the duty must be maintained to foster that industry. The same argument is made in favor of sugar in Kansas. But neither Kansas nor California supplies sugar in sufficient quantity to demonstrate the ability of these states to produce the article, even with the encouragement European countries give their producers in the shape of a bounty on production. Up to this time it is not even known that sugar can be successfully made in Kansas, or that beet sugar is practicable in California at any reasonable price. Kansas producers are undoubtedly sincere in their efforts and will succeed if success is possible. The difficulty lies in the fact that sugar from sorghum is as yet in the experimental stage, and there is more diversity of opinion on that than almost any fact of production considered in this country. Claus Spreckels, the sugar monopolist of the Pacific, wants the duty maintained elsewhere, while he brings in Hawaiian sugar free. No one can ignore the fact that Spreckels can run his beet sugar works at a loss in order to sustain the general duty on sugar. That it may be his policy to do so is apparent enough to the most indifferent thinker. The commonest observer can read through a business fiddle so easy and plain as the motives of Claus Spreckels present. During the last fifteen years Spreckels has supplied our markets with sugar from Hawaii, at his own price. That sugar has come in free of duty, and it has given him a fortune of many millions. This is the condition he wishes to maintain. He wants no production of domestic sugar, to compete with his duty-free island product; he wants no reduction of the duty on sugar from other countries, since such reduction would cut down the profits he makes on free sugar from the Hawaiian plantations.

In production of beet sugar Europe has succeeded by affording great financial help in bounties. If we estimate labor there and on the Pacific as the basis of cost, it will not require much figuring to see that California will not make much beet sugar. The same is true of Oregon. Spreckels may "make his bluff" on the Watsonville factory and the growing of beets for it; but he would hurry production and crowd work faster if the business were really remunerative. The possibilities even seem against production of sugar at a profit, outside of Louisiana; and even there they want tariff protection. The country needs cheaper sugar more than it needs revenue or bounty.

DIRECTING IMMIGRATION.

Country newspapers are urging upon citizens in their respective localities the importance of preparing and sending out descriptive literature for the information of immigrants. The Corvallis *Gazette* asks what is going to be done toward directing a portion of the immigration of 1889 to Benton county, and calls attention to the fact that a pamphlet setting forth the advantages of that portion of our commonwealth would be a timely publication. The Silverton *Appeal* urges its readers to dismiss the idea that newcomers will find out of themselves the beauties of that portion of Marion county and the advantages of locating there.

Strangers cannot reasonably be expected to find the "garden spots" of the state by intuition. Carefully prepared descriptive matter will not only greatly assist immigrants in locating to advantage, but will be of corresponding benefit to the sections to which attention is thus called. While it may be true that any place in Oregon is good enough, it assists people to whom all is strange and new to be met by intelligent welcome and friendly direction upon their arrival. The country press is to be commended in urging this matter, and country people will be wise if they act upon the suggestions made.

There is room and welcome in every section in Oregon for the industrious, thrifty home-builders. There will be a large immigration this year, and such localities as do not get their proper quota of this new population will owe the failure largely to their own shortsightedness in neglecting to properly announce themselves. The day of "luck" has given place to the day of energy in this state, and the individual or locality that does not recognize this fact will fall behind in the race of prosperity.

The good, old generous days in which reporters came home from legislative sessions laden with spoils in the stationery line, including everything from paper knives and steel pens to postage stamps and pocket cutlery seem to have departed. It was in vain that precedent, that potent factor in law, and powerful ally of custom was evoked in behalf of a legislative courtesy that was a sort of cross between a give and a steal. Thompson's battle-ax came down with a tremendous swoop and reporters were left to buy their own paper weights, lead pencils and mucilage. This is as it should be. There is no excuse for straining courtesy even in small matters at the expense of the state. The border line between economy and wastefulness lies along narrow margins which if once passed, make the road to extravagance easy.

AN ELECTRIC FRAUD.

Electricity is a valuable agent in the world in our times and very much has transpired and developed since Ben Franklin flew his kite with the key suspended to the string and kept on until he invented the lightning rod, and made place for that interesting species of the genus homo—the lightning-rod peddler. Since then electricity has girdled the world in no time at all, and it performs feats that surprise electricians themselves. The latest attempted use for electricity has been in connection with sugar manufacture, and the moon hoax and the South sea bubble almost fade from view in comparison with the clear cut swindle attempted in the name of electricity on the simple article of sugar. The extent of human credulity is unbounded, and developments so continually that one would expect to see doubters become frequent and swindles grow infrequent, but the effect of geometrical progression will hardly equal the continual and fresh display of credulity, the world over. Like a great patent right, a swindler commences and "works" out one country after another, until the round earth is circumvented. The electric sugar swindle has "worked" the United States and may now be expected to go the rounds of the nations.

Common sense, unfortunately, is not a marketable article. Havemeyer, the great sugar refiner, remembers that a middle-aged man came and asked him to look at his great invention. The invention, however, was shrouded in mystery—could not be looked at too much, and had to be taken for granted; and so the practical Havemeyer dismissed his visitor, with the remark that he "never bought a pig in a bag." So the German "professor," Freund, went elsewhere and found more credulous victims. As years passed the "professor" gave "seances" after the manner of spiritual performances, where a barrel of raw sugar took part and a pretended electric-sugar-refining machine took another part. About a year ago the Electric Sugar Refining Company was formed; shares, $100; stock, $1,000,000. Offices were rented and buildings bought. No one was permitted to enter "the works," and the matter stood—sugar promised on one hand and faith demanded on the other. A thumping sound was heard, and samples of peculiar refined sugar were furnished. Several good citizens became enraptured and the *Statistical Sugar Circular* gave it several notices. The business dragged along as undemonstrable as that other "pig in a bag," the "Keely motor." Unlike Keely, however, the owner and inventor of the electric sugar process died last March, and the enterprise, without its "professor," has been silent and at sea. But the "professor" willed his "principle" and all his want of principle to his self-willed wife. She surrounded herself with trusty men who carried on the fraud. Certainly there was a new article of sugar produced at the factory that was considered superior. This fact blinded their eyes. Samples of the new sugar were taken to England, and the stock went booming faster and higher than Puget sound townsites. The time came when the concern was to be turned over to new owners and Mrs. Freund was to be paid off. Some guarantee was demanded that she could not give. The purchaser returned to New York, and, gathering a posse of his fellow-dupes, broke into the factory and explored the whole establishment.

Electric sugar, refined from the raw, was a fraud—a myth. All the raw sugar was there, and good refined sugar was there, too. This refined sugar they had manipulated and passed off for sugar instantly refined by electricity. The stock fell and has kept on falling on both sides of the Atlantic. Mrs. Professor Freund and her accomplices are under arrest, but that doesn't mend the fraud or lessen it. Human nature has asserted itself once more to keep up the standard of gullibility, and to prove the truth of the ancient darky's sententious remark, that "white man is very onsartin." So he is. The common sense that prefers not to "buy a pig in a bag" is at a premium. The American sugar refiner represents the common sense idea, but the majority of English sugar refiners bought the electric stock. How long will it be before man, as a speculative animal, will arrive at the consistent conclusion that any invention that cannot be shown is not worth having?

GENIUS VS. EXPERIENCE.

General Francis A. Walker, in his elaborate eulogy of Sheridan, remarks that it was Sheridan's misfortune to have had no experience in actual warfare with a civilized foe before he joined the Union army of the West in November, 1861; and he further says that Sheridan was the only West Point graduate who rose to high and important command who had not had some taste of professional experience in the Mexican war. In other words, West Point, after the class of 1847, produced no distinguished soldier. This statement will not bear examination.

The class of 1847 included A. P. Hill, Burnside, Gibbon, Ayres, Griffin and Heth. Of these Burnside and Gibbon reached Mexico just in time to participate in the last conflict for the possession of "the halls of the Montezumas." No sensible man will pretend that this slight experience of civilized warfare was of any appreciable military consequence to the future of these soldiers who became eminent in our civil war. An examination of the records of the West Pointers, who were graduated before 1847, but did not take part in the Mexican war, and of the West Pointers who were graduated after 1847, shows clearly that General Walker attaches altogether too much importance to the Mexican war as a valuable training school for the soldiers who became eminent in our civil war. Among the West Pointers who graduated after 1847 and attained to high reputation for military skill and courage during our civil war are Generals McPherson, Schofield, John Buford, Gillmore, Parke, Baird, Charles W. Field, G. K. Warren, Grover, Eugene A. Carr, Carlin, Slocum, Stanley, Hartsuff, Chas. R. Woods, McCook, Kautz, Crook, Hood, Sill, Terrill, Bagser, Howard, Pegram, J. E. B. Stuart, Pender, Weitzel, Webb, Torbert, Hazen, Sanders, S. S. Carroll, Wheeler, James H. Wilson, Ramseur, Merritt, Custer, Ames, Kilpatrick, McKenzie, Upton and O'Rorke. In this list are included thirteen officers who became corps commanders, besides, men like McPherson, Slocum, Schofield, Howard and Hood, who held higher commands.

Examining the record of the eminent soldiers who were graduated before 1847 we find that neither Sherman nor Halleck nor Emory saw any service in Mexico, and Sherman had never seen a battle of any description until he saw Bull Run. Hunter saw no service in Mexico, neither did Humphreys, Rosecrans, Keyes, Morell, William F. Smith, Whipple, Wright or Stoneman, and George H. Thomas, Franklin, Meade and Hooker were not with Scott, but with Taylor in the campaign that ended at Buena Vista. The most successful soldiers of the war on the side of the Union were Grant, Sheridan, Sherman, Meade, Hancock, McPherson, Schofield, Humphreys, Warren, Slocum, Merritt and Custer. Of these only Grant, Meade and Hancock saw any service in Mexico, and that of the petty sort that a young lieutenant always performs. Sheridan, Sherman, Schofield, Humphreys, Warren, Rosecrans, Slocum and McPherson never saw a battle until our civil war broke out. The most conspicuous failures of the war on either side were found among men who were gallant officers during the Mexican war, viz: Pope, Burnside, McClellan, Buell, Hooker, Bragg, McDowell, Huger, Holmes, Gustavus W. Smith and Pemberton.

The truth is that the experience of the Mexican war was not a severe test of soldiership. It was fought against a foe that were not our equals in courage, in physique, in discipline, in arms, and above all, in scientific knowledge of the art of war, to say nothing of natural intelligence and spirit. As a training school for the high military responsibilities of our civil war it was of insignificant consequence. What is wanted in war for high command is not experience so much as brains, youth and courage. The natural fighters on both sides, to whom a respectable brain had been given, made their mark, while the most brilliant scholars at West Point, who lacked this overpowering pugnacity, always failed. McClellan, Halleck and Buell, who had been studying Jomini all their days, made poor generals in the field, because they lacked the indispensable temperamental pugnacity. The chief difference between Lee and McClellan was that Lee was the pugnacious son of a remarkably pugnacious sire; and this pugnacity of Lee's, while it sometimes led him into military errors, quite as often extricated him from a false position. Take Lee's Maryland campaign of 1862. It was, as Longstree says, a military blunder, but Lee escaped destruction by his boldness and pugnacity which fairly cowed McClellan. So at Gettysburg. Lee's attack the third day was a military blunder, but his boldness and pugnacity the next day cowed Meade.

The deduction we draw from these facts is that an educated soldier of brains, natural courage and pugnacity does not need experience, only opportunity. The history of Cromwell, Gustavus, Maurice of Nassau, Marlborough, Frederick the Great, Clive, Napoleon, Wellington, Grant and Sheridan attest the truth of our conclusion. A little experience is necessary perhaps to discipline the nerves of a youthful soldier. Frederick the Great, as a boy king, rode away in a panic at Mollwitz, but he never rode again in the wrong direction. Napoleon, Cromwell, Marlborough, Gustavus, Maurice and Wellington with trifling military experience seemed to have fought their first battle with as much genius as their last. Experience is worth a good deal to the private soldier, to the subaltern who is likely to always remain a subaltern, but to a man who is born with a head full of military brains, while opportunities for education are of consequence, the mere military experience of a battle neither makes him nor breaks him. It is worth something to the rank and file, something to mediocrity; it is of small consequence to a born soldier.

COMMITTEE CLERKSHIPS.

An attempt was made Tuesday to limit committee clerk hire in the state senate to one clerk each for the enrolling, engrossing and judiciary committees, unless otherwise ordered by that body—Irvine of Linn being the mover of the resolution. In support of the resolution it was cited that the state two years ago paid nearly $11,000 for clerk hire, and the inference was that this sum was out of all proportion to the service performed or to the necessary requirements of committee work.

The arraignment will strike most people as a just one, though the remedy proposed unquestionably leans too far the other way. The state certainly should not, and does not, grudge its legislators the money necessary to pay for such assistance as will make their work effective. That the tendency has been to abuse a privilege during former sessions is, however, a fact that no one in the face of the evidence cares to dispute. It is well remembered that the eagerness of candidates during the session two years ago to be put upon the state's pay roll as clerks amounted almost to a craze and scandals more or less public resulted. A repetition of this could and should be avoided. It is not necessary in order to do this to wipe committee clerkships out of existence, or to force a responsible committee before the senate to ask the privilege of employing a secretary. It is, however, necessary to exercise judgment as to whether a clerk is required in order that the business of the committee may be properly performed and if so to choose a suitable and capable person for the work.

It seems strange that parents need to be told that young girls are not proper persons for this or for any other public work. Their immaturity of judgment is sufficient plea to sustain this assertion, but if it were not there are other and graver reasons, chiefly dependent upon this one that should forbid it. Against women in this capacity who are capable, no reasonable objection can be urged, and it is in evidence moreover that these make careful, intelligent and efficient committee clerks. Members have whatever is necessary for the reformation of former abuse in this line in their individual hands. The simple requirements of ordinary business judgment and common prudence are all that is necessary to place their action in the premises above reproach.

Some days ago the editor of the Spokane Falls *Review* wrote and published an article about the mining industries of the country tributary to that city. The able editor of the Baker City *Democrat* "lifted" the article, substituted the name of Baker City throughout for that of Spokane Falls, and published it as an account of the mining industries and prospects of his own region. THE OREGONIAN copied the article in good faith from the Baker City paper, as an account of "Eastern Oregon Mines," and the Spokane Falls paper has thus found out what the Baker City paper has been doing. It would be unpleasant, very, if the editor at Baker City had tender sensibilities. But probably he won't mind it.

Says the democratic paper of Pendleton: "There are 150,000 federal office holders and employes, and it is believed that all but this moment over half of them are republicans. This was Jefferson's idea to equalize the politics of the service and keep it so. President Cleveland has done this, and he deserves credit for it." Sheer nonsense. Is there a republican in any office in Oregon that a democrat wants or would have? If so, who is he and where is he? And as it is in Oregon, so it is in all the states and territories. Cleveland has made a clean sweep.

Dimick of Marion county, proposes a law for the extermination of the Canada thistle. If the state does not succeed better than this city and East Portland have done in enforcing such a law, its passage will not uproot any appreciable number of thistles. Unfortunately a law of this kind does not enforce itself. If there can be an attachment by which men can be drafted into its service, armed with scythes and hoes, it will no doubt do a good work.

Several preachers, ambitions of distinction are wasting postage in exhorting the president-elect to eschew inauguration pageantry and frown upon dancing. General Harrison is reticent, as becomes a man in his position, but there is every reason to believe that he thinks these brethren are making meddlesome fools of themselves. Other sensible persons, untrammeled by the dignity of position do not hesitate to speak out boldly in indorsement of this evident opinion.

He certainly is a very great fool who conducts the Spokane Falls *Chronicle*. One of his latest remarks is this:

> The Portland *News* of Saturday announces its suspension of publication with that issue. The *News* never amounted to much and simply served as a safety valve for THE OREGONIAN, to which concern it belonged.

What can be the matter with a fellow who knows so little as to make a statement of this kind?

The New York *World* of January 12, in a long editorial, declares President Cleveland responsible for the democratic defeat in November. It says his administration has not represented the desires and purposes of the democratic party; that he did not take the strong leaders of the party into his counsel; that he made a shabby mess of civil service reform, and brought scandal upon his professions by his flagrant gift of $10,000 to the campaign fund for his own reelection; that he injected the tariff issue into the campaign very unwisely, and much more to the same effect. The *World*, therefore, insists that its party did not have a fair trial in the election of 1888.

The cost of public education in all branches in the whole of Prussia is 15 cents per pupil for the year. During the first six months of the past year the German taught in the public schools in Chicago cost the people $58,000. This, on the basis that every pupil is taught that language, which is not the case, is 72½ cents per capita or $1 45 per year.

The total coinage of the mints of Mexico from the year 1537 to the end of the year 1888 was $1,320,421,184. Of this vast sum all but $122,500,000 was silver. The product of the precious metals in Mexico during recent years has been steadily increasing.

Wiggins's blizzard is again overdue. According to the published programme it was to have seized this country and shut it out relentlessly into the cold on the 15th inst.

MEETING NOTICE.

Attention, Volunteer Firemen's Association.—The annual meeting for election of officers for the ensuing year will be held in the Police Building at 8 o'clock P. M. January 17th. By order

J. J. MEAGHER, Pres.
MARTIN WALLACE, Secty.

NEW TO-DAY.

H. H. HILDEBRAND.
Prescription Druggist, 50 and Morrison. Telephone 499. Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

WANTED—A FURNISHED HOUSE. MRS. D.W. Prentice, Box 103, postoffice.

FOR SALE—SHELVING, SHOWCASES and fixtures. Inquire of L. E. G. Smith, Front and Stark. 681

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY REAL Estate. Apply to Oregon Fire & Marine Ins. Co., 35 Stark. 29

$50 LOTS—GO TO NO. 13 MORRISON STREET and buy a lot for $50 on the installment plan. In the Villamette addition to East Portland. Plats.

SUNNY SLOPE! AS TO ITS MERITS see C. & C. SCHMIDT and P.V. ANDREWS & CO., 25 Pine st. 496

PROF. E. L. BETTINGER,
Teacher of piano, etc. Apply at 188 West Park st.

$50 PER ACRE—FOUR 40-ACRE tracts one-half mile from East Portland. JOHN ANGELL & CO., 1st floor Ramond Block.

WOOD OF ALL KINDS. Piggott & Brown, (formerly Jackson & Co.) North Fourth and Front. Telephone No. 181.

COUCH ADDITION—FOUR LOTS TO be sold cheap for cash. Apply at once, for price and location to F. V. ANDREWS & CO., 25 Pine st. 496

WOOD OF ALL KINDS AT THE Pioneer Wood Yard, foot of Morrison st. Telephone 189. MOORE & STARK.

COAL—A FRESH SUPPLY OF BLOCOLA COAL for sale or delivered. Ricketts & Sullivan are fire wood, prepared by steam power, always on hand. UNION FUEL CO., 80 Ash st. Telephone 55. 740

SHORTHAND—DAY AND EVENING classes. Private lessons. Qualifying for court and committee. Situations procured all graduates. College of Shorthand, First and Jefferson.

$100 LOTS—$10 PER MONTH, AND NO interest. A good home. Good improvements. Grand speculation. West Portland at 80 acre lots. T. A. Wood, Room 1, I. O. O. F. Temple.

SELLWOOD.
Choice half block near river; price $1000. Also nice quarter; price $600. Inquire of T. A. WOOD Room 1, I. O. O. F. Building. 1758

P. & C. S. S. CO.
Steamer Alliance sails for city's Harbor, Friday at 8 P. M. Freight received foot of C st.
F. B. STRONG, President.

COOK'S MUSICAL INSTITUTE
A singing class for girls under seventeen years old will be organized at Prof. Cook's Institute, Jan. 21st, to meet each Saturday from 11 to 12 o'clock. Tickets $2 for twelve lessons. Apply at the Institute as the class will be limited in numbers. E. COOK. 17 11

SOLD ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.
Small monthly or weekly payments; Furniture, Clocks, Watches, Lamps, Rugs, Silverware, Lace Curtains, Pictures, Sewing Machines, Jewelry, Stoves, Toilet Cases and all kinds of household goods; open evenings. The New York Installment Co., 108 and 106 Morrison street.

LASTEVU—LEFT OF THE FINEST AND MOST SIGHTLY situated lots in the City of Albina, opposite Russell, on motor line. Size 50x100 feet; price $600; payments $10 per month; discount for cash.
CARR & GOLDSMITH,
S. W. cor. First and Washington sts., Portland.

WATCHING THE LAND SPECULATORS
Many small buyers of real estate this year are profiting by past actions of the heavy dealers, who buy when business is quiet. Don't wait till spring, as you will have to pay 20 to 40 per cent advance on present prices; especially on the east side.
Lots in Central Park and Tibbett's Addition on easy installments.
Lots and blocks in Holladay's Addition.
Lots on Russell street, Albina.
Lots on Hood and Corbett streets, South Portland.
Small tracts at Mount Tabor.
Apply JOHN CAMPBELL, 9 Washington st.

A. E. BORTHWICK,
Real Estate and Loans
REMOVED TO
3½ Washington Street.

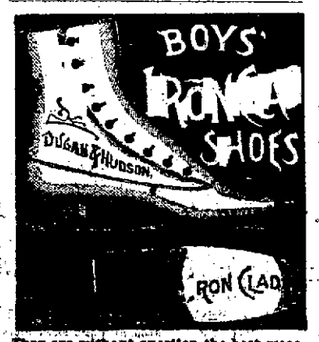
Cricket Grounds.
Some of the most desirable Lots, Quarters, Halves and entire Blocks in this most desirable residence property for sale on reasonable terms.
WEST & STEARNS,
12 Stark Street.

LOANS PRIVATELY NEGOTIATED.

Ale, beer and porter bottling works; well established family and country trade	$ 1,100
Express wagon and team; cash	125
Partner, (German or American) good paying business on First st	600
Bert Rice lots 50x100 in East Portland	12,500
Two and one-half acres adjoining, "Highland" on Portland & Vancouver street car and motor line	
Confectionery, fruit and cigar stand near post office, taking from $15 to $20 per day	
Stationery and notion business, N. First. Stock at invoice	
Saloon, in good position, a fortune	450
Saloon, N. First st	1,250
Saloon, Washington st	4,000
First class restaurant, Washington st	900
Restaurant, N. First st	250

Government Lands located (Tillamook county). Offices to let. Lobbe Building.
BESWICK & THOMAS,
1712 34 Washington st.

PORTLAND
D[illegible] SOCIETY
FIRST CONCERT
AT MASONIC HALL, MONDAY EV'G, Jan. 21, '89.
Selections from the works of Handel, Rossini, Costa, etc., etc.
CHORUS OF 60 VOICES,
Tickets 75c at Hoyt Bros.' (late Prentice's).
At the next Concert of this season will be given Mendelssohn's "Hymn of Praise" and Operatic Scenes. 11



They are without question the best wearing shoe made. Lace or Button.
EGGERT, YOUNG & CO.,
169 First Street, Portland.

NEW TO-DAY.

LOTS SOLD ON SMALL INSTALLMENTS IN Highland, and nearly paid, who has visited Highland what they think of it. We believe that it is the prettiest property in or around Portland. The lots are not filled. The prices are low. The terms are easy. The Portland & Vancouver Motor Line furnishes quick communication to the heart and center of Portland. Call at our office and get one of our beautiful maps of it. We are now building a branch office at Highland for the accommodation of our customers. HARRIS & DONNER,
16 1/2 Sd 1/2 Washington st.

J. Y. ALLEN'S SPECIAL BARGAINS—1662 J. 100 feet, cleared, fenced and grubbed, with good house, 6 blocks northeast of car shops, on the hill, in Albina, $2000. Lot 17, block 16, Albina, 150 feet south of Russell st., and 125 feet of the Vancouver Motor Line, is well fenced, $750. Lot is 50x150 feet; adjoining lots are held at $1000 each. Half block on Portland Heights, nicely improved, $3500. A beautiful fractional lot on Caldeck ground. South Portland, cheap. 6½ Washington st., upstairs. 16

FOR SALE—A FINE FARM OF 30 ACRES, only $2500; all under good cultivation, 9 miles to town and 2 to railroad; fine large orchard; it being near the railroad and river, it is considered a first-class trading point; it has postoffice and express business. Apply to wife on premises, or to owner, who can be met only at 149 First, over Skidmore's. 1734 J. M. LEWLEY.

WANTED—FRONT ROOM WITH ALCOVE OR a double room on first floor, for man and wife, no children; reference exchanged; centrally located. Immediate reply. Address S. L. E. care Oregonian.

LOST—PAIR CUFFS AND CUFF BUTTONS between Fifth and Madison and Ninth and C, between 8 and 9 A. M. Liberal reward will be given for the return of them to 214 C st. 1772

WANTED—BY EXPERT ACCOUNTANT—Books to adjust; ledgers and accounts carefully examined; references first-class; terms reasonable. Address A. C., care Oregonian. 1702

CALL AT THE OLD STAND FOR DRUGS, TOilet articles and perfumes; prompt attention given to orders by mail. JOHN A. CHILD & CO., Druggists, Second and Morrison. 1291

FOR SALE—LOT IN BLOCK 60, WITH TWO houses, 4 and 8 rooms, closets, etc; good interest on the investment. Inquire at residence, 107 West Park, bet. F and G. 1772

FOR SALE—THE FULL AND COMPLETE stock of harness store in the thriving town of Dayton, W. T. For particulars address Kasson Smith, Dayton, W. T. 1719

WANTED—TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE family or boarding house by gentleman. Central location and good table. Address Permanent, care Oregonian. 1

WANTED—BY A RESPONSIBLE PARTY, TWO or three furnished rooms, with gas, in private family, for light housekeeping. Address Mrs. Schultz, Oregonian office. 1472

WANTED—A GERMAN OR SWEDISH GIRL to do housework in a family of two; good wages. Apply on Meade, bet. First and Second, next to church. 1774

$2500 WANTED FOR 3 YEARS AT 10 PER cent; secured by city property worth $6000. principals only need apply. Loan, care Oregonian.

ALPHABET TEA—NICELY DECORATED set given away free with each 5-pound box. Great Eastern Tea Co., 223 First st. and 53 Washington st. 17

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT ON FIFTH ST. Railway, East Portland; good bargain at $1750. Inquire of J. W. Ogilbee, 3½ Washington st., Portland. 710

LELAND HOUSE—WASHINGTON AND SECond sts., elegantly furnished rooms to let. 1701 MRS. M. LEMLEY.

9 ACRES NEAR MT. TABOR, ALL IN STRAWberries. This year crop will net $500; price $400 per acre. Thompson & Rigger, Real Estate Co. 17

CHAMBER SETS COMPLETE WITH EACH 5-pound box of Alphabet Tea. Great Eastern Tea Co., 223 First st. and 53 Washington st. 17

NEW YORK IS 3000 MILES AWAY, but the restaurant of this name, the best in the city is at No. 132 First st. 1

2 LADY COOKS WANTED AT BIGLEY BROS.' Employment office, rooms 14 and 16, Union block. 1

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR LIGHT HOUSEkeeping, also rooms suitable for gentlemen at 191 Seventh street, bet. Yamhill and Taylor. 16

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NEW YORK IS 3000 MILES AWAY, but the restaurant

...W TO-DAY.

...RICHARDSON & SOLOMON
...Furnace and Stove Agents, Sheet...
...CHASE, Sole Agent, Sheet...

...THE MERCHANTS' HOUSE
...on the always popular...

...ALL, SLEEPING ROOMS FOR...
...central location, at 50 cents per...
...E, care Oregonian.

...WORTH, ST. PAUL, OLD...
...experienced dairywoman, second...
...room 19.

...L COUNSELOR AND...
...Marine, cor. First and...
...Oregon.

...ATION BY EXPERIENCED...
...recommendations furnished...
...conian.

...A SWEDISH GIRL...
...general housework...
...telephone.

...EXPERIENCED GIRL TO DO...
...washing. Apply from 9 to 12...

...WINDOW ROOM, ON FIRST...
...bath; also suite of housekeeping...

...YS TO MAKE THEMSELVES...
...s, and one apprentice to learn...

...FRONT STREET, NEAR THE...
...stock of saddles and harness...

...ROOMS ON ELEVENTH...
...each, near Main line, in first...

...IRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE...
...family, at 254 Morrison st., cor...

...D APPARATUS, FOR SALE...
...st, No. 22 Stark st., cor. 1st.

...QUARTER BLOCK FRONT...
...E. L. THOMPSON & CO.

...ANTED TO LEARN BAKERY...
...Third and Morrison.

...R SALE ESTATE JOHN GAM...
...ation st.

...WANTED—HELP.

...TENDERMAKERS, INQUIRE OF...
...Manager Iron Works, Front...
...Or.

...WANTED TO ASSIST IN GENERAL...
...small family. Inquire No. 28...

...ED—15 WOOD-CHOPPERS AND...
...apply to D. E. Budd's subscription...

...AGONMAKER, APPLY TO J...
...Co., 210, 212 and 214 First st.

...SH GOOD SOLICITORS, IN...
...re Oregonian.

...O GOOD SOLICITORS, IN...
...Apply at Oregon Billiard Office.

...COK, A WOMAN PREFERRED...
...house, 124 N. Second st.

...SCHOOL-GIRL WHO IS WILLING...
...her board, at 301 Columbia st.

...HER, MILLINERY APPRE...
...as choice to Mooney, Valentine &...
...10 Front st.

...OUNG MAN OF ENERGY TO...
...permanent business; $60 per month...
...ths. Address Rex, this Oregon...

...BER, INDUSTRIOUS YOUNG...
...paying business; no experience...
...ed to; $75 a month, with increase...
...$150 cash. Apply to Brown & Co.

...OUNG MAN TO TRAVEL IN...
...wagon; go a good time...

...MISCELLANEOUS.

...EW PLEASANT ROOMS IN...
...room suitable for man and wife...
...northeast cor. Clay and Fifth.

...ND FOR SALE, 20 YOKE OF...
...cattle, broke and unbroke. Apply...
...Ashland, Oregon.

...BUY A LODGING HOUSE...
...than 20 furnished rooms, central...
...rooming; price and particulars...

...GHT. WE WANT A LOT 50x100...
...or north front. It must be...
...st, north of Montgomery, and...
...Twelfth sts., city.

...OR SALE OWNER: 163 Second st.

...OR 80 ACRES OF GOOD FARM...
...miles of five miles from Portland...
...building. Mail full description...
...to Frank B. Hart, No. 1061 Main...
...olis, Minn.

...REST FOR A TERM OF YEARS...
...stock; transportation; suitable...
...; selling location and terms low...
...st., Room 7, Monument Block.

...D—EMPLOYMENT.

...MAN WANTS STEADY WORK...
...care Oregonian.

...WISHES EMPLOYMENT IN...
...; can do general housework. Inquire...

...CATION IN DINING-ROOM OF...
...Hotel. Apply 29 Columbia...

...SITION AS CHAMBERMAID...
...young lady, or sewing to be done...
...Fourth st.

...OUNG ATTORNEY DESIRES...
...law or real estate and loan business...
...references. Address W. L. Thomp...
...Pa., Palo Alto.

...MISTRESS WANTS TO SEW...
...at home; all kinds of plain sewing...
...reasonable rates. Call or address...

...ANTED—A GOOD BAKER...
...Address John Mannion...

...ED—AGENTS.

...ENTERS, WORK. BIG PAY...
...st., San Francisco.

...OR BOTH SEXES, DOUBLE...
...rimmed toothpicks, 10c, postpaid...
...and stamp. Sanitary Appliance...

...TS TO WRITE THE HARK...
...House, Flood building, San Fran...
...lage; big money; no experience...
...this paper.

...E AND FINDINGS.

...RADLEY, HARNESS, HARD...
...st., Portland, Or.

...DLEY & CO., 73 FRONT ST.,...
...Shoe Manufacturers' Goods, Shoe...
...tings, Dressings, Etc.

...SALE CLOTHIERS.

...CLOTHING MANUFACTURING...
...First street. Factory in rear.

...F MANUFACTURERS.

...ON & CO., 108 AND 110 FRONT...
...Or.

...e morning

...ES

...le.

...Ehman
...& Co.

TO RENT—ROOMS AND OFFICES.

FOR RENT—A HIGH BEDE ON FIRST ... Call on 273 Taylor st.; be...R and W. Park.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH USE OF ... Inquire 141 Morrison st., cor. Sixth. 81ff

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ALCOVE ... 350 Yamhill st., also two other furnished ... Second, between Tenth and Eleventh. 142

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSE... ... keeping to suitable respectable parties without chil... ... Inquire at 59 First st., between First and Market st. 136f

FOR RENT—ONE SUITE OF UNFURNISHED ROOMS, ... Inquire of party furnished rooms, suitable ... manufacturer or office. 141ff

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, ... ON RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, ... Inquire at a desirable location. No. 21 ... Sixth street, corner G. 134

FOR RENT—2 FURNISHED ROOMS IN PRI... ... for house, suitable for gentlemen; also bath, tele... ... Eighth st., cor. Alder. 135

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR ... ... Inquire at 20 Columbia st., bet. First and ... 143

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED ROOMS FOR ... light housekeeping to parties without children ... 95½

TO RENT—HOUSES AND STORES.

TWO ROOMS FOR RENT, 7 ROOMS, LARGE ... Front on First. Inquire 99 Grunbaum st. 134f

FOR RENT—A TWO-STORY DWELLING ... house on Fifth st., near Grant. D. W. Williams, ... Main st. 105

MIDWIFERY—I WILL GO AS NURSE BY ... Best of references. Mrs. Hanson, 68 N. ... Second st. 149

FOR RENT—NEW 8-ROOM COTTAGE WITH ... baths and modern improvements at 408 Seventh st. ... Inquire at 407; hours 8 to 12 A. M., 2 to 8 P. M. 101f

WANTED—TO RENT, IN CENTRAL PART ... of city, unfurnished house for boarders; about 10 ... rooms; reference furnished. Address B. F. W., ... this office. 103

FOR RENT—THE STORE JUST VACATED ... No. 323 Front, on Ankeny Saloon. Inquire of ... Chronicle, 56 N. Commercial st. 102

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LADIES' NURSE—MRS. MARDING, SURGICAL ... and medical nurse, 31 Washington, corner Second st. 30d1ar

MADAME CHRISTOPHER, NATURAL SEER ... and Medical Clairvoyant. Parties in Telfer has had 23 ... years' experience. 215½ First st., Room 10. 138

MRS. E. BERMAN, METAPHYSICIAN AND ... Teacher of Christian Science, 203 Ninth st., cor. ... Main. Class instructions $5. Consultation free. Odd ...

SCHOOL of Civil, Mechanical, Mining, Engineering, ... Surveying, Public Assay, 723 Market st., San Fran... ... Cal. VAN DER NAILLEN, Circular.

DR. H. FISK, ANALYTICAL CHEMIST AND ... Assayer. Analyses made and assaying done at ... the lowest rates. Office 164 First street, Portland, Or.

$5 REWARD—I WILL GIVE THE ABOVE REWARD TO ... any person furnishing me the name and address of any person ... found stealing the Daily or Sunday Oregonian south ... of Salmon street. H. P. HENNEY, Carrier No. ... 44 Main st. D. J. MOORE, Route Agent.

ANNIE NEWLAND, OF LYNDON, WHO LEFT ... A. Dellenbaugh about Feb. 1, 1886, and came to ... Portland, will hear of something to her advantage ... by writing to Jacob Newland, Tulare, Cal. 137f

THREE COMFORTS OF A HOME CAN BE HAD ... by a young man of good habits, having steady ... employment, in a family of two; terms reasonable; 3 ... blocks of postoffice; home cooking. Address P. O. ... box 383. 101f

JOHN THOMPSON & CO. HAVE BEEN AP... ... pointed agents for the purchase of rag stock for the ... Columbia River Paper Co., and are prepared to pur... ... chase, in cash, Manila, Burlaps, Manila rope and all other ... kinds of paper stock. Old iron and Metal of all kinds. ... 45 and 47 E st., Portland, Oregon. 4mf

NOTICE—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE ... stockholders of the Cascade Gold and Silver ... Mining Company will be held at 49 Stark street on ... Monday, January 21, 1889, for the purpose of elect... ing a board of directors for the ensuing year. Meet... ing will be at 7½ o'clock P. M. 136

CLAIRVOYANT—DR. E. A. BROWN, NAT... ural clairvoyant, tells the past, present and future ... events of your life, gives advice and results of jour... neys, lawsuits, speculations, etc.; mining interests a ... specialty; satisfaction guaranteed or no pay. No. ... 5 Sixth st., room 8. 111½

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF ... stockholders of the Oregon Fire & Marine Insur... ance Company will be held at the office of Messrs. ... Ladd & Tilton, on Monday, January 21st, at 11:30 ... o'clock A. M. for the election of directors, and such ... other business as may properly come before the meet... ing. 91½ L. WHITE, President.

DIVIDEND NOTICE—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVI... ... dend of (4) four per cent. upon the cap... tal stock of the Oregon Fire and Marine In... surance Co., will be paid at the office of the company, ... 25 Stark st., on and after Jan. 16, 1889. Transfer ... books of the company will close on the 15th inst. ... and remain closed until the 20th. EDWARD HALL, Sec.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE ... will be a meeting of the stockholders of "The ... Workingmen's Joint Stock Association of Portland" ... on the 15th day of January, A. D. 1889, at the office ... of M. H. Carr, in the Defiance building, cor. of ... Fort and Second streets, Portland, Or., for the elec... tion of directors and for the transaction of the gen... eral business of the association. By order of the ... board of directors. GEO. F. BIREY, Pres. ... Wm. Brown, Secretary pro tem. 98dtd

NOTICE—ALL PERSONS HOLDING UNPRE... sented checks, issued by the undersigned, are ... hereby notified forthwith to present them for pay... ment to the drawee, the First National Bank of Port... land, Oregon, as in three months from the date hereof ... the funds now in said bank to pay the same will be ... withdrawn, and thereafter said checks must be pre... sented for payment to the Oregon & California Rail... road company. R. KOEHLER, ... Receiver of the Railway of the O. & C. R. Co. ... Dated this 14th day of November, A. D. 1888.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—THE CO... partnership heretofore existing under the names ... of House, Richards and Seager and doing business ... known as the Portland Tenement, situated at No. 71 ... First street in the City of Portland, County of Multno... mah, State of Oregon, is this day dissolved by mutual ... consent, Thomas Richards retiring. The business ... will be continued as heretofore by Messrs. House ... and Seager, who assume all liabilities and collect all ... outstanding accounts. E. HOUSE, ... THOMAS RICHARDS, ... HARRY SEAGER. ... This the 14th day of January, 1889. 103

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP—NOTICE ... is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore ... existing under the firm name of Robert Collier & Co., ... is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The busi... ness will hereafter be conducted using the name of ... The Smith & Wheat Iron Works, to whom all ... claims against the late firm should be presented for ... payment, and who are authorized to collect all ac... counts due the said firm. ROBERT COLLIER, ... DAVID HENSHAW, ... L. F. WATSON. ... Portland, Or., January 12, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO... partnership heretofore existing between W. H. ... Street and H. M. Cox, publishing the "Daily Hotel ... and Commercial Advertiser" of Portland, Or., is ... hereby dissolved by mutual consent, W. H. Street ... retiring therefrom. H. M. Cox assumes the payment ... of all debts against said partnership and he alone is ... authorized to collect the debts and demands due the ... said firm. W. H. STREET, ... (1650) H. M. COX. ... Dated, Jan. 15, 1889.

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP—THE FIRM ... of Sichel & Senders, dealers in cigars and tobacco ... at 75 First st., cor. Oak, has this day been succeeded ... by Sichel & Meyer who will continue the business at ... the same place. The new firm assumes all liabilities ... and will collect all accounts due the firm of Sichel & ... Senders. Respectfully, SIG SICHEL, ... MAX MAYER. ... Portland, Jan. 14, 1889.

Referring to above notice, we extend our thanks to ... our friends for their liberal patronage and solicit a ... continuance of the same for the new firm. ... 1459 SICHEL & SENDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO... partnership heretofore existing between G. W. ... Hunt and J. R. Patton, under the firm name of Hunt ... & Patton has this first day of December, 1888 been ... dissolved by mutual consent. The business of said ... copartnership having been construction work upon ... the Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern Railway in the ... county of King, Washington Territory. All debts ... and demands against said copartnership are to be ... paid and liquidated by G. W. Hunt, and all sums of ... money due or to become due said copartnership are ... to be paid to said G. W. Hunt. ... Witness our hands, this first day of Dec A. D. 1888. ... G. W. HUNT. ... J. R. PATTON. ... 16|15

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING—MISS L. ... Bronson, formerly in charge of the Shorthand ... Department of the Portland Business College, has ... now recovered from a severe and protracted illness, ... and will resume instruction in Shorthand, Type... writing and all branches pertaining thereto on Jan. ... 1st, 1889, either in class or individual instruction. ... Students can enter 125 to 150 words per minute ... in three months. Tuition $60. Studio 293 Fourth ... street. Six lectures of education were given by instructors ... publishing the Shorthand course in the Oregonian, of ... Nov. 18th, 1888, the above college thus endorses Mrs. ... Bronson's method: ... "One year's test of the new method of teaching ... shorthand, guided by the Portland Business College, ... Second and Yamhill sts., to fit the average time of ... graduating at three months. No text books are re... quired, thus materially keeping the cost of a course. ... Instructive type charts and diagrams which ... have been copyrighted by Mrs. L. Bronson, Shorthand ... writer in charge." The number of graduates holding re... sponsible positions in all departments of trade prove ... the thorough work done."

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—SALOON, LOCATED ON FIRST ... Street, Portland, Or. Inquire 290 Third st. 151f

BAKERY FOR SALE IN EAST PORTLAND. ... Address Bakery, care Oregonian. 129

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH SOME CAPI... tal to handle an invention of an improvement on ... wagons. Address A. B. L., care Oregonian. 127

FOR SALE—AN ESTABLISHED MANUFAC... turing business in a good interior town, paying ... about $2000 a year; no experience required; price ... $700. Address 808 S88, Portland, Or. 131m

COUNTRY STORE FOR SALE—11 MILES ... from Portland; doing a good cash business; tele... graph, postoffice and railroad station in same build... ing. Apply to A. J. Hamilton, Beaverton, Or. 114dtf

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE DRUG STORE IN ... Eastern Washington territory doing good busi... ness; satisfactory reasons for selling. Inquire of ... Snell, Reinhart & Woodard. 130o-tf

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—3800 ACRES OF TIMBER LAND. ... Inquire of G. VOSS, 51 First st., room 3. 113f

RESIDENCE LOT—$3500—50x75 FEET COR... ner of Columbia and Eighth st. ... CLAYTON & OLIVER, 163 Second st. 161

FOR SALE—460 ACRES RICH, LEVEL, BOT... tom land, improved; can be divided into 3 farms; ... price $17 per acre. For particulars address or call at ... Furniture store, Albina, Oregon. 81tm†

FARMS FOR SALE—SOME GOOD FARMS IN ... the Willamette valley for sale at reasonable prices ... and on easy terms. Apply to WM. MACMASTER, ... 40 Second st, Portland, Oregon. 2m1f

FOR SALE—10 ACRES ON CORNELL ROAD, 3 ... miles from city, at a bargain. ... PARRISH, WATKINS & CORNELL, ... 1513 48 Washington st.

BUSINESS CORNER—$9000—CORNER LOT, 60 ... x100 feet on F and East Park sts. Will pay ... good interest on the investment. ... 1619 CLAYTON & OLIVER, 163 Second st.

A FINE 2-STORY 9-ROOM HOUSE FOR SALE ... or rent, in Vancouver, W. T.; finest corner lots ... in that beautiful city. Address P. O. box 96, Vancou... ver, W. T. 1613

10 PER CENT. INVESTMENT—$8000—FULL ... lot and double house of 20 rooms on N. ... Ninth st., near Q st; present rental $60 per month; ... worth $80 per month. CLAYTON & OLIVER, ... 163 Second st. 1615

$250—FOR SALE, LOT 16, BLK. 22, ALBINA ... Homestead. This is one of the finest lots in ... this desirable tract. Inquire John M. Pettigrew, ... Albina, Oregon. 153f

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID POOL TABLE, ALL ... complete. Cor. 19th and Q sts. 168

PLUMBERS' TOOLS FOR SALE — FULL OUT... fit including forge, drillpress, bevel die, etc. at ... a bargain. Inquire at office of Booth & McCamp, ... Labbe building. 80f

200 ACRES STUMPAGE FOR SALE IN ... tracts to suit purchaser; about 2 miles west ... of Portland; for specifications, terms, etc., call on ... Geo. A. Snyder, cor. 18th and Main sts. 161tf

FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS—A FIRST-CLASS ... brick hotel containing 29 rooms, now doing a ... good business; furnishing and furnishing first-class. ... Apply to Moore & Langdon, Real Estate Agents, Mos... cow, I. T. 161m

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND SAW MILL GOOD ... as new; with or without engine. Z. T. WRIGHT, ... Portland. 144tf

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SUTTON & BEEBE, SHIP CHANDLERY AND ... naval stores, 16 N. Front street, Portland, Or.

ALLEN & LEWIS, COMMISSION AND PRO... duce Merchants, Front and D sts., Portland, Or.

POWELL & SHIPLEY, GENERAL COMMIS... sion, No. 280 Front, cor. Jefferson, Portland, Or.

H. E. BATTIN & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION ... Merchants and Produce Dealers, 130 Front st.

J. CUSHAC & CO., SHIPPING AND COMMISSION ... Merchants, 20 North Front street, Portland, Or.

TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., SHIP BROKERS AND ... Commission Merchants, agents for Sun Jose ... Archipelago Line Co., 34 Front street, corner Ash.

J. O'CONNOR, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL ... Oregon, dealer in ship stores, garden and grass ... seeds, foreign and domestic fruits, etc. N. E. corner ... Front and Alder streets, Portland, Or.

BALFOUR, GUTHRIE & CO., SHIPPING AND ... Commission Merchants. Importers of all Eng... lish goods. Money to loan on mortgage. Cor. First ... and A sts.

HERMAN METZGER, PURCHASER OF HIDES, ... Pelts, Furs, Wool and Tallow, and General Com... mission Merchant, Front street, near Main, Portland, ... Or. Liberal cash advances on consignments.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ALLEN & LEWIS WHOLESALE GROCERS, ... corner North Front and D sts., Portland, Oregon.

CORBETT & MACLEAY WHOLESALE GRO... cers and Commission Merchants, 54 and 56 Front ... street Portland.

WADHAMS & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GRO... cers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, ... Nos. 46 and 48 Front street, Portland, Oregon.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES.

HEEBORN & CO., JOBBERS AND RETAIL ... dealers in wall paper and window shades. The leading ... line of wall paper in the Northwest. New designs con... stantly arriving. 127 and 129 Third street.

CANDY MANUFACTURERS.

A LIBERTY CANDY MFG. CO.—ONLY STEAM ... power factory in the Northwest. We keep every ... thing a confectioner or baker will need. Send for ... prices. Factory 360 E street, Portland, Or. 170

MACHINISTS.

WOLFF & ZWICKER, MACHINISTS, COR. F ... and Third sts. Housework, saws, flashings, iron ... shutters and machinery of all descriptions, planing ... and moulding tools to order.

VETERINARY SURGEON.

E. F. GIBBS, M. R. C. V. S., 136 EIGHTH ST., ... cor. Alder. Telephone 896. Treats all diseases ... of domesticated animals. 229dtf

SEEDS.

E. J. BOWEN, WHOLESALE SEED MER... chant, 85 Front street Portland, Oregon.

FOR THE FINEST CLASS OF BEER IN THE ... city, go to Frank Kolter's, First and Pine streets.

HELMETS FOR POLICE OFFICERS.—The helmets for the police officers have at last arrived and last night as the night shift were reporting on duty, the officers laid aside their old hats and donned their new headgear. The helmets are good ones both for style and utility. Having lately received new uniforms and now their attractive headdress it will be more than a wonder if some do not cheer the ire of Duffy in "Peck's Bad Boy," to say nothing of Moriarty. There are forty-eight new helmets—one for each officer including the captains and chief of police. It is safe to say that the officers will be the center of attraction for several days, or until the novelty wears off.

HALL STREET REVIVAL SERVICES.—Rev. C. E. Cline, pastor of the Hall Street M. E. church, has been holding revival services the last few weeks and is meeting with remarkable success. Tuesday night ninety-five joined the church. Great interest has been manifested by the people, and the attendance is large. As a testimonial of their respect and esteem as a Christian gentleman, and as a recognition of his efficient work, the congregation last evening presented the pastor with a handsome gold watch, a new coat and a beautiful silk scarf. They also presented his wife with a well-filled purse. The affair was a most pleasant and notable one.

PROPOSALS OPENED.—Proposals for furnishing stone and placing it in the jetty at Coos bay were opened at the office of Captain W. Young, United States engineer, yesterday. Following is a list of bidders and prices, the lower price being per cubic yard, if hull-dumping scows are furnished by the government, and the higher price if the bidder furnishes his own barges: Patrick O'Neil, $1 27 or $1 38; Orrin S. Ward & Andrew J. Johnson, $1 45 or $1 74; Dodge & Logsdale & G. A. Holt, $2 21 or $2 93. F. A. Hyatt, who did not have a copy of latest specifications, offered to supply his own barges and furnish the stone at $1 65 per cubic yard.

SPREAD ON THE MINUTES.—Yesterday the resolutions of respect to the memory of the late James G. Chapman adopted by the bar of the city Tuesday afternoon, were presented to the department of the circuit court and the United States circuit court, with the request that they be spread upon the minutes. Judge J. F. Watson performed that duty in Judge Stephens' court; Mr. William Foley in Judge Deady's court; Mr. William H. Williams in Judge Bellinger's court. In presenting the resolutions, Mr. Foley spoke in eulogistic terms of the dead lawyer, paying a very eloquent tribute to his memory.

BRANCH HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE.—Captain U. Sobree yesterday received a private letter from Mr. G. L. Dryer, hydrographer, stating that he is pleased to learn that room for the branch hydrographic office to be opened here has been secured, and informing Captain Sobree that Ensign D. C. Terrell, who was at Siuslaw on the Pinta for some time and who has been highly recommended, has been appointed to take charge of the office. He will pass a short time in the office at San Francisco to become acquainted with the methods of the work on his vessel before coming here.

EAGER FOR THE FRAY.—Since the publication of the paragraph that Thomas Jones, of Portland, was anxious to make a match for a foot race with Loveland, the "pedal sports" of East Portland express much eagerness to accommodate their sprinter. However, they are not much disposed to allow him a start of ten feet in eighty yards, which is one of the conditions of the match. They ask for an even chance to win or lose their "spondulicks." If Jones will call on the East Portland sports they say he can be accommodated, if no means business.

A DISORDERLY SOLDIER.—Tuesday night, about half-past 12 o'clock, a drunken soldier from Vancouver came out of the Occidental saloon, on First street, and crossing over in front of Alsky's restaurant, stood berating his luck in very indecent language. This not satisfying him, he waited until several ladies and gentlemen came along, when he gave vent to words that would shock the ears of any man not totally a brute. The fellow made his escape, but if he is caught he should be taught a good lesson in common decency.

TWO MORE MOTORS.—Two fine Westinghouse motors, weighing thirty tons each and furnished with air-brakes and all the latest improvements, have been ordered by the Portland & Vancouver Railway Company from the Baldwin Locomotive Works, Philadelphia. These with the two Pullman coaches lately ordered will be a good supply of rolling stock for the road for the present. The company must have another tract of woodland in view.

A CHURCH SOCIAL.—The ladies of the Christian church gave a social last night at the residence of Elder Mosslek, No. 24 South Fifth street. There were about sixty persons in attendance, and all were agreeably entertained. Miss Jessup gave a well-delivered recitation, and the fine repast was much relished.

AND STILL THEY COME. — Overcoats again. Kohn's New York buyer sent him by yesterday's express a fine lot of all-wool overcoats, which he closed out, and are for sale by Kohn for $10 each. They are regular world-beaters. Corner Second and Morrison.

STILL AT LARGE.—First Sergeant Ambrose E. Holden, of the Fourteenth regiment, who was placed under arrest January 6, has not yet been captured. On January 14 six sergeants from the Vancouver barracks were hunting for him on horseback.

CORRECTION.—THE OREGONIAN of yesterday in mentioning the improvements now being made at Highland should have read: "It is noticed a large force of carpenters are at work on a fine *store* building on Highland for Haight & Bonnor." The types made it read "*stone* building," instead of "store." The gentlemen will arrange a fine, commodious branch real estate office there for the sale of lots in Highland, Macgly Highland and contiguous properties. Their office is 1½ Washington street.

COST ESTIMATED.—In a dispatch from Washington yesterday, it was stated that the report of the commission on obstructions in the Columbia at The Dalles estimated the cost of a single track railroad around The Dalles would be $43,800. Major Handbury, U. S. engineer, who prepared the specifications, says a figure must have been dropped off the wire, as the cost of such a road was estimated at over $431,000.

PEDDLING WITHOUT A LICENSE.—Wong Sing, an unsophisticated Chinaman, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Officer Mott on the corner of Fourth and Mill streets. Wong Sing's only crime was that he peddled vegetables without first having fortified himself with the necessary city license, and for this little bit of impropriety he will have to answer in the police court this afternoon.

INTERESTING MEETINGS.—The gospel services now being held in the First Baptist church, on the corner of Fourth and Alder streets, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Dr Gordon, are highly interesting in interest and attendance. Quite a number have manifested a desire to join the church, and the good work goes on. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

BUILDING A STABLE.—A two-story frame stable is being built at the southeast corner of North Third and C streets, to be occupied by J. H. E. Cramer. The building occupied by him at the corner of Third and Ash is to be torn down, the owner of the property, Mr. E. H. Thompson, intending to erect a more pretentious structure thereupon.

SOMETHING NEW WITH LADIES.—Mr. T. W. Mellis has finally determined to remain in Portland and engage in the ladies' cloak and suit business. Mr. Mellis goes to San Francisco Saturday to secure fashionable supplies and the most skilled workmen. He will open in Portland at which time those desiring stylish outfits will find contentment.

EAGLE.—Those men's suits made to order at $17 50 each by J. Schilling & Co., good fit guaranteed, are worth $25, and only having bought a sample line of cheviots and cassimeres at half value will allow them to make them at these figures. Secure choice selections. Their remnants of dress goods are also marked at half price this week.

SHOULD BE LOOKED AFTER.—There is a hole through the Tenth street bridge which needs looking after. A boy broke through there yesterday and kept right along through the rain and into the mud. He was pried out with a piece of plank. The water is all right, and will heal up, but the bridge must be attended to.

TO OPEN A NEW HOUSE.—Messrs. H. Delano and W. F. Breedenstein propose to open here in a short time a jobbers commission and auction house. For want of such an institution here as many thousand dollars' worth of goods leave within a short time been sent to St. Paul and San Francisco to be auctioned off.

A LITTLE TOO RAPID.—Mr. K. J. McQuarrie, formerly with Corbitt & Macleay, and Frank DeWitt, both of whom have been in business at Spokane Falls for some time past, have returned to Portland to stay. These lively, booming towns are too rapid for young men who have been acclimated in Portland.

FIRST RAILS LAID.—The first rails for the street car track across the railroad bridge were laid yesterday. They are placed on one and one-half inch sandsills, and the second floor of the roadway will be laid with three inch plank as soon as the under floor has received a coating of coal tar.

THIRD OF UNCLE SAM.—Three prisoners in the charge of a senile corporal left for Vancouver yesterday evening on the 5:15 boat. They deserted from Fort Townsend some time ago and were being taken over to the Barracks to stand trial before the court-martial of the Fourteenth regiment.

THE EGG NOT BROKEN.—A farmer's team left standing on Second street yesterday, ran away down Alder at a rattling pace. As they turned up Front street they fell, and were secured. A box of eggs in the wagon was uninjured, but one of the animals was severely cut on the ankle.

OVERCOATS WITH FUR COLLAR AND CUFFS.—Very fine line at Kohn's, corner Second and Morrison streets.

NEW SAVINGS BANK.

The Savings Bank of the Portland Trust Company of Oregon is conducted upon a safe and conservative basis. It is kept open during the usual banking hours of each business day, and also on Saturday nights from 6 to 8 o'clock. Clerks, mechanics, salesladies and all others are invited to call and learn rates of interest and other particulars. Office, 69 Third street.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures Consumption. Skidmore & Co., druggists.

A. FELDENHEIMER, Leading Jeweler.
LARGEST STOCK OF
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry
IN THE NORTHWEST.
Jewelry of All Descriptions Manufactured to Order.
COUNTRY TRADE SOLICITED.
A. FELDENHEIMER,
Corner First and Morrison Sts., Portland, Or.

BECK, THE JEWELER,
Front and Morrison,
Opposite Rimond and St. Charles Hotels.
Headquarters for All American Watches.

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES!
FOR SALE, consisting of Gold and Silver American Watches, Diamonds, Guns, Pistols and Musical Instruments, UNCLE MYERS, the Great Oregon Money Lender, 168 First st. Private entrance north hallway.

[illegible]
82 First St., Portland, Or.,
OFFER
[illegible]
LONDON DYE,
GUARANTEED.
Made up to order in any style of garment. Good fit warranted. Full stock of Ready-made Furs, such as Seal Sacques, Wraps, English Walking Jackets, Fur-lined Circulars, Pelerines, Boas, Muffs, Ladies' Caps and Bonnets, Misses' and Gentlemen's Furs. Rugs and Robes, Trimmings, all of which we offer at
LOW PRICES.

Moore
CRAYON ARTIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER,
SUCCESSOR TO
Abel & Son
29 Washington St., Portland, Or.
Duplicate Copies of Abel Fine Negatives supplied at Greatly REDUCED RATES.

A Trip to the Tropical Sandwich Islands
Can be made via San Francisco within four weeks. Steamers of the Oceanic Steamship Company, models of marine architecture, sail twice a month.
Special Excursion Tickets, good for three months, at reduced rates.
Apply to G. B. TAYLOR, Ticket Agent, Union Ticket Office, First and Oak streets. 11ef

[illegible] CRESCENT GOLD FILLER
Teeth $10 & $15 per Set.
No Pain—No Bad Effects.
Breathe vitalized air for painless extraction of teeth. Filling from $1 up. Consultation free. DR. E. B. FRENCH, Dentist, room 7, Union Block, First street entrance.
DR. F. W. PRAHN,
Room 54, Union Block, Stark street.
Dr. E. C. Brown, Diseases of the Throat and Ear, No. 253 Yamhill

[illegible]
An exceptionally large and good line of the Latest Styles in
MONTENACS,
BEAVERS,
CHINCHILLAS,
MELTONS,
WIDE-WALES,
KERSEYS,
ULSTER and CAPE OVERCOATS
FOR
Men, Youths, Boys and Children.
JOB LOT OF
Blue Army Overcoats
AT $8.00!
EXCEPTIONALLY FINE LINES
OF
[illegible]
Full Dress Prince Albert,
3-Button Cutaway
and Sacks.
[illegible]
We carry the stock and are doing the business. Natural Wool, Gray, All-Wool Vienna, Heavy All-Wool White, at $3 and $3.50 per suit.
We are Sole Agents for the Famous
Chest Shield Shirts,
AND
Double-Seated Drawers
In All Colors and of Pure Wool and Heavy,
$5 per Suit.
[illegible]
The Leading Clothier, Merchant Tailor and Hatter of the Northwest,
135 FIRST STREET, COR. ALDER.

[illegible]

One Price to [illegible]
SOLE AGENCY MME. DEMOREST'S RELIABLE PATTERNS

Priestley's Silk Warp Henriettas
Are the most *thoroughly reliable goods in the market.* They are made of the finest silk and best Australian wool. You can easily distinguish them by their softness and beauty and regularity of finish. They are always the same in *quality, weight, width* and *shade,* thus enabling you to match any piece, and are dyed in two standards of black. None genuine unless rolled on the "*Varnished Board,*" showing the grain of the wood, which is the Priestley Trade-Mark.

[illegible]
A
[illegible]
SALE
SECOND WEEK.
Our patrons will do well to watch our "Special Features," as we shall announce some very attractive bargains.
Special Features for This Week.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Special Features FOR All the Week.
We will sell several very attractive lines of Misses' Shoes, ranging in value from $1.75 to $2 per pair, for THE NOMINAL PRICE OF $1.25 PER PAIR.
Sizes 11 to 2.
Kid with Spring Heel for $1.25 per pair.
Kid with Heel.....for 1.25 per pair.
Goat with Spring Heel for 1.25 per pair.
Goat with Heel.....for 1.25 per pair.
Glove Calf with Heel..for 1.25 per pair.
Pebble Goat, High Cut for 1.25 per pair.

MISSES' SHOES
Special Features FOR All the Week.
Now is the time to Shoe the Little Ones. Children's Shoes were never so cheap.
Sizes 5 to 10½.
Pebble Goat, plain or tipped toe, for 85c per pair
Pebble Grain, plain or tipped toe, for 85c per pair
Glove Calf.....plain or tipped toe, for 85c per pair
Kid.....plain or tipped toe, for 85c per pair
Any of the above with Heel or Spring Heel.

Children's Shoes.

NOTION DEPARTMENT.

Special Features FOR All the Week.
Adamantine Pins..... 1c pr paper—Regular price 5c
Elastic Garter Web... 3c per yard—Regular price 10c
Hair Pins..... 3c per box—Regular price 10c
Dress Buttons..... 5c per doz.—Regular price 20c
Dressing Combs..... 5c each—Regular price 10c
Round Combs..... 5c each—Regular price 10c
Fine Combs..... 5c each—Regular price 10c
Silvered Shawl Pins.. 10c each—Regular price 25c
Breast Pins..... 10c each—Regular price 25c
Purses..... 21c each—Regular price 50c
Purses..... 53c each—Regular price $1
Linen Thread..... 6c per spool—Regular price 10c
Sheet Wadding..... 1c per sheet—Regular price 5c
Goff's Braid..... 5c each—Regular price 8c
Colored Spool Silk.... 5c per spool—Regular price 10c

FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Special Features FOR All the Week.
24 yards Pillow-Case Lace for 50c.
12 yards Crochet Lace for 15c.
Ladies' Linen Collars for 7c.
Ladies' Linen Cuffs for 7c.
Ladies' All-Wool Hose, 19c per pair.
Misses' All-Wool Hose, 15c per pair.
Great Slaughter This Week in Fine Embroideries and Laces.
OUR 75c SYLPH CORSET.....for 40c
OUR $5 BRAIDED JERSEY.....for $3.50 each
OUR $3.50 LADIES' SILK HOSE..for $1.98 per pair

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Special Features FOR All the Week.
Our $1.75 Broadcloths for 85c.
Our $1 Assabet Ladies' Cloth for 65c.
Our 65c Groveland Ladies' Cloth for 45c.
Our 25c Double-width Suitings for 15c.
Our $2 Adelaide Colored Gros Grain Dress Silk for $1.

Store Closes at 7 P. M., sharp.
[illegible]
200, 202, 204, 206 First St., 6 and 8 Taylor St.

This week among the many attractive features of our great ANNUAL SALE may be mentioned the following:
12 Styles of Corsets : : : at 79c a Pair
3 Lines of Ladies' Kid Gloves : at 77c a Pair
Ladies' Pure Linen Collars : at 5c Each
All-Wool Suitings, 1¼ Yds. wide, at 50c per Yd
As these rates are less than ONE-HALF the regular prices of these goods they will move rapidly, therefore make your selections early.
[illegible]
FIRST AND TAYLOR STREETS.

140 FIRST STREET.
BROWNSVILLE WOOLEN MILLS
GREAT

TUESDAY'S SUICIDE.

Protracted Suicidal Vacillation Ended by Mar Instantaneous Use of Pistol.

Inquest Held Over the Body of John Schmidt Found With the Top of His Head Blown Off Tuesday.

—Or that the everlasting had not fixed
His canon 'gainst self-slaughter.—*Hamlet*

The remains of the man who committed suicide by blowing off the top of his head Tuesday afternoon, still lie at the morgue. Quite a number, actuated by morbid curiosity, viewed the body during the forenoon yesterday and all went away sickened at the ghastly sight.

Among those who called were some of the friends of the deceased and through them some additional information was received regarding the man

THE CORONER'S INQUEST

At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon a coroner's jury was empaneled and an inquest was held over the remains of the unfortunate man After first viewing the body and examining the horrible mutilation of the man the jury retired to the jury room above and at once began examining witnesses The first witness sworn was

HENRY SCHAEFER.

He stated that he had known the deceased for several months "His name is John Schmidt. He is about 38 years of age, and unmarried The deceased had worked for Mr. Scheidecker for quite a while but at the time of his death he was employed by C Beal The deceased had been rather melancholy, and perhaps depressed, by the loss of a trunk. It is my opinion that he committed the act through homesickness"

MR. C BEAL

Next testified "The deceased came to work at the Catholic cemetery, together with several other men, in the early part of the summer, and continued to do so until late in the fall. He was the last one to quit work. I made a proposition to him that he could remain at my house during the winter and work for his board After considering the matter for some time he finally accepted my proposition. He came to my house several weeks ago, and has since conducted himself as a sober and hardworking man. I have never known him to be addicted to drink. On the day of the suicide my wife came to my office after me. When we returned home, Busch (one of our boarders) came running out telling me that he believed John had killed himself. I rushed into the house and up to his room thinking perhaps that he had taken poison but when I opened the door I was startled to see him lying on the floor in a pool of blood. He was lying on the floor with his face up. The bed had not been disturbed, and everything indicated that the deed had been committed with the utmost preparation Near him was an old Winchester rifle which had been left in the house by another boarder. Wellooked-second floor, and the ceiling in the room, and then came to the conclusion that the rifle had been loaded with wafer The deceased was not in the best of spirits and I looked upon him as a sick man He was always reticent, and never said a word to indicate that he contemplated taking his life."

Mrs. Beal's testimony was substantially the same as that of her husband. She knew of no cause for his committing suicide beyond the fact that he imagined that his disease was incurable

NICOLAS BUSCH

The last witness examined, testified that the deceased had been suffering from a disease contracted while in military service in the old country. He was afflicted with this ailment for thirty-past eight years and has at times suffered a great deal

THE VERDICT

The coroner's jury consisting of Messrs R. Hendrie, R D Neeburn H Bories A Haney, George Tuttle and A A Ritchie returned a verdict that John Schmidt, a native of Bohemia, about 38 years of age and single came to his death on the 15th of January, 1889 at the residence of C Beal from a gunshot wound in the head, inflicted by his own hands with suicidal intent

Friends of the deceased are of the opinion that he has some money put away in a bank in this city His trunk of which he had in directly spoken on several occasions is missing, and it appears that he was caused considerable worry and uneasiness by that Whether it is lost or taken away from him by some foul means is not known

On his person nothing was found but a letter from Bozen Austria written in German by his nephew The letter is addressed to "Dear Uncle" and tells of the great joy there would be if he (the deceased) could find it convenient to make them a visit

The funeral will take place at Holman & DeLin's at 2 o'clock this afternoon and the remains will be interred in Mount Calvary cemetery

NEW PARK THEATER

The stock company headed by Annie Firmin and John Jack appeared before another appreciative audience last evening in the nautical melodrama "Crystal Cross From the applause which greeted the climaxes, especially the life-saving scene in the first act the audience seemed to thoroughly enjoy the play

Annie Firmin as Crystal did a most effective piece of emotional work and John Jack's Jerry was true to nature, though he is inclined to be a little too robust in action The remainder of the company was good

"Crystal Cross" for the remainder of the week, and at the matinee

AT LYONSVILLE.

A Rapidly Growing Town on the Eastward Line of the Oregon Pacific

Albany Herald

Mr. F. C. Lyons, of Lyonsville a new and thriving town on the eastward line of the Oregon Pacific railroad, is in the city He states that a two-story hotel is being built there by Mr. Walker, also that about six teen carpenters are busily engaged on other new buildings A two-story general merchandise store is being built and a jewelry store established there Daily trains Mr Lyons states, will be run as far east as Lyons ville and whenever necessity demands it freight trains will be run still further eastward The country along the line of the Oregon Pacific abounds in wonderful resources, which are rapidly being developed Several saw mills have been established to operate upon the magnificent timber adjacent to the road, and other saw mills are soon to be built

WASHINGTON TERRITORY NOTES

A Mr. Stokes, from Canada is in Spokane Falls ready to take the necessary steps toward establishing a woolen mill in that city If the citizens are ready to subscribe for a percentage of the stock

There is a movement on foot in Cheney to organize a mercantile and milling company with a capital stock of $40,000 for the purpose of carrying a complete stock of general merchandise, and also to build a full roller process flouring mill with a capacity of 100 barrels per day A sufficient number of Cheney's representative men are interested to insure the success of the enterprise

Says the Chehalis *Vidette* S Livingston lately from Kansas is contemplating the erection of a furniture and box factory, just above Emery Mack & Wood's mill on the Wishkah A proposition has been made to him by Samuel Benn and James Stewart to deed him a piece of land with a two acre frontage on the river if he will agree to expend $10 000 during 1889 in the erection of works there and $20000 more before the close of 1891

The schooner Emma Claudina, trying to get into Gray's harbor is now perched on the highest part of Humptulips spit. Neither the schooner or the captain had ever been in Gray's harbor before and sailing over the bar Sunday, being in strange waters cast the heaviest anchor at the red buoy and as a heavy swell was rolling he parted the cable and was, carried backward towards the Humptulips spit and before she could be checked she had drifted in to shallow water where she began thumping and it being on the very top of a high tide she was alone stopped by the most prominent part of that spit. When the tide had run out she was found to be half a mile from water.

Take the Northern Pacific Railroad for all points East The only during car route from Portland Office, No 2 Washington street.

AN ENJOYABLE ENTERTAINMENT.

Very Pleasant Social Gathering at the G. U. W. Hall Last Evening.

Last Friday evening Sparta Lodge No. 31, A. O. U. W., gave a social entertainment at A. O. U. W. Hall. The large hall was crowded to its capacity by the members of the order and invited guests The programme of exercises was excellent and enjoyed by all

P. M. W. C. A. Wheeler was called upon and made an interesting address in which the purposes aims and miss on of the order were briefly, but clearly presented He gave abundant reasons to show the good work being accomplished by the order

Mr. Wheeler then gave some statistics in which it was shown that the order which originated in the mind of Edward Rycheurch, the founder of the order in the year 1868—started with but fourteen members—had became an organization numbering over 250,000 members and representing an insurance of $250 000 upon its membership

At the conclusion of the programme the floor was cleared for dancing which terminated at midnight, after which all repaired to a restaurant, where an excellent supper had been prepared by the lodges to which ample justice was done by the two hundred invited guests

THE ROUTE ALONG THE RIVER.

The Wreckage of the Yaquina Bay on Pope's Dock—The Bement Expected Daily

The United States lighthouse tender Manzanita is now in port As soon as she receives the large rock sinks which are to be used in keeping the spar buoys in place at the mouth of the Columbia, she will probably have her orders gverother On her way down two large buoys will be left at the mouth of the Willamette Through courtesy of Mr Gregory, the first mate, an OREGONIAN reporter was shown all over the handsome craft yesterday afternoon and her work explained She has at present more sea coast territory to look after than any other United States tender owned by the government. She has under her jurisdiction all the rivers harbors and bays in Oregon and Washington territory besides the entire coast of Alaska The way every available space is utilized, and the cleanliness of all her apartments, including the brightness of her machinery and the perfect order of her equipments only shows the thoroughness with which she is manned

The Yaquina Bay is now being broken up where she foundered Yesterday two car loads of material arrived at Portland and is now under the supervision of Henry Hewett English Lloyd's agent Her machinery will soon be taken out and then immediately be sent to Mr Hewett to be sold with the rest The articles now lying at Pope's wharf are all in good condition especially the piano saloon chairs mattresses cushions and the steward's outht

The Ariadne, a British bark, commences to load with flour today and as soon as her cargo is completed she will sail for Falmouth for orders Upon her passage to this port, and while off San Francisco, she passed through a heavy gale This was the 12th of December last and the time she spoke the Clarence B Bement

The iron ship C S Bement chartered by Sutton & Beebe was spoken by a ship which has since arrived in San Francisco received her cargo and sailed The Bement has a general cargo She has been out 150 days

The American ship J W Marr was expected to go out last night from Astoria at 6 o clock She has on 1815 tons of cargo and will sail directly to Falmouth for orders

The British ship Brenhilda is now unloading part of her coal at Ashton and will bring the rest to Portland

The C S Hall ere 165 days out is expected daily She has a general cargo

The Æthelbert, a British bark loaded at Victoria is clear of her coal

The St te of California came in last night

NOTES FROM ASTORIA

Several Notes of Interest to the Puget Sound From the Astoria Paper

Astoria

C S Cunderson of J. McVicker and Eric John on were granted licenses as bar pilots by the Washington territory pilot commissioners at their regular meeting at Tlwaco last Monday

During the last campaign it was said that the whole system of national prosperity revolved itself into the following Two men for one job bad times Two jobs for one man good times At present it appears to be two jobs for one man But it is probable that a little later in the year there will be no such scarcity of men as at present appears to exist.

When the Mountain Queen was just above Tongue Point Saturday night about half-past 7 the pilot and others observed a light apparently a little larger than an electric light rise from the surface of the water in Young's bay coming in a strange waters cast the heaviest anchor at the red buoy and as a heavy swell was rolling he parted the cable and was, carried backward towards the Humptulips spit and before she could be checked she had drifted in to shallow water where she began thumping and it being on the very top of a high tide she was alone stopped by the most prominent part of that spit. When the tide had run out she was found to be half a mile from water.

Monday morning at an early hour Jailer Curran heard a little noise like something scratching inside the jail Examination a little later in the cell which William Johnson was occupying showed that he had burrowed in the jail floor under the wall and had a hole communicating with the outside freedom almost large enough to admit of his escape Several who examined the hole said it was full of suggestions on economy Sheriff Smidt put Johnson in a tank for safe keeping

There is considerable stir here in canning preparations for the coming season both for the Columbia river and Alaska canneries Already ninteen have been secured and contracts signed for 1889 in Alaska on the basis of free transportation to and from the cannery subsistence while there $50 a month and a cent for each red salmon caught It is said that on the river an equivalent to a little more than the figures recently set by the Columbia River Fishermen's Protective Union is being promised as some are offering their boats rent free while it is even stated that in some instances board is included in the agreement

At the meeting of the Astoria Chamber of Commerce held Monday evening the president and secretary were instructed to draft and forward to our representative in congress a memorial asking an appropriation of $100 000 to build and equip an additional lighthouse tender for this district. Also to recommend to the lighthouse board the construction of a telegraph, to connect with the lighthouse on Tillamook rock The committee to whom was referred the communication of the president of the commission appointed to select a location for a naval yard on the Northwest coast, made report and were granted further time to finish their labors with instructions to make final report on next Monday evening Mr James W Welch introduced a resolution in reference to the present bar pilotage system It was referred to a special committee to report on next Monday evening The chamber then proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year resulting as follows J Q A Bowlby president I W A Talbot vice president E C Holden secretary M C Crosby treasurer, M C Crosby W W Parker, S Van Duzen executive committe

G A R. Convention

Phoenix Arizona Jan 15—The department encampment of the G A R of Arizona convened here to day six out of seven posts of Arizona being represented.

A New Discovery

Munich Jan 15—Dr Kruss a chemist has succeeded in decomposing cobalt and nickel both hitherto supposed to be elementary substances

Death of an American

Paris, Jan 15—Mr Hosmas an American well known in Parisian society died to day from heart affection

A Steamer Sunk.

Singapore, Jan 15—The steamer Physpe Kot was sunk in a collision and forty-two persons drowned

Dion Bouncicault's Wife Divorced.

London Jan 15.—Dion Bouncault's wife (Agnes Robertson) has been granted a divorce.

THE WHEEL AND WHEELMEN.

Various Notes About the Knights of the Silent Steed.

A Chat With the Secretary of the Oregon Bicycle Club—Extract From the Rule of Government—Etc

Yesterday evening a reporter in quest of bicycle news ran across B. E. Miller the secretary of the Oregon Bicycle Club and the latter, upon being interviewed, among other things said

The organization of the club in this city has just been completed. We have at present a membership of between thirty and forty active members and we are in very good circumstances financially as we have about $400 in the treasury We also have considerable property and we have open 1000 shares at $1 a share We expect by the end of this week to have nearly all the stock subscribed"

'What is the object of the club?'

The object of the club of course, is to promote the interests of wheelmen, and to make them as proficient as possible The members now coming in are a better class than we have ever had before You can look over our list and find a great many professional men such as physicians, dentists lawyers and merchants'

Have you a track of your own?

'No, but we expect to have one in the near future If we find a suitable place we will buy it for that purpose We have been trying to get the old pavilion for a long time It would do us very well as three minutes and five seconds have even been made there among the posts and other obstacles. I think we will probably get a piece of land on the outskirts of the city A block will be enough for both the club house and track We have the best amateurs in Oregon, and feel especially proud of Dr Newcastle, who has ridden all over the state and who has never been defeated He stands ready to accept any challenge'

'From any body'

"No of course not. We are non professionals As there is a great deal of prejudice against the society, I will read you the following extract from our by laws'

The league recognizes as athletic exercises all those sports under the jurisdiction of the National Association of Amateur Athletics of America, including running, walking, jumping, pole bending, putting the shot, throwing the shot, throwing the hammer, throwing the weights, tug of war and rowing, boxing, sparring, lacrosse, polo, roller and ice skating.

Mr. Miller then handed to the reporter these rules of government, which are strictly enforced

In passing a horse, riders should not separate but should all pass on the same side, following the leader

A lead horse should always be passed on the same side as the man who is leading him

Before overtaking a vehicle or horseman it is well to give some sort of warning not to shout, the intention of which may be misinterpreted and give offense. Ringing the bell, or a word to your companion will suffice to attract the necessary attention

The ground in front of a horse should never be touched until the bicyclist is at least ten yards ahead of him

If a horse on meeting a bicycle should show signs of restiveness, it is not always wise to dismount at once To dismount may be more likely to frighten a horse than to continue riding slowly by, speaking to the horse as you do so but the leader should order a dismount at his discretion, and, if followed in case the horse does should invariably do so at any signal or request of the driver or horseman

Foot passengers on the road should not be need lessly shunted out, but should always be given a good wide berth.

In company riding, the leader on passing any one (whether riding, driving or walking) should announce that others are to follow close after and the rear man should in the same way signify that all have passed

Riding on the sidewalk where contrary to city ordinance, should not be indulged in

It would seem from the above rules that every precaution is taken to guard against accidents The society will no doubt do as it intends to create a healthy rivalry in every respect

The present officers are Dr C C New castle president W G Goodrich vice-president Dr D J Miller secretary Abe Abrahamson a non-resident member has become a professional

THE LESS SAID THE BETTER

NORTH YAKIMA Jan 13

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

Ley I D Driver like Byron awoke one morning and found himself famous Mr Moody traveled a long way to hunt his doubts dispelled by an East Lynne interpretor whose congregation evidently have been entertaining a philosopher unawares In his remarkable answers to the evangelist's six Biblical questions Mr Driver left out one thing which to my mind mars the completeness of his argument on miracles and leaves a stumbling block in the way of honest inquirers that for years has been a thwart the path of Christianity The treatment of the question of miracles by Mr Driver should have been broad enough to give the true position of Jesus in these things which he performed out of divine compassion and not for the purpose as modern policy goes, of making proselytes The recorded miracles of Christ were done in a covert manner saving all with show and the people relieved by his overcoming nature were the most instances cautioned against publishing, the Master's superhuman power When the pulpit ceases perverting the miracles of the Nazarene seeking to make converts by them the pews will be filled by thinkers for like his example on this subject the less said about miracles the better

J B

More Arms for Hayti

New York Jan 15—The steamer Saginaw sailed to-day for Samoa San Domingo City Turk's island and Puerto It was admitted that she carried sixty cases of rifles and 200 000 cartridges consigned to parties in Samana Haytian Minister Preston requested Collector Magone to prevent the shipment but that official claimed he had no jurisdiction

Flurry on the Produce Exchange

New York Jan 16—There was a big flurry on the produce exchange to-day caused by a cablegram from Antwerp announcing the failure of the big grain firm of De Bruson & Co The market broke 1½ cts May went to $1 00¾ but recovered and advanced ¾ cents above yesterday

The Kansas County Seat Feud

Topika Kan Jan 15—General Meyers reports to the governor that there is still a very serious state of affairs at Cimarron Gray county He says the presence of troops is the only thing that prevents trouble between the people of Cimarron and Ingalls

Bonds to be Recognized

Mexico (via Galveston), Jan 15—A syndicate has been formed in Philadelphia to secure recognition of the so called Carbajal bonds of which $12 000 000 worth are in existence The secretary of the interior says these bonds will not be recognized

A Military Expedition in Disguise

London Jan 15—The Cossack colonists who desire to make a landing at Obock, Abyssinia are declared to be in reality a military expedition under command of the notorious Atchinoff Hence the land was not allowed to land

The Persecution Continues

Dublin Jan 15—Kelly, of the National League association was arrested at Lurgan to-day Father McFadden was served with a summons at the same place for inciting tenants to adopt a plan of campaign

Expressed His Regret

Berlin Jan 15—While on a shooting excursion to-day the emperor having by accident slightly wounded a citizen of Berlin who was looking at the sport expressed his deep regret for the occurrence

Two Boys Drowned

Chicago Jan 15—Two small boys—Sidney Watson and Joseph Harper—while playing in the harbor to day broke through the ice and were drowned

Semi-Annual Dividend

New York Jan 1—The directors of the Central Pacific Railroad Company to day declared a semi annual dividend of 1 per cent,

Murdered His Mistress and Cut His Throat.

Sioux City, Ia, Jan 15—Henry Gillespie colored last evening murdered his white mistress and then cut his own throat.

For lame back also or about, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster Price 25 cents Skidmore & Co druggists

FAILURE OF THE SALMON TRADE.

The Columbia Canning Company, of Seattle, Files an Assignment.

Salmon canners for the past two years have been reported to have all made fabulous profits, but from the following, taken from the Seattle *Post-Intelligencer* they some times fail

The Columbia Canning Company, of Seattle, by its president W B Parker, yesterday filed a petition of insolvency for the benefit of its creditors The company's liabilities aggregate $6091 61, and the assets consist of the canning plant, office furniture and fixtures, and several small book accounts Two attachments had been filed against the company, one by the Seattle Lumber and Commercial Company for $991, and the other by the Pacific Metal Works for $150, and several other creditors had threatened to do so The heaviest losers will be the Seattle Lumber and Commercial Company Pacific Metal Works and the Schmidt Label and Lithographing Company of San Francisco Hoyt Bros & Co have a lien upon the machinery for nearly $1700 It had been bought from them upon contract

The company made a specialty of canning and packing salmon and other fish and was considered in a flourishing condition

BEN AND LEVI WERE ELECTED.

Meeting of the Oregon Presidential Electors at Salem—The Full Official Proceedings

The following are the complete official proceedings of the electoral college of the state of Oregon, which was held at Salem, Monday January 14

C W Fulton, of Clatsop county, Robert McLean of Klamath county, and William Kapus, of Multnomah county, each of whom had been duly elected by the state of Oregon elector of president of the United States of America and vice president of the United States of America, met at the city of Salem Or the same being the state capital and the seat of government of said state at 12 o clock noon on the second Monday in January A. D 1889 and after each elector had exhibited his certificate of election from the governor of the state of Oregon, perfected a permanent organization by the election of Elector William Kapus as president and Elector Robert McLean as secretary

The electors then proceeded to cast their votes for the office of president of the United States with the following result

Elector William Kapus vote for Benjamin Harrison of Indiana

Elector Robert McLean voted for Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana

Elector C W Fulton voted for Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana

The electors then went into an election of messenger to carry one copy of the certificate of the votes cast for president and vice-president of the United states to the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, the same being the capital, and seat of government of the United States, and deliver the same to the president of the United States senate which election resulted in favor of C W Fulton who was declared duly elected

Mr William Kapus was then instructed to deliver one copy of the certificate of the votes cast for president and vice president of the United States to the judge of the district court of the United States for the district of Oregon

Mr Robert McLean was then instructed to mail it to the United States postoffice in the city of Salem, in the state of Oregon one copy of the certificate of the votes cast for president and vice president of the United States to the president of the United States senate at the city of Washington in the District of Columbia

On motion of Elector Fulton the secretary was ordered to prepare the records of these proceedings in triplicate and that one copy thereof be inclosed with each of the certificates

No further business appearing the electoral college of the state of Oregon adjourned sine die WM KAPUS Presidents

Robert McLEAN, Secretary

OREGON WHEAT NEEDED

The following letter was received by the Oregon Immigration Board of this city, and explains itself

COLUMBIA C., Jan. 16

To the Oregon Immigration Board Portland, Or *Gentlemen*—Last year during our centennial you had an agent here with a display of cereals. When he left we left based of him some white wheat that was very plump and of fine color The doctors are recommending it here for diet for certain diseases and we are in need of some and we were thinking if we could get it at such a price that it would justify shipping a few sacks from there we would do so

If you have furnished us price and samples as above If not you will oblige us by handing this to some responsible party who may know where we can procure truly

A W L TOOT

GATHERED PARAGRAPHS

At Pittsburg Pa last week a woman asked the agent of the Anti Cruelty Society to help her get redress in the courts from a man who has exercised mesmeric influence over her for the past nine years and which, she alleges, is gradually killing her

Probably the richest newsboy in the West is Moses Jacobs who sells papers on the streets of Des Moines Iowa He is 18 years old and has sold news papers for the last fourteen years during which time he has figured $1000 worth of real estate into his pocket

The greatest monopoly in France is that enjoyed by the Vichy Miner l Water Company It pays 80 per cent to its shareholders and only 20 per cent to the state from which it secures the original grant of the mineral springs Shares of the company which were originally 500 francs are now 4400 francs

"He was a man" feelingly observed an Illinois paper in alluding to a absconding embezzler who possessed the good will of everybody in the establishment where he had been so long employed and when he went with it was discovered that he had taken about everything in the establishment with him except the good will

The New York Exchange for Women's Work began ten years ago with thirty articles for sale Last year the returns in the cake and preserve department alone were $11 000 The exchange sells for women now more than half a million dollars worth of things made by them The quality of work received has improved so that a much larger proportion is salable than formerly

When the late Professor Paley the eminent Cambridge scholar and grandson of the author of the "Evidences of Christianity" was expected to stand a Cambridge examination side work, the paper handed in consisted simply in the following For answers to these questions see Tales of My Grandfather" The sprightly wit of the lively undergraduate did not fit is said save him from the ignominy of being plucked

In a recent lecture Mr William Blaikie author of How to Get Strong" contrasted Thomas A Edison and John Ericsson both inventors the one 42 years of age the other just double that age Edison never takes any exercise and breathes comparatively little fresh air Ericsson has a gymnasium fitted up in his house, and takes regular exercise every day Edison is almost totally deaf in one of face, and stoops Ericsson has all his organs in their early perfection is ruddy of face, and sat right as an arrow

Mr. Keely now explains in speaking of the set on of his motor that by means of negatived axial centres of atomic envelopes the projectile rays of neutral ozone may be collected and caused to oscillate as it were in reciprocal sympathy with the atomic envelopes themselves and they become fully sensitized and a reaction occurs when in an instant the seventh chord of the mass associated with the luminous flow unites with the pulsatory condition of the diatomic register and a complete sympathetic equation is established" Is there any person in the congregation, we ask, so thick-headed that he cannot understand the above and perfectly reasonable explanation

What is more beneficial
Heaven sends down her choicest gifts
Blessings on the heads of mankind
SOZODONT the Charm confers—
She who fails to win it errs

BUSINESS ITEMS.

Wolven Wire Spring Feed, George st bakery 130½ First street. Trade supplied.

Fine Steel Engravings at wholesale prices Don't buy this paper W F Barnard 25 First st.

The Vienna.

Private dining rooms for ladies and families.

A BABY'S MOTTO.

Everybody believes in the motto of a place for everything, and everything in its place, and keeping everything in its place includes the baby. If you do not believe in baby's motto, you may be sorry for it. Baby will be sure to know their superiors when they see Dr Bull's Baby Syrup in use. It will be a blessing to our people The place where these pills can not be found for sale is well it's difficult to locate

EASTERN BANK BEAN MOB.

Two Smart Young Chaps Try the "Change Dodge," But They Fail.

Death of Mrs. Smith—Boys Caught at Their Tricks—Crowding the Work—Sales of Real Estate.

Evidently the two young men who were over here Tuesday night on a swindling expedition did not make very much. They went to a number of places and attempted to work the "change" dodge, but it did not work in any case, as far as heard from They went to a number of places, and among them Logan's drug store One of the men wanted ten cents worth of perfumery but was informed by Mr Logan that he did not sell in so small a quantity when the fellow said he would take two cigars These were given him and he laid down a $10 bill Mr Logan handed but the change, which was $9 99 The other man, who had said nothing up to this point, threw down ten cents and remarked that it was not necessary to change the bill as he would pay for the cigars The man who had put down the $10, now discovered that the change was short about $1 50, and demanded that it be made up Mr Logan saw through the game at once so he picked up the $10 bill and put it in the money till The men saw they were caught and one of them quietly slipped from under a piece of paper on the counter the missing change. However it came from the man's sleeve. The two then went to F B West's Fourth and N and attempted to swindle him out of $5 in the same way but they failed there as they did everywhere they went The same thing was attempted here before and the men may consider themselves lucky that they were not arrested

SHOULD BE STOPPED

The Willamette Bridge Railway Company have been annoyed a great deal by boys turning on the water from the hydrant that supplies the motor at N and Fifth The water would be turned on when no one was around and allowed to run in the street. J W Campbell watched the hydrant Tuesday and pretty soon he had three boys in his custody He concluded to let them go as they promised not to repeat the offense The next will not get off so easily, as he will cause their arrest if any more boys are caught interfering with the hydrant

DEATH OF AN OLD RESIDENTER

Mrs C N Kester who resides on the corner of Fifth and J streets, has just received the sad intelligence of the death of her mother Mrs. Smith, which occurred in Kansas on the first day of the year She was a woman 72 years of age and well known in East Portland where she resided for a number of years with her son T C Smith She has one daughter and two sons in Oregon, viz Mrs Kester and T C Smith of this place and a son at Moscow She has a brother B F Beals, also who lives at Tacoma

RECENT SALES

The Thomas place near Mount Tabor was sold to a gentleman from Cincinnati for the sum of $13,000 This gentleman and his son came out here each with return tickets, but the fine country attracted their attention and they made the purchase. The father is now in Cincinnati and the son is here, where he will remain His father will eventually make his home here The Creighton tract was also sold for $35 000 to the Boston syndicate

PUSHING THE WORK

A large force of men is at work pushing the extension of the railroad track on Water street from L to N There has been no obstruction to travel in consequence of the work as only one side of the street is torn up at a time By doing this it is not necessary to close up the street as was intended

NOTES

Two new plumber houses have been started in East Portland

It is expected that the new Methodist church in Albina will be decided upon next Sunday

A half block on the corner of Sixteenth and N owned by Mrs Captain Pillsbury and Mrs C A Coburn has been sold to Mr Mather as Liberty of Silverton

FAST PORTLAND LETTER LIST

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at East Portland Or., January 16 1889

WOMEN'S LIST

Brackett Mrs A F, Bowman Mattie, Church Hannah, Christensen Jennie, Ferdon Mable, Farley Ella, Grant Mrs Eddie, Grossman Elizabeth, Ibson Tina, Gardner Mrs Frank, Georgi Mrs Mary, Hamilton Minnie, Haskell Alice, Hayward Lucy, Johnson Emma, King Mrs M A, Miller Sophia, Morrow Mrs M, Meyer Mrs Mary, Payne Mrs Helen, Russel Lottie, Scheidler Theresa, Shiell Lila, Stillman Miss N, Sheridan Sarah, Thurman Minnie, Troup Mrs J W, Williams Mrs Evans, Williams Mrs Jos, Wells Mrs Alice

MEN'S LIST

Allen F W, Bellamy S S, Bells James A, Campbell S S, Crawford Prof, Chatterton C F, Corlett John, Coy Morton, Edwards P M, Ellis Harry, Guyer A S, Hughes C T, Holmes W H, Haines J C, Hall John C, Hart John, Hardy Geo A, Lawman Daniel, Lemon J, Levent Chas, Miller Martin, Mack J H, Mason W R, Mcdonald C F, McMillen P B, Patterson W W, Reitz Carl, Russel J T, Russell B, Stock M H, Sell Henry, Schelfler Henry, Scott Chas, Scheiffer Willie, Schoch Geo R, Spencer Capt, Speer Wm, Smith H F, Thomson W R, Wagner Peter, Wilson O E, Welch Henry, Webster E A, Young Peter

W B WELCH P M

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USE Dr HENLEY'S XL BITTERS FOR DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION SOLD BY ALL DEALERS

PILES SYMPTOMS—Moisture intense itching and stinging most at night worse by scratching It allowed to continue tumors form and protrude, which fiss bleed and ulcerate becoming very sore, SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulcerations, and is a safe and sure remedy for PILES. Dr SWAYNE'S Ointment is sold by druggists, or mailed to any address on receipt of price, 50 cts a box 3 boxes $1.25. Address letters DR SWAYNE & SON Philadelphia Pa.

COCKLE'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR LIVER, BILE INDIGESTION ETC. FREE from Mercury containing only Pure Vegetable Ingredients. Agents—LANGLEY & MICHAELS, 165 Fredrick

WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge A splendid medical work should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated Address PROF. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY Jan 16

Bradstreet's has received or soon to arrive by sailing vessels and steamers 1 car farm implements, 1 car farm implements and wagons 10 packages hardware, 52 kegs nails, 1 car hardware and 201 packages miscellaneous, 1 car hardware, 1 car paints, 1 car paints and oils, 1 car paints, 1 car paints and oils, 1 car paints, 1 car paints and oils

COMMERCIA

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 16.

Merchandise received (season to arrive by rail) 2 cars and 500 pkgs agr'l implements, 1 car farm wagons, 1 car bicycles, 100 pkgs hardware, 12 kegs nails, 1 car billiard tables, 1 car and 104 pkgs mdse, 1 car pottery, 2 pkgs jewelry, 1 car and 100 pkgs hardware, 40 cs drugs, 650 bbls lime, 350 pkgs miscellaneous, 30 pkgs domestics and millinery, 21 cs dry goods, 30 pkgs domestics and clothing, 12 cases hats and caps.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.—Past twenty-four hours: Wheat, 47,600 ctls; oats, 977 ctls; oats, 476 ctls; wheat, 2 sks; potatoes, 7465 lbs; hides, 30 pkgs; millstuffs, 202 sks; potatoes, 7465 lbs; hides, 30 pkgs; wool, 8 bales; hay, 27 tons.

WHEAT—The market is very dull, and little been the export demand is very light and there is little or no activity displayed in the trade outside of a moderate local demand. We quote —@ 40 per sack.

ONIONS—The market is dull and inactive noth ing doing beyond local trade. Quote 56@60c.

GREEN FRUITS—The market is active. Receipts for the week have been 1403 boxes. The demand for all kinds in season, especially apples, continues good. Riverside oranges are in excellent condition and selling away down. Quote, fancy, $3 and choice dairy 35c, good to fair 27½@ 30c, common 20c. Eastern butter displays no new features, prices ranging from 20@25c. Cali fornia the same.

POULTRY—The market has been strong, owing to light receipts. Chickens have sold as high as $6, but we quote $5 00@5 50. Turkeys, too, have been scarce, and have brought 19c per pound. Today we quote 16@18c. Ducks $8@10. Geese $6@7.

EGGS—The market is fairly active with light receipts, which have been for the week past 25c per dozen. We quote eggs firm at 25c.

HOPS—The receipts have been light since the first of the year. The market is weak with a tendency to still lower prices.

WOOL—The receipts for the week have been 8,764 pounds. The market is in a favorable position for growers, and an advance in prices is looked for. A Boston trade circular says Oregon wool is in steady demand and prices remain firm. The sales include 100 000 pounds eastern at 16@ 22, 10,000 pounds eastern at 20c, 10 000 pounds eastern at 16@17c, and 20,000 pounds eastern on private terms.

HIDES—Receipts for the past week have been 9,467 pounds. The market is quiet and easy.

HAY—The market displays no new phases. Receipts for the week have been 44 tons.

DRIED FRUITS—The receipts for the past week have been 876 pkgs, a decided falling off from the close of the year. We quote sun dried quartered apples @5c, factory sliced for factory plums @9c, Oregon prunes 7@9c, pears 9@10c peach s 9@10c Malagas 12½@ 15 a box, Smyrna figs 15c, California 6c per pound.

PROVISIONS—The market is weak in both Eastern and Oregon meats, and shows a slight drop all along the line. We quote Oregon meats, hams 18@19½c; breakfast bacon 17c; sides 11@12c, shoulders 10½@11c; lard 10½@11c. Eastern hams 13@13½c; breakfast bacon 12c, lard 10@11c.

THE TOMATO PACK OF 1888.

The annual report of the tomato pack of the United States and Canada is compiled by the American Grocer and shows a second era of over production. Of tomatoes there were put up last season 3,913 47 cases of two dozen tins each, or a total of 2 566 488 cans costing at the factories of production about $6 000,000, and reaching consumers at a total expense of $9,000 000.

The acreage was largely increased in all directions, but fortunately (as the result shows) the weather was favorable to the proper and full development of the crop and yet, in spite of a cold and backward season, heavy periods of rainfall in some states and long drouths in others, and early killing frosts in October the packers have got to be unusually large, reaching a total of 2,566 487 cases, against 2,01 018 cases in 1887.

The canning industry has grown rapidly in the Western and southern states in addition to reducing the demand from Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York for such goods. In a few years each section of the country bids fair to supply its wants from home canneries. The leading points of production are Maryland and Virginia credited with 1,118,783 cases; New Jersey 758 ; Delaware 227,000; New York, 197 48. Western states, 3,961 Eastern states, 3 860 Canada 3,150

It is apparent that houses for canning vegetables are multiplying faster than the demand warrants The output of corn far exceeds any previous year and a similar statement would have been made in regard to tomatoes had climatic conditions been as favorable for the tomato crop as for sweet corn.

Overproduction benefits consumers as it enables the poorest to have, at command at all seasons of the year a full line of fresh fruits and vegetables at phenomenally low prices Dr Cyrus Edson has declared that there is no more wholesome food than canned goods properly prepared. A can of corn beans, tomatoes or peas of good quality can be bought from 9 to 10 cents, and extra brands from 12 to 15 cents.

Certainly the diet of the masses has been greatly improved since the advent of canned goods which now furnish during the winter season, at reasonable cost, a much needed supply of anti scorbutic food, and it is fair to assume that to this improvement in the variety and quality of the diet is due in some degree the average increase in longevity, which is shown by the vital statistics to be about two years more than it was a generation since.

HUNGARY'S GRAIN TRADE

Writing under date of December 8 from Budapest, the special correspondent of the *Northwestern Miller* says,

The end of October and the first of November is a time in which a pause regularly occurs in the grain trade, and this year furnishes no exception to the rule. The bulk of our grain export is and has been by no means of an impetuous or feverish character, being devoid of excited and eager demand. The annual Vienna grain market left no visible traces and in Budapest business has been unusually tranquil, the state of things continuing until now. And this notwithstanding that our grain export has moved on from the beginning of the season with remarkable steadiness and will continue to do so—as far as we can judge now—as long as we have grain to sell. The extraordinary circumstances ruling this year in grain consuming and producing countries have enabled us to figure again at full capacity as an exporting country. Last year, though with a better crop, our export was somewhat limited but this year we are led by circumstances to hope that we shall be able to sell not only this crop but as well the surplus of the last one.

Last year's campaign was entirely and directly under the influence of the new extremely high duties for grain and flour in France and Germany. Those supporting the high import duties were greatly elated with their victory as events seemed to substantiate their theory, for the imports of grain and flour having been comparatively small owing to the high duties, and that without raising prices. Thus the axiom of free trade that high duties are sure to increase prices of grain the burden falling on consumers alone seemed to be disproved. This was however nothing but the natural consequence of good crops both in producing and consuming countries of Europe leaving no deficiency to be covered by a single exception to charge the situation entirely and to justify the natural logic of the free traders. The extremely long and severe winter together with the too abundant rainfall of spring and summer this year ruined much of the crops of the western countries, thus causing a diminution of yield larger than in any one of the ten years preceding. These circumstances suffered to shake the belief in the only saving doctrine of protection and to overthrow all the hopes cherished by its supporters.

As has been said, the present year was unfavorable for the crops of both consuming and producing countries. Russia's crop was somewhat belated as was also the case with that of the United States, which appeared on the market rather later than in former years. Prices, too, were so defective that the export of 1888 will no doubt fall close with a decline in the aggregate result to its theretofore by a considerable figure. Under circumstances that have not been known to exist this year with a satisfactory yield At the time when the bad weather appeared, disappointing accounts by post elsewhere our crop was largely underestimated.

This unexpected change of conditions in the crops of the world proved at once that protective tariffs are by no means of a nature to form a standard or enduring policy. Wheat prices began to rise slowly but steadily from the moment when it appeared that the consuming countries would need to import large quantities, and the high prices thus reached will scarcely be lost it is reason. Business is on a sound basis as has been proved by failure of the repeated manœuvres designed to shake them. America has had three cornering rings so far, two of which have fallen like the house of cards, leaving but slight traces. In other times such corners had for a certain time an influence on the international grain markets. Now they pass over without noticeable effect, the conditions having become too well known.

For years have Hungarian grain and flour been as much in demand for the export trade as is the case now a fact which we need not adduce figures to prove. The transportation companies, too, have so dependent on this class of trade for their prosperity are forcing the benefits particularly in the case of the Danube Navigation Company, the Austro Hungarian State railway and the Austro Levantine, the stocks of which have mounted much higher than two years ago owing entirely to the increase of the export business and the resulting prodigality of good dividends. The Hungarian State railway reports business from January 1 to October 20 as amounting to $18 648,740, against $12 489 410 in the same time last year.

Of our flour export one are sure that the chief part goes to England, where Hungarian brands are much in favor of late years. However, American flour has been a strong competitor to ours conquering more by price than by quality. This season Hungarian brands seem to have resained their former position in Great Britain as shown by English statistics for the first half of the year, according to which we have exported 1 341 658 cwts against 961 736 cwts in the same time last year and 1 119 649 cwts in 1886 even the latter record not being surpassed by far.

Last years have taught our farmers and grain dealers to be moderate and though it came hard they have learned to be satisfied with prices under $1 80 per bushel (a price which they find it still very far from) when we have seen wheat sold at $2 50 per bushel without an improved export This year it has brought $1 65@1 12 per bushel, which we must consider good prices, as the wheat could be readily sold at these rates. Our farmers are well aware that the golden time for wheat growing has passed, as that they can no longer expect fabulous prices for, though the American crippage be deficient sometimes this quantity is still able to throw such quantities on the market that exportation pays but moderately. Thus they have to be content to stand on the same basis as the American grower. The necessity of economizing themselves and favorable conditions caused farmers in general much loss, as they could not decide to sell at the unusually low prices prevailing preferring to store the grain for better times. They were obliged to pay high interest and finally to see that prices they had formerly refused. Now they unfortunately are charging the deal to gains good prices, as myself and being satisfied with that they get. With this state of things is hoped that hereafter no great stocks will be carried over from year to year. At any rate, this is not likely to occur in the present season as prices have risen in France and Germany 40 to 50 per cent, and a further rise is very probable, the winter promising to be hard which will close the cheaper transportation routes and make railroad rates higher.

Though the need is real, and foreign markets readily take our grain, we must confess that the activity of the season is perhaps mainly due to attentive observation on part of grain dealers both of the one and the other end of the world's crops. The minister of communications has done all in his power toward overcoming the difficulties of transportation and it is to be hoped that Fiume will presently be able to handle the traffic which is regularly heaped up there from September to November for want of ships. During November shipments by way of this port were very brisk 1206 cars of various products being received, as against 1913 cars at the same month last year Shipments, which were 553,000 cwts against 521 642 last year, included 243,406 cwts of flour, (about 15 000 more than last year) of which 118,964 cwts. went to England 77,348 cwts. wheat (over five times as much as in November 1887,) of which England took 79,272 cwts. and France 47,686 cwts The increase in the export is largely due to the larger number of cars on hand, as well as to better storage facilities It is hoped that this brisk business will last through the winter, prospects appearing favorable

The mills of this city are quite busy, and have been so for some time, their product selling at good prices

THE WOOL MARKET

The Boston *Wool Report*, speaking on the tone of the wool market, says

There is no change to notice in the market for wool Prices are very strong, and the quiet tone during the week was expected and is customary to the first week of the new year. Holders are not disposed to sell except at full previous prices and manufacturers are holding off at present and not buying to any extent waiting the more general opening of their heavy weight goods Undoubtedly supplies of wool are smaller than for many years throughout the country and the position of the market is a very strong one. Not many dealers anticipate a much further advance before the new clip comes on in the spring, as it is generally believed that the goods market will not warrant it The advices from foreign markets are very encouraging and help materially to sustain matters here The next series of auction sales opens at London on the 29th of the present month and about 80,000 bales will be offered. The market since the close of the last sales has ruled very firm In Marseilles there is a stock of 20,000 bales against 12 000 bales a year ago at this time, and of the bulk of the supply consists of high duty wool which is not available for the American markets Sales of 400 bales are reported there recently for fine Algerian and Moroccan wool, which sold principally at 165 francs. In Smyrna and at other points in Europe stocks are reported very light. There is considerable Gouskoi wool in New York, which is held at 18c. Stocks of carpet wool is held are very small

The Merchandise Market.

The general market outlook is dull Wheat is weak and, with the exception of the fruit market and some few other exceptions all branches of trade are dull and weak Sugars are off again 1-16c on all grades while poultry is very firm and good trading, by reason principally of light receipts Salt is very strong in San Francisco it is bringing from $7 00 more than what it is here

E Hochheimer in his last report gives the following concerning coffee Receipts from all sources during the same period of last year. The receipts during January 1 to 11 8171 bags The receipts during the same period of 1888 were 2 70 bags from Central America and 46 from other ports Our last circular was dated the 21st ultimo. None was issued on the 31st by steamer Coluna, as during that interval there was absolutely no business doing and since the latter date the urgent necessities of some dealers only get them to enter the market but their purchases were limited parcels to actual wants being led to this policy by the nearness of larger arrivals from Central America the daily fluctuations of the New York market and the uncertainty as to the immediate future of prices Within very few weeks the latter point will be more clearly defined when the last flowering of the coffee trees in Brazil will be fairly over so far, reports and estimates continue contradictory, the prevalent opinion, however, being that the next crop will be below the average and differing merely as to the extent of the shortage Hoffner is the magnitude of present crops fully determined although the majority of well informed parties incline to the belief that they will not be much above an average. This uncertainty unsettles all business and neither sellers nor buyers are inclined to operate largely Prices in this market have generally been maintained on former basis, although in some instances slight concessions were allowed—principally to close invoices. For overland shipment there is a good demand for the better grades of new crop Guatemala. The bulk of the Guatemala received by San Blas was in the shell of which very little has yet been recleaned and is therefore not ready for sale.

THE LOCAL MARKET

PICKLES—Weaker. Quote 2s, $1, 3s, $1 10.

COAL OIL—The market is firm. Quote ordinary brands 24c per gallon.

BEANS—The market is firm and shows a rise in a few instances. We quote small whites, $2 75. small whites. We quote small whites, $2 75. pink, 1½@2 25, bayos, $3, butter, 1½@2 25, limas, $4 to per cental.

SALT—The market is very firm, and gives every indication of being under complete control by the salt trust—We quote Fine Liverpool, $18, $19 and $20, stock salt, $20 50@21 50 per barrel

RICE—The situation remains unchanged The market is firm at the same quotations as last week China No 2, $4 50, Island, $5 00.

COFFEE—The market is steady and displays no new feature of interest Quote Arbuckle's roasted 23½c, Java and Costa Rica 19c Rio and Salvador 18@19c

SUGAR—The market is weak Two drops were recorded, one on the 11th and one on the 15th, making a falling off of 1-4c on all grades We quote Golden C 5½c extra C 6c, dry granulated 6¾c cube crushed and powdered 7¼c

CANNED GOODS—We quote Table fruits, 2 45 peaches 3 @3 40 Bartlett pears $2, plums $1 50 strawberries $1 60, raspberries $2 50 blackberries $2 cherries $1 50@1 60, assorted $2 assorted $2 75 per dozen The fruit 2 45 peaches $1 25@1 40 plums $1 25 blackberries $1 50 assorted $1 25@1 40 assorted $2 75 Tomatoes 1 45 $1 10@1 15 $2 $1 Salmon 1 50@1 60 string beans $1@1 10

THE MEAT MARKET

Receipts for the week. Sheep, 64 head hogs 1,7 head The market holds firm We quote

Beef—Five 3½@4c dressed 7c

Mutton—Five 5½@6½c dressed 7c

Hogs—Five, 6 @6c dressed, 7@7½c

Veal—6@6c

Lambs—4 @5 each.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK Jan 16—The stock market was moderately active to-day but it shows the effects of the recent liquidations A general bullish feeling, especially on the part of foreigners kept the market firm during the afternoon, but after a pressure of stocks for sale for both accounts knocked the entire list off materially The market closed quiet and weak, at about the lowest figures

Governments were quiet and firm

MONEY BONDS AND STOCKS

NEW YORK Jan 16—Money on call easy at 2½@3c last loan 3 Prime mercantile paper 4½@6 Sterling exchange quiet and steady sixty days $4 84½, demand, $4 88½

BONDS

U S 4s (reg)	128½	U S 4½s (coupon)	109½
U S 4s (coupon)	126½	Pacific 6s	119
U S 4½s (reg)	108¾		

STOCKS.

American Ex	109	N Y & P Preferred	60
Canada Pacific	80½	Northwestern	108
Canada Southern	52½	N Y Central	103½
Central Pacific	35	Oregon Imp	27¾
Burlington	110	Oregon R & N	78
Del & Lackawanna	139½	Transcontinental	40½
Denver & Rio Grde	16¾	Pacific Mail	36¼
Erie	29½	Reading	45½
Kansas & Texas	19¾	Rock Island	91
Lake Shore	106½	St Paul	64¾
Louisville & Nashv	55¾	Texas Pacific	20¾
Michigan Central	85	Union Pacific	44¾
Missouri Pacific	70½	U S Express	74
Northern Pacific	29¾	Western Union	84½

MONEY MARKET

London Jan 16—Consols 98 7 16 Silver bullion 46 fine ounce 47-8 Bank of England rate of discount, 4 per cent

NEW YORK, Jan 16—Sterling exchange long $4 87 sterling exchange short $4 89 U S bonds 4's 126¼ U S bonds, 4½'s 108½, silver bullion per fine ounce, 93¾

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 16—Sterling exchange sixty days, $4 85. Sterling exchange demand, $4 87½ Transfers 25 per cent premium

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS REPORT

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 16

Ophir	$ 5	Exchequer	1 35
Mexican	1 70	Belcher	1 50
G & C	2	Justice	1 10
B & B	5 87	Union	1 00
Con Cala	8 6	Challenge	4 90
Savage	3 00	N B Isle	2 60
Choller	8 70	Ney Queen	8 15
Hale & Norcross	5 20	Peer	1 40
Crown Point	5 75	Peerless	1 45
Yellow Jacket	4 85	Crocker	1 05
Belcher	8 00	German	1 45
Confidence	11 75	Alpha	2 35
Sierra Nevada	8 50	Imperial	1 30
Utah	1 95	Silver Hill	90
Bullion	1 50		

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 16—Produce receipts past 24 hours Include 100 ctls wheat, 14 000 barrels flour 1800 ctls oats, 10,400 sks potatoes —0,000 ctls barley

Freights and charters—The demand for grain tonnage is checked and charterers views are low and lower rates Miscellaneous business is fairly active and include the ship Carondolet and barks Inez & Willis taken by Portland at 35c and Seaside for Valparaiso, Br ship Antrim coal from Departure bay for San Francisco the Br bk Eugenie lumber from Puget sound to Melbourne

Wheat—There is a moderate demand from both shippers and millers but it is not all pressing and little business is doing owing to prices bid being below holders views Offerings are small Exporters bids range from 1 41½ @1 42½ per cental for No 1 shipping, $1 40 asked

Options—Dull slightly firmer Sales buyer year 1890 tons at $1 01½ 200 tons at $1 01¾ 800 tons at $1 51 buyer season $1 47⅞

Afternoon session, Dull Sales buyer year opened $1 01¾ closed $1 05¾, buyer season $1 46¾, seller year $1 36¾

Barley Steady with a fair inquiry rece pts are large Prices unchanged Feed 80c, No 1 Feed 85@90c, Brewing 1 feed 76@77½c Options Sales buyer season $1 05

Oats—Receipts during the past few days have been small favoring holders and causing a steadier tone to the market. Prices however, show no improvement owing to heavy stocks on hand Quote choice feed $1 12½@1 15, common to good $1@1 10, milling $1 15@1 17½

Milistuffs—Easy demand slow Bran $14@16 per ton, middlings $14 50@15 per ton

Potatoes—Heavy receipts have broken the market Burbanks selling for 60@75c, Garnet Chile 50 @55c Peerless 80@90c

Wool—Eastern Oregon 12@20c, valley Oregon little or none in stock The market presents a firm front but the movement is slow

Hops—Few buyers in the market and prices mostly nominal at 12@17c.

Hops—Quiet and firm.

Butter—Quiet, against sellers Fresh roll choice and fancy 22½@25c.

Eggs—Weak.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET REVIEW

SAN FRANCISCO Jan. 16—Trade has been very quiet for some days.

Cereals, as a rule, show little change from last week

Wheat is very dull and local millers are about the only buyers and shippers are doing nothing Wheat freights are also quiet and rates show an under tendency Some ships, however, have left for the coast coal trade for lumber hauling for which there is a good demand at firm rates

Oats continue to be overwhelmed with arrivals and are hard to sell at lower prices, in some cases.

Hay is easy and the best grades declined 50 cents per ton Hay is weak because the crop promises exceptionally fine.

Dairy products show considerable fluctuation Receipts of butter are in excess of the market and the price has still further declined, the market being dull and weak at the depreciation

Eggs are coming in freely from the coast and Missouri river points and are several cents per dozen lower than last week

Hogs are stagnant and quotations are wholly nominal as there is no business at any price

Wool is firm and stocks are reduced to almost nothing. Dealers think the spring clip will come on in a bare market, which is cheering information for wool men

Hide stock shows some changes Beef has weakened Veal and dogs have made slight advances Mutton is steady

Coal is coming in freely from the coast colliers and there has been a general decline of 1 per ton on Puget sound and Australian grades and in West Hartley and Scotch.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK Jan 16—Wheat had a firm opening with a fair range of values A weaker feeling set in and by noon prices gave way closing weak and 1 cent lower than yesterday Opened 86¾ for March 87½ May noon 90c bid March 87½ May closed, 88¾c Jan uary, 86 February, 87½c March $1 01¾ May, $1 06¾ June

Freights unchanged at 5d per bushel on grain per steamer to Liverpool.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW YORK Jan 16—Petroleum to-day was very dull and the quotations were confined within the range of half a cent fluctuation, was steady at 81½ and after a slight decline the market reacted to opening figures but finally receded 1-8c closing dull Sales, 2,000 bbls Almador $1 Crude $7 20 Consolidated Pennsylvania & Virginia sold $7 20 Consolidated Ohio $1 Galena & Norcross $5 20 Gould & Curry $2 10 Hale & Norcross $5 20 Homestake $12 Iron Silver $1 15 Mutual $1 40, Ontario $32 50, Plymouth $6 25 Savage $3 20, Sierra Nevada $8 50, Union Consolidated $3 15, Yellow Jacket $4 80

Sugar—Raw nominal refined, dull C 6c extra C 6 5-16c, white extra C 6 9-16@6⅝c, yellow 5 13-16@6c, off A 6 9-16c, mould A 7½c standard A 6¾c, confectioners' A 6¾c cut loaf and crushed 6¾c, powdered 6¼c granulated 7c, cubes 7 1-8c

Copper—Unsettled, heavy lake, January, $17 15 Lead—Firm and quiet domestic $3 82½

Tin—Easier straits, $21 75, plates, firm and quiet spelter, unchanged.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO Jan 16—Wheat opened strong and higher closed weak and lower Opened at 84½c January, $1 01¾ May noon, 97½c January, $1 00¾ May, closed, 84¾c January, 96c February, $1 00 May.

Wheat receipts during past twenty four hours at leading receiving points were 122,000 bushels, Shipments, 84 000 bushels

Provisions—Irregular Pork, $12 80 February), lard, $6 97½ February, ribs $6 97½ February

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET

CHICAGO, Jan 16—Cattle—Receipts 14,000 market weak and 10c lower choice to extra beeves $4 75, steers, $2 90@4 75, stockers and feeders, $2 10 @3 25, Texas cattle, $2 10@3 25.

Hogs—Receipts, 29,000, market weak and 5c to 10c lower mixed, $4 80@5 05, heavy, $4 85@5 05 light, $4 85@5 05

Sheep—Receipts 755, market steady; natives $2 75@3 Western, carried, $4 40@4 55, Texas, $3 @3 25, lambs, $4 75@6 60.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

BERESBOHM GRAIN REPORT.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Wheat cargoes off coast and hear at hand are quiet. Cargoes on passage or prompt shipment are rather steadier Mark Lane—English and foreign wheats, quiet English and American flour, slow. Cali ornia cargoes off coast 28s 6d Australian cargoes off coast, 32s just shipped and prompt shipment 30s Chilean cargoes off coast, 33s prompt shipment 31s 3d Walla Walla cargoes off coast 33s.

Imports into U K past week Wheat, 2,640,000 qrs maize 111,000 qrs flour 8 000 barrels

LIVERPOOL Jan 16—Spot wheat opened with rather more inquiry closed steady demand small offerings moderate Options irregular generally lower No 1 California per central 7s 9d Jan uary, closed February 8d March, 7s 9½d April 7s 9¾d May 7s 9¾d June.

Paris Jan 16—Spot wheat and flour ruled quiet French country markets slow

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET

LIVERPOOL, Jan 16—Wheat quiet and steady holders offering moderately Corn quiet and steady No 2 mixed Western de'd

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DOMESTIC PORTS

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 16—Arrived—Bark Kate Davenport from Seattle bk Idaho, from Mahukona Sch Mount Saniuino Br bk Parsee, Sydney Sailed Barks Balkamah and Clarence—on Cork For bk W B Meyer coastwise

ASTORIA Jan 16—9 A M—Str Ocean arrived down at 11 15 A M Str Willamette arrived down at 30 crossed out a 0 A M str State of California arrived in at 1 15 P M and left for Portland at 4 P M

SAN PEDRO Jan 1—Arrived—Br ship Tolma from Newcastle, A after discharging, proceeds to Portland to load for U K

SAN DIEGO, Jan 16—Sailed—Bk Kate Flint Lopez, Columbia River

PORT BLAKELY, Jan 16—Sailed—Bk Benauza San Francisco

PORT CANBY Jan 16—9 P M—Rainy wind con heast fair moderate

FOREIGN PORTS

MEXICO Jan 18—Arrived—Bark Chas B Kenny from Seattle

HALIFAX Jan 16—Sailed—Schr C H Tupper Victoria.

SAN JOSE DE GUATEMALA—In port—Br sh Manx King, taking in ballast for Puget sound

THE HOTELS

INTERNATIONAL

W McFadden Minn
A Wiss McMinn
F Kuhnmuir Lake Erie
Fred Bluhm, Canada
Christ Bluhm, do
M Bluhm & W, do
Ida Bluhm, do
Tena Bluhm, do
Anna Bluhm do
Hanna Bluhm do
Mina Bluhm, do
O T McMillan Spokane
O Bunnell McMinnville
O J Richardson do
I I Austin, Riparia
J McVicy, do
A McMillan Scappoose
H Brown jr, Aberdeen
A Hardy do
D A Sage, do
J W Cook, Kansas
Jessie Paulson do
M Hill & W Nebraska
C E Mason Calliope in
J E Brockett, Spokane
L Allison O R & N
W Woodall, Tacoma
Mrs Pickett & c, Spokane
P J Kenny Butte s
J W Johnson do
T C Stephens, Lafayette
A W Hamilton Union
J Lowenstedt do
J F Ferguson, Astoria
Joseph Summerville
J C Colman, Ashtabula
Mrs Blackwood, Eureka
I K Juggeshall, do
R F McClellan, do
I Richardson, Dundee
M A Crosby, Chicago
Dalsie Fairview
J Konkel, P & W R R
J F Hartman, do
J Maxwell, Boston
A B Bunton, Brooklyn
J C Bowman, W Walla

Thos Hland Fisher Ldg
J H Duluth Warner
W S Swenson & fy Seattle
O Wheeler, do
J J Gibson N I R R
H Rothe Silver Lake
N Hayden Tucker
J R Bess Tacoma
F McComb do
M Geiger Ashtabula
J Lewis Wisconsin
A J Hague, do
C J Knott Tacoma
P J Jermason, Willamina
M Gould Vance
W Murphy Arkansas
G Lafgall Minn
R F Montana
Miss Dutmsman do
Miss B Dutmsman, do
Miss I Dutmsman, do
J B Warner, Minn
A P Hallsdell, W T
J Halverson, Iowa
M Moody, N P R R
C Swift, Oregon City
W E Haywick, Baileyville
H Haycock do
R H Beard, Falls Ldg
L E Hess Tacoma
R C Wright, Chicago
A Weiss, Spokane Falls
S W Moore & W Wisman
D Bell, do
J Howlett & fy do

QUINCY.

D Mekenzie, Glasgow
A F Lafferty, do
J W Brown do
E C Parrish, St Louis
s Maynard Roseburg
J W Woodhill, Tacoma
Mrs Hoyt do
J McElroy Gilory
D F Morgan do
Ed Angell, Dallas
s Smith, do
D J Williams Vancouver
F F Magill, Lafayette
Chas Magill, do
J Cummings Fulton
M J Mulard, Eugene
D Holm, do
W J Christhilum, Westport
A C Cameron, do
D W McKay, do
W Morris, do
W H Spears, do
J H Babcock do
A C McDonald, Fishhawk
J H Kingsley, Seattle

Samuel Arndt, Astoria
Geo Williams, do
P Lions, Tacoma
Jas D Smith, do
Thos S Wilson, San Fran
G R Clapp, do
Wm Cody, do
B Davis, St Paul
Jas McIntire, Saurjes
G E Tyskiewicz, Cal
T Glenn, do
T Cooper & w'f, Warren
Mrs Stout, do
G W Cole, St Helens
Dr Clitz, do
J Atwood, Toledo
Mrs A Atwood, do
W C Brown, Slayton
A Wilson, New Orleans

R L Bush, Mt Coffin
W H Rankin, Monmouth
E A Gros & w, Hot Spring
Mrs T Hamilton, Willows
J F Eshelman, Seattle
A J Cohen Idaho
F M McAdams, Omaha
E E Jones, London
Miss Blodgett, Olympia
C Aldrich, do
F J Blodgett, do
James McLain, Lafayette
John Young, Independ
J N Rice, Chatskanie
M S Morgan, Westport
Mrs Warren, Oregon City
Chas Specht, Woodland
Geo B Beach, Dalles
F Shepherd, Cathlamet

D J Morton, jr, Chicago
J H Downing, London
T H McBride, do
J E Field, San Francisco
G H Henrison, Eugene
Miss P C Mount, Newberg
F N Churchill, Chicago
C C Bayard, The Dalles
F J Goodnough, Rochstr
F Gay, do
J H Walker, Oregon City
E R Sherman, do
H P Smith, The Dalles
R F Dyas, Los Angeles
D L Lucas, Monmouth

G F Birle, Port Townsend
J H Vogt, San Francisco
R Engdall, Minneapolis
T M Reed, Olympia
E J Lanning, Albany
C C Cherry, Tacoma
Mrs J R Peters, Ellensbg
M J Ideman & w'f, Forlld
A Cook, Vancouver
G L Colwell, Schenckowa
Wm Townsend, Lake Vw
E O Emmons, Corvallis
Wm Kinnaird, Hillsdale
G F Meanor, do
F D McCain, do

A T Herrick, Conr de Al
D H Smith, Salem
J F Tegull, Baker
T J Black, Halsey
J W Smith & fm Ad lton
F Hardesty Or City
Miss Jane Dallas
Miss Starkes, do
J Glenn do
J A Bragg Smithicky
B Morris do
A Lubken Astoria
G A Crisis, McCoy
Miss J Mayger, Green Pt
Jas Megler & w Brookfield
Mrs C W Hall Yamhill
G Comegys, Oakdale
R Conckyns, do
R Andrews, do
Mrs Rinehart Monmouth
G Bennett Francisco
H Larsen, do
E M O Brie do
A L Jones do
Mrs Bemis, do
Wm Blanchard, Eureka
J Hoffman, do

Mrs Dr Hall, Eugene
Miss Hall do
Miss Hall, Portland
Miss Hall, Eugene
Miss Hall, Portland
Miss Hall, Eugene
Miss Hall, Portland
Miss Hall, Eugene

THE JOHNSON CREEK SEWER.

Discussed Last Night by the Municipal Fathers in Council.

Chinese New Year—City Charter Amendments—Petitions and Reports Considered—Making Appropriations—Many Bills.

A regular meeting of the common council was held last night, President Woodward presiding and all the members present except Schwab and Showers.

THE CHINESE NEW YEAR.

An ordinance granting the Chinese permission to celebrate their New Year's festivities by exploding firecrackers within the city limits from January 29 to February 9 inclusive, between 5 and 7 A. M. and 6 and 8 P. M. each day, and on the 29th and 30th days of January between 12:30 A. M. and 7 A. M. and between 6 and 8 P. M., and during Sundays only between 6 and 7 A. M. and 6 and 7 P. M. was reported back by the committee on health and police, with a recommendation that it do pass.

Several members of the council said they were willing to allow the Chinese all the privileges extended to white men, but nothing further. They did not think it proper that the peace and dignity of the city should be disturbed on the first day of the week by the noise of bombs and fire-crackers, and that while they were not followers of Moody to any extent, and did not propose to undertake the work of Christianizing the Chinese, they would in their feeble way endeavor to see that the heathen in our midst, to some extent, remembered the Sabbath day to keep it holy.

The clause allowing crackers to be exploded on Sunday was stricken out and the ordinance as amended passed.

THE JOHNSON CREEK SEWER.

Under the head of business on the table, Mr. Gerdes called up an ordinance providing for a sewer to carry off the waters of Johnson creek, which had been laid on the table pending the settlement of the litigation concerning the Tanner creek sewer. He then moved that further consideration of the ordinance be indefinitely postponed, and when this was done, introduced a new ordinance providing for the time and manner of constructing a sewer from a point on Johnson's creek, about west of Grover to the city sewer on the Macadam bottom grounds to E street, and down Twenty-fifth and other streets and through Shattuck's addition to the Willamette river.

The old ordinance provided for the sewer running down Twenty-first street and the change is made because as Twentieth street is not improved it is thought the sewer may be constructed in a more cheaply than in Twenty-first street. The ordinance was read twice and referred to the street committee.

AMENDING THE CHARTER.

The popular amusement of amending the charter was indulged in to the extent of making street and sewer assessments bear legal interest after they were declared delinquent.

The amendment to section 119 was amended on motion of Mr. Kiendner, by striking out the provision that the city might borrow $150,000 to purchase a park or parks, and providing that $175,000 might be borrowed on bonds to build and furnish a city hall. Mr. Kiendner said it was probable that the city and county would be joined in one before long and then we should have all the ground needed for parks.

On motion of Gerdes section 63 was amended so that there may be more than one polling place with the usual officers in each ward.

These amendments were incorporated with the others and the whole adopted by the council.

DETAILED REPORT.

PETITIONS, ETC.

From Mrs. Jennie Belcher and others, asking that South Water street, from Meade to First avenue, be improved by grading, laying sidewalks and crosswalks and bridging the gulches, etc.; referred to street committee.

From B. S. Riley, asking an extension of sixty days to complete his contract for the improvement of F street from Twenty-first to Twenty-third streets; granted.

From William King, asking that his assessment on lot 3, block 16, for construction of a sewer in G street, be corrected; referred to street committee.

From Jonathan Tice, asking that the council accept $37 in payment of $73, assessed against him for the improvement of Corbett street; referred to street committee.

REPORTS.

From the street committee, favoring the construction of a sewer on C street from North Eighteenth to the brick sewer at North Thirteenth; adopted.

From the same, granting E. Z. Matthews permission to erect a barber pole in front of his shop.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

The city treasurer and the city surveyor presented their annual reports, which were referred to the committee on ways and means.

From the city surveyor in the matter of the proposed extension of Mill street; referred to the street committee.

CLAIMS ORDERED PAID.

Electric Light Company	$2187 20
Charles Gregory	8 75
Willamette Steam Mills	6 79
E. G. Woods	21 90

NEW ORDINANCES.

Making an appropriation out of the general fund for the payment of salaries and ordinary expenses for the year 1889, as follows:

For salaries of mayor and members of common council	$6,000
For salary of city attorney	2,000
For salary of superintendent of streets	2,400
For salary of city treasurer	1,200
For salary of city surveyor	2,400
For salary of auditor and clerk	2,400
For salary of assistant city surveyor	1,200
For salary of deputy superintendent of streets	1,800
For salary of police judge	1,800
Pay of street repairer	1,080
Clerk hire in auditor's office	3,000
Expenses of council rooms and offices	3,000
For stationery and blank books	1,200
For miscellaneous expenses not otherwise provided for	500
For advertising	1,000
For printing mayor's message	300
For expenses of election	150
For copying of assessment roll and extending tax thereon	200
For improvement of streets in front of public property and constructing sewers adjacent thereto	500
For repairing streets in front of public property, repair of bridges, and incidental expenses connected with the street department	1,000
For grading and repairing sewers and ditches, cleaning streets in front of public property and abatement of nuisances	1,000
For care of public grounds, and parks and improvements	2,000
For pay of pest viewers and making sewer assessments	500
For pay of chain bearers and rod men	2,000
For expenses of litigation	400
For street signs	100
For street monuments	100

Passed.

Ordinances appropriating money from the general fund and appropriating it to the uses of various departments, as follows, were passed:

To the fire department	$8,500
To the police department	4,000
To the street cleaning department	3,000
To the park fund	900

RESOLUTIONS.

Instructing the city attorney to prepare a bill to provide for amending the city charter in conformity with the report of the committee appointed to suggest such amendments as amended and adopted by the common council, January 9, 1889, and present the same properly to the legislature as soon as possible, and that the bill be printed in such manner as to show conveniently the changes proposed; adopted.

Accepting the improvement of the west half of Water street from near Mill to near Montgomery, made by P. G. Baker, and directing the payment of $134 55 therefor; adopted.

Accepting the improvement of South Front street between Gaines and North avenue, made by E. A. Webster and directing the payment of $488 14 therefor; adopted. Adjourned.

WILL MUSTER FOR DRESS PARADE.

First Regiment Review and Inspection on Saturday, January 19—Companies E and H Exempt.

Under date of January 16, 1889, Col. Beebe has issued the following military order, No. 2, for the first series for 1889:

(General Order No. 2.)

HEADQUARTERS FIRST REGIMENT, O. N. G., Portland, Or., Jan. 16, 1889.

I. In compliance with S. O. No. 2 O. N. G., Brigade headquarters, this regiment will parade, fully uniformed, armed and equipped, on Saturday, January 19, for review and inspection by the brigade commander. Assembly at 8:30 o'clock P. M.

Field and staff will report to the colonel; and non-commissioned staff, band and drum corps, to the adjutant at the same hour and place.

II. Company commandants will cause personal service of this order to be made upon the members of their respective companies, and will make immediate returns of such service to these headquarters.

III. Companies B and H are excused from compliance with this order. By order of

COLONEL BEEBE.

G. F. TELFER, 2d Lieut. and Actg. Adjt.

Official: Chas. C. Fisher, Sergt. and Maj.

ANOTHER VERY HANDSOME BUILDING.

The Sisters Will Construct a Large and Elegant Convent and Academy on Fourth Street—Bids Opened.

Bids for the construction of a large brick school and convent building were opened yesterday at the office of Otto Kleeman, architect. The building is to be erected for the Sisters of the Holy Name of Jesus and Mary, and will be four stories, with a stone cellar.

The cellar will contain four large furnaces for the hot water system of heating; also fuel rooms and storage for kitchen supplies. The hight of this story will be seven feet. The basement (parture) will contain the kitchen, dining-rooms, pantries, cloak room and lavatories. The hight will be ten feet. The first floor will contain two parlors, an office, guests' room and four class-rooms. The hight will be fourteen feet. The second story will contain nine rooms, to be used mostly for class-rooms. The hight will be thirteen feet. The third story contains ten rooms, most of them to be used as dormitories. The hight will be thirteen feet. The attic will be left unfinished, and will be used as a storage place for trunks, etc.

The building will be entirely fire proof, and will be surmounted by a cupola, which will be equipped with a fine telescope and other apparatus of astronomical observations, and also as a belvedere, as the building will occupy a considerable elevation and will be one of the highest in the city. The view is found to be very fine.

The wooden addition will contain a chapel, meeting rooms for sisters' community; also dining rooms, and the upper story is isolated to be used as an infirmary.

All plumbing and sanitary engineering will be of the most improved kind, and its solid construction will make it the finest building of its kind on the coast.

There were eleven bids submitted, each of them including all labor, workmanship and materials necessary to erect and complete the building, except the hot water heating, which will be let separately. The bids were as follows: Hoblitt and McKenzie, $35,450; John Robertson, $35,900; George Langford, $36,475; J. Marchant, $37,310; C. A. Robert, $38,422; Walker & Sons, $38,795; J. B. Bridges, $39,000; Primlio & McDonald, $39,301; James Dillane, $39,500; J. Muir, $40,000; Hand & Mallalieu, $41,500.

Work on the building will commence about the 1st of March, after the closing of the school term.

REMOVAL SALE.

The enterprising firm of McAllen & McDonnell have inaugurated a gigantic removal and clearance sale at 165 Third street. They have secured the large and extensive premises formerly occupied by Collinson & Alpel at the southwest corner of Third and Morrison streets. The entire stock of $45,000, consisting of fancy and staple dry goods, will be slaughtered at prices less than the cost of manufacture. No such inducements for securing first-class goods at cost prices have ever been offered in the history of removal or clearance sales in Oregon. Store open from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. during this sale.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Otis Sprague is in the city.

Mr. Frank Botefuhr returned yesterday from a flying visit to San Francisco.

Mrs. J. M. Buckley and daughter and J. G. Megler and wife, of Brookfield, are registered at the St. Charles.

Mr. Thomas Guinean, of the Esmond, is able to get around his room on crutches and will be down stairs soon.

LOCAL NOTES.

It is expected that the Portland linseed oil mill will be started up on Monday next.

Mr. Graham Glass has broken ground on the property lately purchased by him on South Third street, near Lincoln, for the foundations of two two-story houses he proposes to erect there.

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER REPORT

As Received by the O. R. & N. Co. From That of the Mountains—Snow Expected.

Portland—Heavy fog; calm, 30 deg.
Bonneville—Fair; calm; 25 deg.
Hood River—Cloudy; calm; 26 deg.
The Dalles—Cloudy; calm; 24 deg.
Grant's Pass—Clear; calm.
Arlington—Cloudy; calm; 18 deg.
Umatilla—Clear; calm; 14 deg.
Wallula—Clear; calm; 11 deg.
Walla Walla—Clear; calm; 12 deg.
Dayton—Clear; calm; 16 deg.
Pomeroy—Clear; calm; 12 deg.
Riparia—Clear; calm; 15 deg; three inches gorged at the bridge.
Colfax—Cloudy; calm; 1 deg.
Pendleton—Clear; calm; 10 deg.
Kamela—Clear; calm; 10 deg.
La Grande—Clear; calm; 20 deg.
Union—Clear; calm; 20 deg.
Baker City—Clear; calm; 22 deg.
Huntington—Clear; calm; 2 deg.

U. S. SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND, Jan. 16, 5 P. M.

Place of Observation.	Hight of Bar.	Chge. last 24 hours.	Temp.	Wind direc-tion.	Rain fall inch	State of Wthr.
Portland	30.04	-04	34	SW	.00	Cloudy
Olympia	29.96	-16	34	S	.01	Snowing
Roseburg	30.06	-04	36	NW	.00	Fair-Cldy
Red Bluff	29.98	-06	58	N	.00	Cloudless
Sacramento	29.98	-02	44	SE	.00	Cloudless
Eureka	30.02	....	40	Calm	.00	Cloudless
Port Angeles	29.88	-16	36	S	.00	Cloudy
Spokane	30.10	....	18	E	.00	Cloudy
Walla Walla	30.06	....	32	SE	.00	Cloudy
Ft. Canby	29.94	-16	38	SE	.22	Raining

10-DAY'S WEATHER.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Indications for twenty-four hours for Oregon and Washington Territory: fair weather in Southeastern Oregon; rain or snow elsewhere; warmer.

PASSENGER LISTS.

OVERLAND.

Oregon Short Line—Passed Huntington: W. E. Bailey, J. F. Jamison and wife, R. F. Harris, J. H. Bradley, H. Martin, S. H. Thomas, S. H. Schmidt, J. M. Smithel and wife, Frank Grale, F. P. Kitkendall, O. Ramsey and fifteen second-class.

Northern Pacific—Passed Helena Jan. 15: Mr. and Mrs. Lager, F. M. Deming, Mrs. Geo. Bacon, A. C. Low, A. Brandenbury, Miss Alice Montgomery, Mrs. L. Clark, H. Pechner, T. Roland, Charles Bleuss, H. J. Wright, S. S. Hudson, Mrs. Jessie Patterson, F. W. Beatty, J. Seller, Miss Annie Brock and 88 second-class.

Oregon & California—Passed Medford, Jan. 16: E. B. Caldwell, J. B. Kemp, Frank Wendwood, G. J. Curran, R. Ban, W. F. Bartholein, Mrs. A. M. Scear, J. Weiss, W. L. Lindhard, A. Rothchild, S. Goldman, C. E. Moore, L. T. Davis, Charles Bleuss and wife, H. Leonard, Joseph Wagner, D. Farwell, C. L. Mosnick, Dr. N. W. Lin and wife, G. F. Beingthoff, E. Maxwell, S. Fisher, H. Gorn, J. B. McDonall, S. West, G. Nathan, G. Stern, G. Brock, E. Cobb, John McDuell, John Leland, N. A. Jordan, Henry Brown, James Smith, R. G. McQuigg, and fifty immigrants.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE.

DEEDS RECORDED JANUARY 16.

H. W. Young and wife to H. C. Breeden, lot 1, blk 82, Stark, Jan. 4; $10,000.

Jas. Jamison and wife to C. M. Forbes, 67 acres S 19, 1 N, 2 E, Jan. 14; $72,000.

J. L. Montfree and wife to Bertha Lee, lot 6, blk 25, Mitchell's, Jan. 15; $275.

E. V. Reynolds and wife to N. F. Ross, lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, blk 2, Fairview, Jan. 15; $400.

E. and C. Wetzler to F. W. Clayton, lot 11, blk 87, Scitzer, Jan. 15; $200.

Sheriff P. Mall to Chas. Hirsch, W ½ blk 34, Tibbitts' Add., Dec. 20, 1888; $1300.

John Gustafson and wife to N. Skow, lot 8, blk 264, Couch's add., Jan. 15; $2150.

A. A. Smallwood and wife to W. H. Crosby, W 24 feet lot 14, and W 14 feet lot 13, blk 10, subdivision Prettietts add, Sept. 15, 1886; $429.

Samuel Comiter and wife to H. C. Stratton, part of 1-2-6 of 38 N, 1 E, Jan. 3; $15,000.

Jacob Spellman to G. W. Derry, lot 27, Melrose, Nov. 17; $500.

C. A. Cohnen to M. Haberly, lots 24 and 25, Bellview add., E. P., Jan. 9; $200.

A. B. Pillsbury and wife to M. Haberly, lots 26 and 27, Bellview add. E. P., Jan. 9; $2500.

A. N. King to A. D. McKenzie, 50x100 feet, 22d and Irving, Jan. 15; $1,000.

R. B. Knapp to John Kiernan, undivided ½ lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 yards, blk X, Couch's add, Nov. 15, 1888; $1.

D. F. Sherman and wife to F. S. Randell, lots 1 and 2, blk 3, Cloverdale tract, Jan. 15; $300.

A. B. Hanley to F. F. Eastman, lots 11 and 12, blk 3, Railroad Slope add., Jan. 16; $1250.

D. F. Sherman and wife to M. A. Winn, lots 13 and 24, blk 2, Railroad Slope add., Jan. 16; $1000.

E. K. Abrams, et al., to C. Lampert, lots 3 and 4, blk 2, Irvington, Jan. 16; $300.

Total, $67,796.

TWELVE MEN SAID "GUILTY"

Frank Howard Convicted in Less Than Ten Minutes.

Another Jury Could Not Agree—Suit For Damages—A Great Many Interesting Matters Gathered About the Court House.

The jury in the case of L. Goldsmith vs. M. B. Holmes et al, failed to agree, and were discharged by Judge Deady yesterday morning. When the last ballot was taken, the jury stood three for the plaintiff and nine for the defendants. There will probably be further litigation over this matter of the $10,000 note.

THE "REGULAR SUIT."

Another of the regular semi-annual suits of the Oregonian Railway Company (limited) against the O. R. & N. Company for rent and expenses, was submitted on stipulation in the United States circuit court yesterday, and judgment as usual given for the plaintiff.

The suit of Kai Tung, a Chinaman, against the O. R. & N. Co., to recover damages for an injury received in an accident on the line of their road was tried in the United States circuit court yesterday.

In his complaint Kai Tung alleges that on the 28th day of last August he was employed by the railroad company to go out on their line to help clear away some landslides which had covered up the track. He was a common laborer and got on a flat car at East Portland on that day, and had run as far as Taylor's landing, when the car on which he was stationed was overturned by being carelessly run over some earth which covered one of the rails, and he was thrown violently to the ground, and sustained a fracture of the left leg at the thigh, besides numerous contusions on various portions of his body. He was rudely pulled out of the wreck to one side and left for three hours, to lie unprotected, in the cold, wintry weather. In consequence of his injuries he had been unable to work since, and wanted damages to the extent of $2500.

The jury decided almost immediately, returning a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $500.

FRANK HOWARD FOUND GUILTY.

The trial of the case of the State of Oregon vs. Frank Howard, for obtaining money under false pretenses, commenced in Judge Stearns's court at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. The complaining witness in this case, William F. Bruin, charges the defendant on December 1, 1888, with having fraudulently relieved him of $43 75.

The defendant, representing himself as agent of the Oregon Chemical Company, a purely mythical concern, had sold to the prosecuting witness certain compositions described as "The California Non-Explosive," Electral Nickel Plate" and "Parisian Enamel," falsely representing the same to be genuine and effective for the purposes for which they were sold.

There were a number of witnesses examined, and with the testimony of each the defendants guilt became more firmly established and his fraudulent transactions more thoroughly ventilated. From all the testimony submitted, it became very evident that his business operations were unmitigated swindles.

The case was given to the jury a little after 4 o'clock, and, in less than ten minutes a verdict of guilty as charged in the indictment was returned. This verdict was expected. In fact it was difficult to conceive how the jury could arrive at any other.

This man Howard is one of the most shrewdest and most daring of his class, which can only be properly described as an infernal scoundrel. He has laid himself liable to severe penalties here time and again, and barring the time he was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary for killing James A. Smith, all of which he did not serve, and a fine of $200 for criminal assault on Mollie Berdan, has always managed to escape punishment. He has swindled several weak-minded women and many unsophisticated men, and the full penalty in this case—five years—is much less than he is deserving of. Such a confirmed scoundrel is much better employed in the penitentiary making brick or stoves than in running loose to prey on the weak and foolish. Several efforts have been made to secure his punishment for different offenses, but he has managed to escape, and now that he has been convicted the opportunity to give him full justice should not be missed.

A peculiar coincidence connected with this case is that the foreman of the jury, Peter Knox, was also foreman of the juries that convicted him in 1881 and 1884. The court will pass sentence on the prisoner some time during the week.

ANOTHER DIVORCE SUIT.

In Judge Stearns's court yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Inez F. Todd brought suit for divorce from her husband Alonzo F. Todd. The complaint alleges that plaintiff and defendant were married at Harrisonville, Jasper county, Missouri, on the 21st day of May, 1885. They have lived in this state since January, 1886.

As cause for this action, the plaintiff charges the defendant with cruel and inhuman treatment. While living at Ostawa, Kansas, and on other numerous occasions, defendant has called plaintiff vile names and other profane epithets.

The plaintiff further alleges that on or about August 1888, defendant left his home in this state for Dakota, informing her that he would no longer live with her, and that since that time she has been obliged to gain her own livelihood and support her little daughter, 13 years of age. There are no children as a fruit of said marriage, the little girl being plaintiff's daughter by a former husband.

Plaintiff asks that the marriage now existing between herself and defendant be dissolved, and that she be allowed to assume her maiden name, Inez F. Westen.

ANOTHER VERSION.

One of the members of the employment firm of Witherell & Surface, who several days ago was charged by three young men with having defrauded them, yesterday gave an OREGONIAN reporter his version of the difficulty. "The men came to our office, he said, and wanted to go to the LaCamas sawmill, where they had heard, work was to be had. The proprietor of the mill had advertised for ten men. These young men represented themselves to be experienced and capable log-drivers, and thought that they could fill the situations without any difficulty. A letter was given them to the foreman of the mill. They had not come up yet here in Portland before starting. When they went to LaCamas the second day, it seems that they did not go near the mill or make any application for work. They at once returned and demanded their money. Had they brought a note from the mill proprietor, showing that they had called and were unable to obtain work, the money would have been promptly refunded." This, in brief, is the statement of the firm who claim to have been misrepresented by the version given the press by the three men.

ADMINISTRATORS APPOINTED.

In the matter of the estate of John Metzger, deceased, a petition was yesterday made before Judge Cullin for the appointment of administrators. The deceased died intestate, and the legal heirs now ask that Henry Metzger and J. H. Metzger be appointed administrators in order that a division of the property, which is estimated at $4800, may be effected.

The petition is signed by Henry, J. H., D. W. and L. C. Metzger, all sons of the deceased. On hearing and filing the petition and hearing Mr. O. F. Paxton, attorney for petitioners, the prayer of petitioners was granted. Henry and J. H. Metzger were appointed administrators. Bonds were required in the sum of $8000. James Preston, Sr., W. G. Cathey and J. P. Powell were appointed appraisers of the estate.

POLICE COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Judge Tanner disposed of the following cases in the police court yesterday afternoon:

James Slattery and Mike Hayes, drunk, fined $2 each; Wm. Wallace, drunk, $5; Charles Rogers, larceny of a coat from Wm. Arendt, was allowed to go upon payment of $12 50; Ging Hing charged with taking two boxes of cigarettes from M. A. Grust & Co., was allowed to plead guilty to a charge of attempted larceny, and was sentenced to pay a fine of $10.

Lizzie Brown, May Beggman, E. L. Amsden and Mollie West were to have been tried on a charge of larceny of some money from John Latham, but owing to the non-appearance of the prosecuting witness, the case was continued one day longer. Latham charges the defendants with the theft of about $5 50 which he claims to have lost while celebrating New Year's. The Iolanthe saloon being the last one visited he came to the conclusion that there was where he lost his ducats. The defendants, who strenuously deny their guilt, have been anxious to have their cases disposed of right along. When the case was called yesterday Latham did not show up. The court adjourned for half an hour and an officer was sent for him at the Occidental hotel, where he was last seen Tuesday night. When the officer returned he returned empty handed, for Latham could not be found. Judge Tanner continued the case one day longer, and if Latham is not found the defendants will be discharged.

LARCENY OF A PROMISSORY NOTE.

On complaint of F. Abraham, a warrant was issued in Justice Tuttle's court yesterday afternoon for the arrest of W. S. Dusenberry on a charge of larceny of a promissory note made by J. E. Gray for the sum of $95, and the property of J. F. Kruse. Abraham alleged that he, as a collector, had the note in his desk for collection, and that some eight months ago Dusenberry took the instrument and settled with the giver of the note for $90, contrary to any order or permission given by himself. The complainant charges the defendant with the larceny of $129, which includes the interest on the note for the past eight months.

THE TABLES ARE TURNED.

In Justice Tuttle's court yesterday afternoon Wm. Moorehead swore out warrants for the arrest of M. M. Barnet, on two charges, one of assault and battery and the other on a charge of threatening to do bodily harm. The tables are thus turned, and the two men, each having a complaint against the other, will have their grievances aired in court. The case against Moorehead for assault with intent to kill, will be heard in Justic Tuttle's court at 2 o'clock this afternoon. He has intimated that he will waive examination. The two cases against Barnet will be set for examination at the same hour.

AN ALLEGED ABSCONDER.

On information furnished by J. C. How, of Olympia, W. T., W. B. Chipman was arrested by Sheriff Kelly late Tuesday night and lodged in the county jail. Chipman, who is from Olympia, is accused of being an absconding debtor. How claims that Chipman left him and others in the lurch to the tune of $461 75. When arrested, Chipman was stopping at the St. Charles hotel.

LOCATING ROAD DISTRICTS.

The clerks in the county court are busy locating and fixing the boundary lines of all road districts in Multnomah county. This is a work requiring a great deal of care and considerable patience, and the probabilities are that the work will not be completed this week.

SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

Sheriff Kelly has caused the bankrupt estate of the late firm of G. Cohn & Bro., commission merchants, at No. 170 Front street, to be sold at public auction. Mrs. Dora Cohn made the highest bid, and the property was knocked down to her for $2250.

WANT TO BECOME CITIZENS.

Robert Biekle, a subject of the emperor of Germany, and Pat Garraty, subject of the queen of Great Britain and Ireland, filed declarations of intention to become citizens of the United States with the county clerk yesterday.

LICENSED TO WED.

A. Johnson and E. B. Nelson, both of Multnomah county, obtained a marriage license from the clerk of the county court yesterday morning.

UNDER THE STARS AND STRIPES.

Andrew Graf, a subject of the emperor of Germany, yesterday took out papers in the county court admitting him to full citizenship.

WILL COMMENCE TO-DAY.

The trial of Richard E. Janeway will begin in the United States circuit court to-day.

DAY'S BLOTTER IN BRIEF.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT.

G. Goldsmith vs. M. B. Holmes et al.; jury fail to agree and discharged from further consideration of the case.

Kai Tung vs. O. R. & N. Co.; verdict of $500 for plaintiff.

Oregonian Railway Co. vs. O. R. & N. Co.; submitted on stipulation without argument and judgment given for plaintiff.

Josef Harfort, of Australia, admitted to citizenship.

CIRCUIT COURT NO. 1.

R. D. Freeborn vs. the Bankers' Mutual Relief Association; trial continued till next term.

Northwest Fire & Marine Insurance Co. vs. Charles Meeker et al.; continued till next term.

Thomas Callaghan vs. P. & W. V. & R. R. Co.; defendant allowed ten days to file bill of exceptions or move for a new trial.

DEPARTMENT 2.

State of Oregon vs. Frank Howard; tried and defendant found guilty as charged in the indictment.

In the matter of the assignment of E. Meyers; come on to be heard upon order to appear and show cause upon petition of John Sweitzer; petition dissolved.

All affections of the kidneys and liver are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it.

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Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS.
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Piles United by Cotton Rivets and Cannot Separate.
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Civil Engineer and Surveyor,
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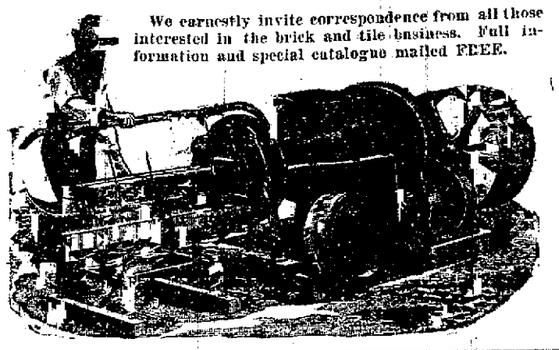

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Without injurious medication.
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Half Block on Seventeenth st., well located for residence or for business; easy terms	$ 2,000
Lot on Third st., improved, all a bargain	3,000
Quarter Block on North Ninth st., close to river; a bargain	8,000
Well improved commercial E. st.; rented for more than 8 per cent on price	16,000
One of the best Quarter Blocks in the residence part of Nob Hill; one block to street cars	6,500
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Improved Quarter Block, magnificent view, on line of cable road; unique, and a bargain, 70 by 100 feet on corner, 1 block from cable	3,000
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Quarter bl'k, near Pulling school, choice	4,000
Quarter block west of Rood street. Choice	2,000
Quarter Block on Kelly street	2,400
Lot on Corbett street, near Gibbs	1,600

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A few choice lots on easy terms in this desirable suburb on line of Narrow Gauge road.

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—AND—
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We also have some beautiful 10-acre pieces suitable for fruit culture, which we offer on easy installments at from $75 50 to $125 per acre, according to location and clearing. A saw-mill is located adjoining these tracts, and is only too glad to take what timber you have at $5 per thousand as it stands. This is all above prices by per cent.

We also have $60,000 to loan on long time, with approved city mortgages, at low rate of interest.

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Have Removed to 42 Stark Street.
Our list embraces a large amount of city, suburban and country property.

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Simon this day does the public inform,
That money to loan in all sums at low rate.
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Southern Portland
Fine Level Lots $225 and upward
VERY LARGE SELECTION.
LOWEST PRICES.
WILLIAM DENHOLM, Agent,
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LOTS FOR SALE in Goldsmith's Addition, cheap. One-fifth cash, balance on time; low rate of interest. Nicest location in town. B. & S. GOLDSMITH, Agents, Room 8, Abington.

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For your Spectacles and Eye-glasses. It is the only establishment in the Northwest where they are measured on Dr. Darrogh's celebrated Optometer. Lenses ground, if necessary, to correct each particular case. No visual defect where glasses are required too complicated for us. We guarantee our fitting to be absolutely perfect. Our new optometer, an instrument to measure the strength of the eye, is the most complete, the best that science has produced, and to this only one ever invented that will give the exact amount of imperfection in one's sight. REED & MALCOLM, Scientific Opticians, 74 Morrison street, Portland, Or.

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EXACTLY $10.
Xactly the same Overcoats got $15 for.
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Xactly one-third off the price because the season is [illegible]
This Xample shows an Xample to clothe you [illegible] and fashionably.
By all means take advantage of this Overcoat sale.
$10 buys All-Wool Overcoats from
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...by far the largest...
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...No tiresome hills, discouraging stumps or gravel beds to overcome; but, on the contrary, beautiful grounds ready for buildings. We assert, without fear of contradiction, that no suburb about Portland has so many bona fide purchasers, and so many cottages now being erected or under contract. New coaches are in and so many cottages now being erected or under contract. New coaches are in and so many cottages now being erected or under contract. New coaches are in

WESTERN INTERESTS.

Rival Wool Men Before the Senate Finance Committee.

DUBOIS SPEAKS AGAINST UTAH

A Presidential Veto—The Board of Indian Commissioners—The Klamath Indian Reservation—Oregon Notes.

WASHINGTON Jan 17.—This morning the senate sub-committee on finance in charge of the tariff bill, heard the delegations of carpet and woolen goods manufacturers and wool growers. The former desired certain modifications in the wool schedule tending to a reduction of some of the duties while the wool growers wanted additional duties. Their views at times were widely divergent and were expressed with much vigor but so far as learned the arguments made no change in the minds of the committee.

Senator Sherman proposed the following amendment to the bill, which the manufacturers now have under consideration and will express their opinion upon before the committee to-morrow:—Amending paragraph 344 to read as follows:

The duty on wools of the first and third classes, which shall be imported washed shall be twice the amount of duty to which they would be subjected if imported unwashed. The duty upon wools of the second class which shall be imported washed shall be 6 cents per pound in addition to the duty to which they would be subjected if imported unwashed.

Washed wools are defined to be such as are washed in cold water on the back of the sheep.

The duty on wools of all classes which shall be imported scoured shall be three times the duty to which they would be subjected if imported unwashed. Wool which, when imported shall contain less than 12 per cent. of the weight there of of grease, dirt or other foreign substance or matter, shall be classified as scoured wool and pay duty accordingly.

Before they left the room some of the manufacturers asserted that such amendment meant, practically, destruction of their industry, and that as against it they would work for free wool.

THE ADMISSION OF UTAH

Delegate Caine Continues His Address Urging Admission.

WASHINGTON, Jan 17.—The hearing by the house committee on territories, of the claim of Utah to admission, was continued to-day, and Delegate Caine continued his argument begun yesterday. He claimed that the effort of the persons opposing the request was but a scheme to accomplish the overthrow of the majority in the territory and elevate to power the minority. He said there is nowhere to be found a body of people so generally intelligent and well informed, whose natural tendency was independence of thought. He took up the published statements of Governor West and said he hoped the committee would not believe such twaddle. What right had anyone to apply a religious test to the people of the territories seeking the privilege of statehood to which they are entitled. They were American citizens of the United States, had presented a constitution republican in form, prohibiting polygamy and providing penalties against transgressors of the fundamental law and making the union of church and state impossible.

OPPOSITION IN IDAHO

Delegate Dubois, of Idaho then addressed the committee in opposition to the admission. He said that statements had been made calculated to mislead in regard to the sentiments of the communities adjacent to Utah and that in compliance with the wishes of his own territory, he desired to address the committee. There were about 15 000 Mormons in Idaho, and there was no difference between them and those in Utah. He dwelt on the difficulty of securing the conviction of Mormons who practiced polygamy in that part of the territory in which Mormons were settled. He said that his judgment was that one-third of the adult Mormons in Idaho were living in polygamic relations. He submitted a few remarks in regard to civil power of the church and said that his own territory was very much concerned in the fate of Utah. Statehood for Utah would mean polygamy firmly entrenched. In conclusion he presented the memorial of the Idaho legislature, unanimously opposing the admission of Utah as a state of the Union.

A PRESIDENTIAL VETO

Cleveland's Opinion Regarding the Employment of Clerical Assistance.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The president has returned to the senate without his approval the bill to pay $3800 to William D Wheaton and Charles H. Chamberlain for many years prior to 1879 register and and receiver of the land office at San Francisco. These two officers were required by an order issued July 1, 1877, to turn thereafter into the treasury certain fees that they had prior to that time retained. February 18, 1879, they were allowed two clerks, and the president says it is proposed upon the theory that the clerks were employed to do work for which fees were formerly allowed, to reimburse the officers for the amount paid for clerk hire between the time the retention of fees was stopped and the time the clerks were authorized to be employed and paid out of the public treasury.

The president says further that the officers had notice that such employment would not be approved by the government, and adds:

This decidedly of the opinion that the relations, duties and obligations of subordinates in public employment should be clearly defined and strictly limited. They should not be permitted to judge of the propriety or necessity of incurring expenses on behalf of the government without authority, much less in disregard of orders, and yet there are cases, where the emergency money is paid for the benefit of the public service by officials which though not strictly authorized ought in equity to be reimbursed. If the present case is one of equity, a statement should be made out, showing the exact amount expended by the beneficiaries from their private funds for doing this work, and the amount found paid allowed.

Such statement nowhere appears, and the president thinks the beneficiaries should be required to establish the amount so paid out before reimbursement is made.

THE INDIAN COMMISSIONERS

Civil Service Recommended in Their Department.

WASHINGTON Jan 17.—The board of Indian commissioners held their annual meeting to day. Resolutions were adopted deprecating changes of Indian officials for partisan reasons and urging the extension of the civil service system to the Indian service also opposing the removal of the tribes from their reservations where they are settled and are making progress toward civilization also urging the passage of bills for the relief of the Mission and Round Valley Indians in California and for the payment of the expenses of Indian courts and asking for liberal appropriations for carrying out the land in severalty act. that immediate steps be taken for the industrial education of all Indian children, and demanding that the sacred obligations of treaties be regarded in all negotiations with Indians.

PACIFIC COAST INTERESTS

The Klamath Indian Reservation—Postal and Pension Notes—Etc

WASHINGTON, Jan 17.—For some years past an effort has been made to open the Klamath Indian reservation, in Northern California for settlement. It is claimed that, under the existing law it is no longer a reservation and should be thrown upon to settlement but the secretaries of the interior have refused to take this view of the case. A suit was brought in the circuit court of California last autumn which involved the question whether the Klamath Indian reservation was ordered to be thrown open to settlement by an act of congress passed some years ago. Secretary Vilas has ordered an appeal to be taken from the decision to the supreme court of the United States which might delay the case for at least three years until that appeal can be heard. Representative Thompson, however to prevent this long delay, has introduced a bill to allot a certain portion of the reservation to Indians who are living thereon, and to open the remainder to settlement.

WOMEN WANT REPRESENTATION

Senator Dolph has presented to the senate a petition from Geroldine N. Moody, vice president of the National Woman Suffrage Association, asking that congress, in passing enabling acts for the admission of the territories, insert a clause in such acts allowing women to vote for delegates to the state constitutional conventions and at the election for the admission of a constitution, in every territory where the legislature has passed a law providing that women may vote, such [illegible] where such law has not been repealed by subsequent territorial legislation. The petition was referred to the committee on territories.

POSTAL AND PENSION NOTES.

A pension has been granted Mexican survivor Joseph H. Eaton of Portland and an increase to Garrison Batson, of Grant's Pass.

From February 1 the mail service on the route from Port Discovery to Quilcene will be increased to twice a week.

RELIEF FOR A VETERAN

Senator Mitchell has introduced in the senate a bill for the relief of Joseph Fenning of Linkville Or. The bill provides that the secretary of the treasury be authorized to pay to Fenning the sum of $10 000 for injuries received at the hands of the Indians in the Modoc Indian war.

SEWALL'S EXAMINATION.

It Is About Concluded and He Will Probably Return to Samoa.

WASHINGTON Jan 17.—The examination of Sewall, consul general at Samoa by the senate committee on foreign relations has been practically concluded but he is held here to await the printing of his testimony when he may be recalled upon some point suggested by its reading.

Sewall is deeply interested in the Samoan situation and is anxious to return to his post but is still more anxious that the people of the United States should arouse themselves to an intelligent appreciation of the importance of maintaining the independence of the islands in order that the government may properly maintain its interests here.

ALL QUIET IN SAMOA.

SYDNEY, N S W Jan 17.—The German steamer Lubeck from Samoa which arrived here to day reports all quiet in Samoa on the 8th inst.

DISSATISFIED GLASSMAKERS

Their Representatives Argue for Higher Tariff Rates.

WASHINGTON Jan 17.—Representatives of the Glassmakers convention which has recently been in session were before the senate finance committee to-day arguing that the duties proposed by the senate tariff bill were too low.

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS.

Ford Committee on Contract Labor.

WASHINGTON Jan 17.—A majority of the Ford committee on contract labor has decided that a $5 tax shall be imposed on immigrants. Chairman Ford proposed an additional section to the bill which has been prepared, to give effect to the views of the committee and which contemplates the exclusion of aliens who do not intend to become citizens. This met with some opposition and it was resolved to present the proposition to the house as an independent movement.

A Decision Rendered.

WASHINGTON, Jan 17.—The secretary of the interior has rendered a decision in the case of James K. Martin, guardian of Calvin James and the city of Cheyenne Wyoming versus Frances Nolan. The land involved lies near Cheyenne and is used for water works. The decision sustains that of the commissioner of the general land office rejecting Nolan's application, but leaves the claim of Cheyenne undetermined.

Erase Will Succeed Himself.

WASHINGTON, Jan 17.—The nomination of Walter L. Bragg, to succeed himself as interstate commissioner, was favorably reported to-day in the executive session of the senate by the committee on interstate commerce.

Senator Ingalls Slighted.

WASHINGTON Jan 17.—Some comment was caused recently by the fact that Senator Ingalls, president pro tem of the senate was not asked to be present at the state dinner given by President and Mrs. Cleveland last week.

President's Reception.

WASHINGTON Jan 17.—The public parlors and the conservatory of the White house were crowded to-night with a large and brilliant assemblage, invited to attend the president's reception to the diplomatic corps.

Arrival of Mr Morton.

WASHINGTON Jan 17.—Vice-President elect Morton and wife arrived in Washington on the limited express from New York this afternoon, and are stopping at the Hotel la Normandie.

It Rests with Congress.

WASHINGTON Jan 17.—Secretary Whitney says the state department has done all it can in the Samoan matter. It now rests with congress, which alone has the power to declare war.

CONQUERED BY DRINK.

John L. Sullivan on What May Prove To Be His Last Spree.

BOSTON Jan 17.—It is the old story. John L. Sullivan once without a peer in the fistic arena, has again met his old conqueror, rum, and has become groggy. He has forgotten and broken the vows made on his sick bed at death's door a few months ago. This time, it is feared, by those close to him, that he has started on his last debauch, for he is not yet a well man, by any means, and it will take but a few days of dissipation to send him to his bed again.

Tuesday night he began his carouse and when he once begins there is no telling when he will end. He first called at all of his old haunts and drank to his heart's content, not because he was asked to drink, but because he desired rum and got what he desired. He wound up last evening's sport by sleeping off some of its ill-effects in the barroom of a friend, but when he awoke he began his celebration over again.

THE GARDNER CASE.

Defendant Released on Two Thousand Dollars Bail.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 17.—In the United States district court to-day Ephraim Gardner, charged with smuggling opium across the Canadian border at Cape Vincent and Ogdensburg, was discharged, and the case was laid over to the March term. Bail was fixed at $2000.

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATORS

Only Five Hundred Bills Introduced Up to Date.

SACRAMENTO Jan 17.—Practically nothing has yet been done in the legislature except to appoint committees and introduce bills. About 500 bills have been introduced up to this time and the state printer is engaged in placing them in a readable form at the rate of forty or fifty per day.

ONE OF EARTH'S TRAGEDIES

Death of Mme Di Murska and Suicide of Her Daughter.

MUNICH Jan 17.—Mme Di Murska the singer died here to day in extreme poverty. Her daughter who was heart-broken at the loss of her mother, committed suicide by taking poison.

The New Panama Canal Company.

PARIS Jan 17.—The Bonne Parisienne has assumed the entire cost of the new Panama Canal Company but it stipulates that on the opening of the canal it shall receive annually 1 per cent of the net profits. No doubt is entertained that a meeting to be held on the 25th instant will approve the scheme. If proxies are not obtained, the company will be judiciously wound up.

New York Central Election.

NEW YORK Jan 17.—At a meeting of the directors of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company to-day, the resignation of James Tellingham, assistant to President William H. Vanderbilt, who has retired from the presidency, was accepted. Henry Walter Webb, for several years vice president of the Wagner Car Company, was elected to fill the vacancy.

An Aeronaut Picked Up at Sea.

LONDON Jan 17.—Henry Wolff a Dutch aeronaut, who ascended in a balloon from Antwerp on Tuesday and was driven out to sea was rescued alive by a vessel to day. His companion, Lt Daniel was drowned before the vessel was able to reach him.

Michigan's Senator.

LANSING Jan 17.—In joint convention yesterday the legislature elected James McMillen United States senator.

Governor Fowler Inaugurated.

RALEIGH, N C Jan 17.—Hon D G Fowler was inaugurated governor of the state at noon to-day.

New State Officers Installed.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 17.—The new state officers were installed to-day.

PACIFIC COAST AFFAIRS

Forty Thousand Dollar Fire at Port Townsend.

MONTANA OPPOSING UTAH'S CLAIM

A Particularly Sad Case of Death and Destitution—The Chinese in British Columbia—San Francisco News.

PORT TOWNSEND W T Jan 17.—Three wooden buildings on Water street were burned this afternoon. The loss is estimated at $40 000 of which amount one-third is insured. The fire originated in a defective flue during a strong southeast wind and would have burned the larger portion of the town despite the efforts of the fire company had not the steam fire tug Pioneer borrowed several sections of hose from the steamer Olympian and been in delugging the flames with salt water. The occupants were W A Boarland, fruit store; John Barbenhaunt, saloon; Mrs. Mary Cougill, millinery and lodging house. The buildings were owned by Waterman & Katz.

ON GROUNDS OF POLYGAMY

The Montana Legislature Opposes the Admission of Utah.

HELENA Mont., Jan 17.—The Montana legislature passed the resolution, which was adopted by the council on Tuesday opposing the admission of Utah on the ground of polygamy. There were only three dissenting votes. In the council there was only one—Kennedy—a republican from Boulder who contended that if Montana opposed the admission of Utah on the ground of polygamy Utah would oppose Montana on the ground of licensed gambling. This action will undoubtedly kick up a row between Montana and Utah. Public sentiment here will indorse the action of the legislature as it is believed that if Washington and Dakota go in Montana is sure to regardless of what Utah may do.

THE LEGISLATIVE AND DELEGATE TOOLE

HELENA Mont Jan 17.—A resolution was passed by the council of the legislature on Tuesday approving the action of democratic Delegate Toole in the matter of his good work in the interest of the admission of Montana. The house by a republican vote of seven to five put the resolution passed unanimously. Evidently it was done without consultation with the republican members of the house and due consideration of its effect, for when it came up in the house to-day the republicans opposed it tremendously and the resolution was referred to a special committee by a strict party vote 17 to 5 with the exception of Roberts, rep voting with the democrats. The Helena republicans were aroused and brought in dispatches to bear upon the members which convinced them that it would be poor policy for a republican legislature to endorse a democratic delegate.

THE AVERY MYSTERY

The Wounded Man an Employe of the Tacoma Chamber of Commerce.

TACOMA, Jan 17.—Frank Avery shot at Gervais Creek Thursday night has been assistant secretary of the chamber of commerce here for the past two years. He left Tacoma Sunday week for Portland promising to be back Monday night. He has not been seen here and on which he was on the steamer between Seattle and Tacoma last Monday. No reason can be assigned for his absence as he had comparatively few debts. Popular opinion regards the shooting as due to a woman in the case.

THE WRONG MAN ARRESTED

SALEM Jan 17.—Walter Brannon was arrested at Harrisburg and brought here by Sheriff Croisan this morning as the man who shot Frank Avery. When confronted by the prisoner Avery said he is not the man. He told him so Brannon readily charged but he gave valuable information upon which Sheriff Croisan with facts already in his possession, thinks he can overhaul the right man who is the large man with the large blonde mustache already described. Avery is getting along finely. He has telegraphed his people in San Francisco to assist in catching the assassin.

THE CHINESE IN CANADA

Immense Immigration During the Past Six Months.

VICTORIA, B C, Jan 17.—L. Mon Know manager of the firm of King Tye & Co, arrived from the East last night. He states that he had an interview with Hon Mackenzie Bowell minister of customs at Ottawa, regarding Chinese immigration, and was informed that the $50 per capita tax on all Chinese entering Canada had become a law, and that it was useless to discuss the matter.

The *Colonist's* Ottowa special says: The amount of revenue from Chinese immigration for the last six months amounts to $28 -891, as against $5000 for the last half of 1887. Chinese immigration returned to its normal condition in December, there being only nine arrivals in the whole of Canada.

FROM SEATTLE.

Change of Mine and Railroad Management—Personal and General Notes.

SEATTLE, W T Jan 17.—The management of the Newcastle and Franklin coal mines, belonging to the Oregon Improvement Company, also of the Columbia & Puget Sound railroad and the business of mining and shipping the coal of the company at Seattle, has been placed in charge of Mr H W McNeal, late of Iowa. These places have been filled by Mr S J Milner, who is yet superintendent of the Columbia & Puget Sound road. Mr McNeal has already assumed charge and left for the mines to night by special train.

General A A Kautz is stationed in Alaska is at the Occidental with his wife. Alfred Dodge, late of Tacoma and formerly of Medford Wis died to-day at the pest house of confluent smallpox. There are yet six cases at the pest house, but the epidemic is wholly under control.

J T Ronald district attorney, returned to day from the East whither he went last month as one of the escort of the remains of the late Chief Justice Boyle for burial at Uniontown Pa.

THE SANTIAM CONTEST

A Decision Against Dr E O Smith of This City.

ALBANY Or Jan 17.—The case of the Albany Mining Company vs Dr E O Smith of Portland to recover possession of the Red Bull mining claim in the Santiam mining region was to day decided in Justice Humphrey's court in favor of plaintiffs the costs of the suit being taxed up on defendant. The decision gives plaintiffs complete possession of the disputed mine which is valued and claims is worth $9000. The case will be appealed to the circuit court.

THE NEW CRUISER CHARLESTON

She Will Soon Make Her Trial Trip at Sea.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17.—Preparations are being made at the Union Iron Works for the trial trip of the cruiser Charleston. The secretary of the navy has detailed a number of naval officers headed by Commodore Belknap to superintend it and it is now well known that the trial will not be made in the bay but will occur out at sea, away from the coast current which sweeps down from the north. To be out of the influence of the current the steamer will have to go fully 300 miles out to sea, and this short run will put her engines in splendid working order for the trip.

THE BAGGAGE MASTERS

A Committee Appointed to Secure National Legislation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 17.—The final meeting of the National Association of General Baggage Masters was held to-day. A committee was appointed to secure national legislation upon the subject of the transportation of dead bodies. The following officers were elected for the ensuing term: President, T S Newton of Detroit; vice president, W I Robinson of Cincinnati, secretary and treasurer J E Quick of Detroit. The convention adjourned to meet at Detroit July 17 next.

AN AMBITIOUS DRUNK

He Wanted To Be an Officer and Got Pulled for His Pains.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 17.—John Stevens, claiming to belong to one of the many vessels that load with lumber, was in court this morning on the charge of [illegible] and using vulgar language. Defendant was captured by an officer last night, while having in charge a man named P H Mullan, who arrived from Yaquina bay a few days ago. When arrested Stevens was endeavoring to take the man to jail. The officer watched the movements of the two men and arrived at the conclusion that the pilot of Mullan meant no good and placed Stevens under arrest.

This morning he stated to the court that he was a "little full" and was going to take transfer Mullan to his room on Mission street. He was convicted on the charge of personating an officer, and will be sentenced to-morrow.

FROM WALLA WALLA.

Death and Destitution—Coal Discovery—News Union Etc.

WALLA WALLA Jan 17.—An immigrant family named Henderson consisting of twelve members lately located at Weston have been attacked by typhoid fever several having died. The care of neighbors alone prevented starvation. One member a young woman has gone crazy in consequence of disease and anxiety.

A thick vein of coal is reported to have been discovered five miles south of Union Or.

W H Newell has resigned the clerkship of the penitentiary commission. J C Swash has been appointed in his stead.

The body of John Logan a brakeman recently killed in an accident on the Oregon Railway & Navigation near Alto was disinterred to day and sent to relatives in Missouri.

Somerindyke & Livermore real estate men here have arranged a series of spring and summer excursions from Omaha to Walla Walla via the Union Pacific. The first one is due April 1st.

TO WINTER IN CALIFORNIA

Eastern Caravan To Route for San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17.—A party of Eastern excursionists have sent word here regarding arrangements for wintering in this city and the facilities for rowing on the bay. It is understood that a number of them will start next week in a special car coming West by way of the Southern route. The party is headed by A H Horn, of Keyport New York.

THE CHAMPION STARTS.

TORONTO Jan 17.—This afternoon Wm O'Connor the champion oarsman started for California where he will try conclusions with Gaudaur. His new Ruddick boat was strapped to the top of a Pullman car by broad belts of webbing.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

Judge Rix Dismissed the Twenty Eight Cases Brought Before Him.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 17.—Judge Rix gave his decision yesterday in the cases of the twenty eight men arrested on charges of cruelty to animals and tried before him. The judge dismissed the cases on the ground of insufficient evidence but at the same time intimated that the defendants had prepared their statements before they came into court but, while sitting on the bench he could not very well consider this matter.

CALIFORNIA NEWS ITEMS

Personal and General Notes.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17.—J C Meagher who has been in Arizona for the past ten years leaves here to morrow for Seattle. He has long owned land on a point near Bremport, and says he is apprised that C P Huntington Charles Crocker and others are buying property in that vicinity and he is going up to look after his interests.

Manager W M Hoag of the Oregon Pacific railroad again left for Oregon on a brief business trip.

H Y Thompson of Portland, arrived today and is at the Palace hotel.

The steamer Arcata on the Merchants' dry dock undergoing repairs. She has been cleaned and caulked and will be towed from the dock to the wharf of the Oregon Central Navigation Company at Vallejo street where she will be overhauled and painted. She will probably occupy a week's time after which she will be again put on the Coos bay route carrying coal and passengers.

F B Kirkland was installed as Pacific coast passenger agent of the Union Pacific to-day taking the place of D W Mitchcock, who has served it company here for several years in that capacity and also as general agent and who retires with hosts of friends among the traveling public and the freight shippers. Mr Kirkland has made two changes in the personnel of the office retaining Peter McCarthy, the former ticket agent, to give place to Henry Frodsham, who has been with the Pennsylvania railway for some time as ticket agent. The other change is in the title of C L Hanna, who will hereafter be traveling passenger agent.

For several weeks past a large number of coasters have been harbound at Eureka, Cal. At last, however, the blockade is broken. To day dispatches from Eureka said that eleven vessels had gotten out of the bay and that eight had entered safely. A barrel of whisky was stolen last night from the Oregon Development Company's shed.

The steamer Columbia came off the Union Iron Work's dry dock to-day, after a thorough overhauling and painting, and was docked at Spear street.

United States Circuit Judge Sawyer's new keel yacht now under process of construction at Benicia will be ready for launching in a few days.

An Insane Chinaman.

CHICO Cal Jan 17.—An insane Chinaman ran through the streets last evening, brandishing a knife and pistol and saying he wanted to kill some one as parties were after him to kill him. He was overpowered by officers after a severe struggle, and locked up. He hung himself in his cell with his sash but was cut down in time to save his life. He was adjudged insane.

Estes a Friends at Work.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17.—A petition was yesterday forwarded to General Harrison signed by every republican member of the Nevada legislature and by fifty four out of fifty five republican members of the California legislature praying for the appointment of M M Estes of this state to a post on the General Harrison cabinet.

A Young Girl Asphyxiated.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17.—Mattie McLean 15 years of age was found dead in her bed this morning having died during the night of asphyxiation, resulting from not turning off the gas in her room the night before.

Hotel Burned.

CHICO Jan 17.—The McGann hotel owned by James McGann at Butte Meadows was totally destroyed by fire this afternoon, caused by a defective flue. Loss, $7000; insurance, $3000.

Shipping.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17.—Arrived Sharp Valley Portland. Cleared—Steamer Umatilla Victoria steamer Columbia Portland. Sailed—Steamer Willamette Valley, Yaquina bay.

Salem News Items.

SALEM Jan 17.—Two boys at the East Salem school this afternoon ran against each other, while playing, and one of them Robbie Ashford, son of the baker at the asylum was knocked senseless by the other's head striking him on the temple. The injury was only temporary.

The following have been appointed notaries public: Wallace J Bruce and Edward Heintz East Portland, E A. Wheeler Eugene City, C B Bayard The Dalles, A C Williams, La Grande, William Dodson, Lake View.

All but $250 of the bonus for the street railway up Center street has been raised, and it is now probable that this line will be commenced in a week or two. A bonus has been raised of $600 for an extension north on Commercial to the mill race and it will be made forthwith. An additional bonus is offered for an extension across the creek to North Salem, but it will not be accepted yet. The short line now running is paying already about $10 a day above expenses.

Tacoma News Items.

TACOMA, W T., Jan 17.—Prosecuting Attorney Colmer was heard from to-day. He is on his way home, and is expected here to-morrow.

R F Radebaugh was to-day held to answer in the district court on two charges of criminal libel on Harry Morgan, bail, $1000 on each charge.

Articles of incorporation of the Tacoma Warehouse and Elevator Company were filed to day, capital, $100,000 with power to raise to $250,000 when deemed necessary. Trustees: A. M. Ingersoll, Wm. Dunn and C. H. Marble.

Victoria Elections.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 17.—Civic elections were held to-day, John Grahame being elected mayor.

A STRANGE DISCLOSURE

An Audacious Conspiracy Thwarted by Chance.

THE OUTRAGES IN MISSISSIPPI

Lawless Acts That Equal the Worst Crimes of the Notorious Ku Klux—Helpless Blacks Robbed and Driven Out.

CHICAGO Jan 17.—There was a tragic disclosure to-day in the case of Mrs Naomi Fairchild who claims to be the widow of a wealthy supposed bachelor Colborn Walter S Babcock who was mysteriously murdered last year at the house of Mrs Sarah Dodge in Gardner Ill. Mrs Fairchild has been trying through the probate court here, to secure a share of Babcock's estate and had almost conclusively shown that Babcock actually did secretly sustain marital relations with her and has attempted to prove that when she was in an apparently dying condition Babcock was married to her by Rev M Burns a Methodist minister. The testimony of the clergyman left no doubt that a wedding under the circumstances described had taken place.

To-day Mrs Julia Brattan a sister of Mrs Fairchild, was on the stand, and the fact crept out that the minister at her marriage was the same Mr Burns. Cross questioning soon developed the fact in every detail of time place and manner of the Brattan wedding was identical with the alleged marriage of Mrs Fairchild to Colonel Babcock.

The trial was at once adjourned, and the opinion is that Mrs Fairchild's case has fallen flat.

THE MISSISSIPPI OUTRAGES

Associated Press Dispatches Confirmed by Unimpeachable Authority.

JACKSON Miss Jan 17.—A letter will appear in to morrow's issue of the *New Mississippian* from S D Chamberlain from Shuqualak in which that gentleman confirms the report made in these dispatches last night of outrages on negro families in Kemper and Noxubee counties perpetrated by what he terms a mob composed of the most depraved and irresponsible part of our community which has been for the weeks robbing and plundering defenseless women and children and driving them from their homes without check or hindrance. Crime has by have been committed that the outside world would not dream of. Brutes feeling no restraint of law or honor have endeavored to see how deep they could steep themselves in infamy. People have been driven from their homes who had by years of industry and economy paid for their lands and little supplies. They have committed no crime unless it is a crime to be born black. Three families who sent to him yesterday for protection have been notified to leave within five days and are now struggling through mud and rain to save their worldly store from the vandals.

Mr Chamberlain calls for repression of the outrages and says the governor ought to place these people back on their farms and protect them therein if it takes all the militia of the state. It is stated that Governor Lowery is about to take active steps in the matter.

BONFIELD AND SCHAACK

The Chicago "Times" Says Both Will Be Dismissed by the Mayor.

CHICAGO Jan 17.—The *Times* to-morrow will say that within the past week it has been promised on behalf of Mayor Roche that he would dismiss from office for corruption and dishonesty Inspector Bonfield and Captain Schaack two police officers so boldly known through their connection with the Haymarket riot and the hanging of the anarchists. This announcement is made in reply to a proposition sent to day from Mayor Roche to the *Times* asking that all the evidence be submitted to three well known citizens to determine whether the *Times'* demand for the immediate suspension of the accused be acceded to, pending a court trial.

The *Times* will allege that sufficient sworn proof was some days ago submitted to the mayor's immediate associates and that the *Times* will not now be invegled into prematurely exposing certain proof necessary to the proper defense of the suits brought against it. The paper claims it is not yet through with its extraordinary disclosures and promises to present to the public additional evidence reflecting not only on Bonfield and Schaack, but also others.

THEATRICAL NOTES

Mary Anderson Will Go to San Francisco—Death of Miss Booth.

NEW YORK Jan 17.—Arrangements have been completed for the transportation of Mary Anderson and her company from Boston to San Francisco in April. Miss Anderson will close her American tour in San Francisco.

Miss Rosalie A Booth sister of Edwin Booth the eminent tragedian, died on Tuesday. She has been an invalid for several years being a sufferer from paralysis. She was 60 years of age.

"LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY"

NEW YORK, Jan 17.—The "Little Lord Fauntleroy" Company, which has been organized for California will play but one engagement before opening in San Francisco and that will be at Ford's opera house, Chicago during the week beginning March 4.

A PEREMPTORY CIRCULAR.

Sent by Tobacco Manufacturers to the Louisville Tobacco Dealers.

LOUISVILLE Jan 17.—A circular signed by thirteen of the largest tobacco manufacturers in the country was received this morning, addressed to the Louisville Tobacco Dealers' Association containing an ultimatum request that it be answered by noon to-day. If rejected, they proposed to withdraw from this market entirely. Their demands are in substance, as follows: For a uniform system of inspection by all warehouses the responsibility to rest with the warehouse when if goods are not up to the sample that there be no bidding by the warehouse men or their employees and many other conditions. The warehousemen replied that they would not agree to the terms.

FOR OREGON AND WASHINGTON

A Carload of Lobsters and White Fish Spawn En Route.

BUFFALO Jan 17.—One of the cars of the United States fish commission in charge of Captain Frank Mills has passed through here, having on board 1710 lobsters for points on the coast of Oregon and Washington. The car will also receive 2 000 000 white fish spawn from the hatchery at Northville Mich half of which will be put in at about the mouth of the Columbia river and the other half in Puget sound. The trip is merely an experimental one.

WEDDING OF MISS DREXEL

Gifts to the Bride Valued at a Quarter of a Million Dollars.

PHILADELPHIA Jan 17.—The marriage of Edward Dexaux Morrell and Miss Louisa Bouvier Drexel, daughter of the late Anthony J Drexel, took place this morning at the Roman Catholic Cathedral in this city. A part of the honeymoon will be spent in Europe. The gifts to the bride were numerous and costly and aggregated in value nearly a quarter of a million dollars.

EDISON THE INVENTOR

In a Dispute With His Counsel Over the Sale of Patents.

NEW YORK Jan. 17.—The *Evening Sun* is authority for the story that Edison the inventor, and Tomlinson, counsel for many years for Edison, have quarreled over the sale of the phonograph patents by Tomlinson and it is said that big interests are involved. All prominent electricians are awaiting the developments with interest.

MR. AND MRS. HARRISON

Callers Received Yesterday—Denial of a Slanderous Story.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 17.—General Harrison had an unusually large number of callers to-day, both from those out of town and in the city. A prominent Southern visitor was Captain E. W. Ward, of North Carolina, son of General W. T. Ward, who was for a time commander of the division to which General Harrison's brigade was attached. Captain Ward is anti-Mahone, and came as the representative of the North Carolina republicans, to tell the president-elect that his people preferred ex-Congressman Dockery to General Mahone.

Colonel R. D. Locke, of Macon, Ga., arrived this evening and will be joined tonight by Colonel A. E. Burke, of Savannah and Dr. C. W. Arnold, of Albany, Ga. They will confer with General Harrison to-morrow on Southern politics.

A story has been going the rounds of the press purporting to give the account of Mrs. Harrison's being snubbed by Mrs. Blaine on a special occasion at the White house during President Garfield's administration. It is reliably learned to day that there is no truth in this story which certainly does Mrs. Blaine cruel injustice.

TARIFF LEAGUE BANQUET

Congressman Morrow Speaks on Pacific Coast Interests.

NEW YORK Jan 17.—The American Protective Tariff League dined at Delmonico's this evening. There were present 325 members and guests. Hon. William McKinley of Ohio, and Hon. Thomas B. Reed of Maine sent their regrets.

President Ammedown welcomed the guests and stated that there are now 900 members of the league who have contributed over $70 000 to further its purposes. Fifteen million pages of tariff statements and arguments were sent out to the states and territories.

Congressman Morrow of California, spoke of the Pacific coast and its development under the protective tariff. He said the forces of nature had provided in a rough way for California about all she could wish except perhaps a place in the cabinet under the new administration which last how ever he wished to say in confidence there existed to receive. He spoke of the growth of California's wealth as her gold output has declined and stated it as the result of a home market under protection. Having touched upon the increase of production in wool, raisins, fruits, mineral and sugar, Morrow said:

Even the bourbonism of free trade hesitates at this point and admits that the spirit of democracy requires American sugar. Will Maine or Ohio let me ask, be less ardent in their devotion to the principle of protection because of this fact? I beg not. Let us maintain the faith, and in a few years every pound of sugar consumed in the United States will be the product of our own soil and the reward of our own labor. I desire to be understood as being emphatically in favor on this point for I think I know what the Pacific coast will do with fair encouragement in this new and promising field of industry. I want to impress upon you the important and growing interests of the Pacific coast and its increasing power as a factor in the politics of the whole country, a power that insists distinctly upon the principle of protection for the benefit of her people and for the development of her industrial wealth.

OTHER SPEAKERS.

Hon J F Hanson, of Georgia speaking on the toast "Two Souths" and having referred to the recent campaign said: If the results of that campaign, as they indicate public judgment and the public will amount to anything the republican party is under mandate from the people to cut up the internal revenue system by the roots and secure the permanency of the American policy of protection. That the political South proposes to destroy the protective system no man of candor and intelligence will deny. In view of this purpose the man or party who will save the political South from itself and save the country from the political South will best promote the interests of the South and the country. If the cause of protection fails in this country it will fall at the hands of the solid South.

When Hon Warner Miller was introduced and allusions were made to a cabinet position for the New York statesman there was a volley of cheers and applause. Miller spoke on the influence of the tariff on commerce and shipping and set forth by facts and figures that the prosperity of the country was solely due to high tariff.

A telegram of congratulation to General Harrison was read and followed by great applause.

John Jarrett of Pittsburg, spoke in behalf of the workingmen's interest in the tariff, saying his remarks upon comparisons instituted by him to the advantage of protection between the English and the American workmen.

MISS ROOSEVELT'S FIANCEE

Baron Zedlitz Relinquishes All Claims to Her Estate.

NEW YORK Jan 17.—Saturday there was heard in the surrogate's court the action in chancery brought by the mother of Miss Cornelia C Roosevelt who is to be married to Baron Clement Zedlitz an officer in the German army. As her guardian Mrs. Roosevelt has accepted the offer of marriage made by the baron to her daughter, provided he will prior to the marriage, enter into an ante nuptial contract with her and with certain trustees named by which he renounces any right which he might otherwise acquire to her daughter's property under the laws of Germany, where they expect to reside.

The subject of the suit is to obtain the sanction of the court to the marriage contract upon the baron's executing a settlement which will also be duplicated in the court. Miss Roosevelt has an income from her estate amounting to about $6 000 per year. Under the laws of Germany the baron would become entitled to it, personally after the marriage. Baron Zedlitz testified that he was willing to enter into the proposed marriage settlement. Other testimony was given tending to show that Miss Roosevelt thoroughly understands the step she is about to take. As the proceedings were perfectly friendly, the judge considered that the proposed marriage was a suitable one and signed his findings in accordance with the testimony given. Miss Roosevelt was born in America and once talked English but the reporter who went to see her about it had to use the services of an interpreter, as she would not, or could not speak her mother tongue but talked in French.

Little Boys on a Long Journey.

New York Tribune, January 9.

Four little Brooklyn boys with revolvers and bowie knives on a chair by their side lay fast asleep at the police station in New Brunswick yesterday morning. They were captured on Monday night by Sergeant Fox of the police force while on their way to Florida. The party originally consisted of seven youngsters who entered from Brooklyn that morning for the land of oranges and alligators. Two of them backed out at Jersey City, the others had enough to pay their fare to Newark and then they started to tramp. When found in New Brunswick they had just mailed letters at the postoffice to their parents informing them that they had started to walk to Florida and would be back in a few days.

One of the five boys got away, but the others captured the others who gave their names as Fred and Harlow Sparks, of No 93 Portland avenue, Albert Stevenson of No 708 Fulton street and John W. Fleischman, of No 468 Adelphi street. Their parents were informed by telegraph and came for them yesterday. The boys had a good outfit and when the night patrol caught them by while the boys told their tales. The little fellows all well dressed and though but 13 and 14 years old were manly little chaps. One of them had thoughtfully put a pair of rubber overshoes in his pocket remarking that they might have to go in damp places when they went for alligators.

A Relic of a Famous Campaign.

Baltimore Sun.

A white pine tree was cut recently two miles south of Shade Mills, in Garrett county, Md near the site of the old Brad dock road and converted into shingles. It was a large tree, and by expert woodsmen est mated to be at least 300 years old. In cutting it up the saw going through some tough substance then supposed to be a knot attracted attention, and investigation disclosed a bullet imbedded within two inches of the heart. The tree at this point was thirty two inches in diameter. About one third of the bullet was sawed away the remainder weighing at least an ounce, being left in the corner of the butt end of a shingle. The ball is supposed to have been shot from a musket by one of Braddock's men during the campaign which culminated in the disaster at Fort Du Quesne. In this event the bullet was embedded in the tree 133 years ago, each year's growth burying it deeper. It is a most interesting memento of the ill starred campaign of 1755.

Appearances Deceitful.

Philadelphia

ARISES

Vancouver, Washington Territory.

The Queen City of the Columbia River.

Sixty years ago, when the Argonauts of the Hudson Bay Company, ruling an empire in America, landed on the sylvan shores "Where rolls the Oregon," and sought the most commanding site for fort and trading post, the grassy slopes and oak tree shaded knolls at the grand bend of the Columbia river, beckoning from among a host of nature's beauties, won the choice, and VANCOUVER was named.

Forty years ago, when the United States Government sent its educated army officers from West Point to take formal possession of the great northwest territory, and locate a home for themselves and successors for all time, they, after looking up and down the coast, raised their colors and fired their first sunset gun from the brow of the beautiful hill which overlooks the most bountiful landscape on the globe, at Vancouver

When the peaceful messengers of love and mercy—the devoted disciples of the ancient See of Rome—came to these shores to bring the glad tidings of salvation, they here saw the king of day ascending above the snowy ranges of the Cascades and illuminating scenes of transcendent loveliness around them, and at Vancouver erected the holy cross upon the spire of the first Christian church built in Oregon Territory

Till the commercial spirit and power of Portland overcame the milder measures of its sister, the hunter and trapper, the emigrant and traveler, found comfort and shelter within the fort & homes of the city of Vancouver

Portland has grown apace and waxed great, under a spirit of enterprise, while its sister has peacefully pursued the beautiful paths of home-building, till, as a place of dwelling, it is as compelling and lovely now, in the day of modern homes, as erstwhile it was to the pioneer and soldier

Lo! the spirit of enterprise arises in Vancouver and holds aloft the beckoning baton of commercial enterprise, while it unlocks the mines of coal and iron and the vasts forests of primeval timber, stored in the fastnesses of the Cascade mountains since the beginning of time, for the enrichment of this generation of men

A half a score of the timber kings of Michigan have joined capital and efforts with the people of Vancouver in building its railroad into these mountains

This railroad is being rapidly built

It will bring to tidewater at Vancouver coal, iron and lumber enough to create there the second Seattle of Washington Territory

The capitalists and leaders of enterprise of Portland have recognized the future greatness of Vancouver, and have built the Portland Vancouver Railroad to connect the two cities

Fortunes are made by siezing upon the tide at the turn

Sieze your chance

Now is the turn of the tide in Vancouver.

It springs forward from January, 1889, upon a career of commercial and industrial prosperity as grand as the largest of its sister cities of Washington Territory.

Its town property has now felt a boom.

PRICES ARE AS LOW, AND THE CHANCES FOR FORTUNES AS GREAT, IN VANCOUVER NOW AS THEY WERE IN SPOKANE FALLS, SEATTLE OR TACOMA TEN YEARS AGO

Lots from $100 to $300 each, within five minutes' walk of the very center of the city.

The Best Business Corner (3 lots, brick building) in the city for $50,000.

Fine Farms and Fruit Lands in the near vicinity at from $20 to $50 per acre.

Six years' experience in the Real Estate business in Vancouver. Thoroughly posted in prices. Investments made for non-residents Some Fine Timber Tracts. Correspondence solicited.

STEARNS & HITCHCOCK, Vancouver, W. T.

JANEWAY'S CASE ON TRIAL.

Judge Stearns Will Give Frank Howard His Sentence This Morning.

Law and Love—Property To Be Sold—Langford Jones Case—Police Court Matters—Barnet vs Moorehead—He Paid the Costs

The case of Richard E Janeway charged with stealing a registered letter from the postoffice at Spicer Linn county was on trial in the United States circuit court yesterday

The defendant by jumping his bail and a few months since surrendering himself to the authorities at Omaha and being brought back here, has achieved more newspaper notoriety than he would ever have gained by anything in an honest way he is capable of

The prosecution was conducted by District Attorney McArthur, and what seemed a very strong case was made out against Janeway The testimony for the defense seemed rather unimportant Mr Janeway was at last put on the stand and told his version of the robbery He said he had gone to bed on the evening of the robery, and a short time after his attention was attracted by a noise in the store and he got up and came down on the platform before the store where he saw a man and asked him what he was doing there the man made no reply but gave a shuffle and another man came up and both ran away across a field he ran after them for some distance calling up a neighbor as he passed the house and when he had pursued the fugitives to a slough he turned about and came home he was requested to sleep in the store the remainder of the night which he did on a mattress provided

The inference is that the men who ran away stole the registered letter Money was found on Janeway which corresponded with that which was in the letter stolen and an attempt was made to show that Janeway had received this from the Oregonian Railway Company, but this proof did not materialize Mr C N Scott was summoned to prove what Janeway's character was in the community where he resided but testified that he knew nothing about it The case will probably be decided to day

DISCHARGED AND EXONERATED

When the cases of E L Amsdell Mollie West, Lizzie Brown and May Bergman charged, on complaint of John Latham with having feloniously relieved him of $550 were called in the police court Wednesday after noon the complaining witness did not appear to prosecute inasmuch as Latham had been in court nearly every day from the time the arrest of these defendants was made until the day set for trial it appeared strange that he should not appear to prosecute when the cases were called The cases were then continued one day longer and a bench warrant was placed in the hands of the chief of police to insure the prosecuting witness attendance.

When the cases were called yesterday afternoon the matter stood as the day before for the prosecuting witness could not be found Counsel for defendants then asked for an honorable discharge of his clients and as the prosecuting attorney made a motion to the same effect the court made an order dismissing the cases and charging the costs of this action to the prosecuting witness if he can be found The court in discharging the defendants, stated that under all the circumstances he felt justified in pursuing this course. The prosecuting witness, having had all reasonable time for prosecuting the defendants and then failing to appear, when the cases were called it seemed to the court that in the entire proceedings there was an evidence of malicious prosecution Latham evidently came to the conclusion at the ninth hour that he had no good case and possibly left the city to avoid having to pay costs

TOMPKINS VS. LOWE

Jonathan D Tompkins yesterday found that he was as unsuccessful a suitor at law as he is at love

On the 7th of last September he loaned Mrs Sarah F Lowe $350 declining to accept either a note or a mortgage on her property as security because there was a little affair of the heart between plaintiff and defendant Shortly after the loan was made Tompkins had occasion to leave town and for two months he and Mrs Lowe corresponded with each other at the end of this time however she wished the correspondence to cease. Tompkins at once returned to this city and in view of the change of affairs asked Mrs Lowe for a note and mortgage to secure the repayment of the loan this she declined to do and the action for the recovery of the $350 was yesterday on trial before Judge Shattuck and a jury Tompkins testified that there was no time specified for the return of the money to him but Mrs Lowe swore that there was an oral stipulation that she could use the funds for two years and the jury found a verdict in favor of the defendant

BARNET AND MOOREHEAD

The case of William Moorehead charged on complaint of M M Barnet with assault with intent to kill was called in Justice Tuttle's court at 2 o clock yesterday afternoon The court room was well filled with witnesses and interested spectators who had come to witness the proceedings Although a large number of witnesses were examined no testimony of a startling nature was developed One thing was developed during the examination and that was that there is not much love between the prosecuting witness and the defendant. Inasmuch as there are two charges pending against Barnet he very studiously avoided criminating himself in answering the questions adroitly put by counsel for the defense

The examination occupied the court the greater part of the afternoon and was then taken under advisement until 4 o clock this afternoon

EVIDENTLY JUST FROM TACOMA

The Chinaman Wong Sing who Wednesday was arrested for peddling vegetables on the streets without a license was arraigned on this charge in the police court yesterday afternoon. Through an interpreter Wong Sing pleaded guilty to the charge, but in extenuation of his offense he claimed to have been in ignorance of the city license ordinance He stated that he had only just lately come to the city and was not aware of the fact that a license for peddling was required On promise of immediate compliance with the license ordinance the court allowed the prisoner to go

Ah King was arraigned on a similar charge and he too found it convenient to give the same excuse Just got into town he said and did not know that I had to take out a license The court made the same order in his case as in that of Wong Sing

FIRE WATER CASES

American citizens and all other white men at Pendleton who through pity or any other motive are inclined to supply whisky to the picturesque aborigines who hang around that town will do well to shun one of them known as Wee Soot as they would shun the deadly upas tree He is a base ingrate an *ignis fatuus* of a spongy character as is he shows all the whisky given him and straightway informs against the giver Two of his victims were brought down from Pendleton yesterday by Deputy United States Marshal City Myers One of them William Shaw is like Wee Soot an old hand at the business and the other August Rolland is of the right stock for another Their cases will be attended to as soon as convenient

CHARGE OF IRREGULAR DEALING

In the circuit court yesterday John Switzler began an action against Ben Selling assignee of J Meyer an insolvent debtor Plaintiff alleges that he bought a lot of blankets from the defendant by sample and when he received the blankets at his place of business in Umatilla they were of a quality inferior to that of the sample and he refused to accept them He made a demand upon the assignee for the purchase price of the goods who declined to refund it Hence the suit in which Switzler prays for judgment in the sum of $115

DRUNKS AND MINOR CASES

Yesterday afternoon Judge Turner disposed of the following cases in the police court

George O Brien F B Murphy and Lawrence Lollar, simple drunks fined $2 each, S L Duberson also charged with being drunk denied the soft allegation but admitted being half drunk For this stage of intoxication the court imposed a fine of $10

BY THE LIGHT OF THE MOON

Albert Johnson a colored young man with an unnatural proclivity for roaming the streets at night was arraigned on a charge of wandering about the city after 12 o clock This is the third time Johnson has been arrested for this misdemeanor and in accordance with these circumstances the court imposed a heavier fine than usual Johnson was sentenced to pay a fine of $30.

GOT OFF WITH THE COSTS

William Kimline has been fencing up the road between the Marquam and Mount Zion roads though repeatedly warned to desist The grand jury accordingly indicted him for the misdemeanor and yesterday he proposed to compromise by payment of the costs if the action were dismissed This was done on motion of the district attorney The costs amounted to some $20

THE DOCTOR WILL MAKE A FIGHT

In Judge Shattuck's court yesterday the attorneys for defendant in the damage suit of Jennie Langford against Dr Henry E Jones in which Mrs Langford obtained a verdict in the sum of $5000 for alleged malpractice asked and were allowed additional time till the 26th inst to move for a new trial and they were also granted till February 1 to file a bill of exceptions

SHADOWS OF COMING EVENTS

The grand jury's labors in the Chinese murder cases are nearing an end the district attorney stated to a reporter yesterday and the result of their investigations will be announced in a day or two That gentleman denies the rumor that the Wilcox Mollsaac blackmail case has been fixed up He says that a date for trial will soon be agreed upon

VALUABLE PROPPETY TO BE SOLD

An order was issued by Judge Caldwell yesterday for the sale at auction of certain real estate belonging to the estate of John E Dunn The land is near East Portland and consists of eighteen acres worth probably $30 000

TO APPEAR FOR SENTENCE

Frank Howard the confidence man convicted Wednesday afternoon for obtaining money under false pretenses, will receive his his sentence at 9 30 o clock this morning in Judge Stearns's court

PREPARING TO WED

Marriage licenses were issued from the county clerk's office yesterday to John Koeschli and Margaret Herman George H Nicolai and Edith P Hardin

YESTERDAY'S BIOTILR

IN THE STATE CIRCUIT COURT

U S vs L E Janeway on trial

STATE CIRCUIT COURT NO 1

Jennie Langford vs Drs Henry E Jones and William Jones time extended to move for a new trial until January 26 1889 and to file bill of exceptions until February 1 1889

Jotham D Tompkins vs Sarah J Lowe verdict for defendant

J C Horr vs W B Chipman on trial defendant discharged

STATE CIRCUIT COURT NO 2

State vs Alexander Kimline case dismissed on defendant paying costs

DOLPH'S RESPONSE

His Answer to the Notification That He Has Been Nominated for Re election

Senator J N Dolph upon receiving notice of the action taken by the republican caucus on Wednesday evening telegraphed from Washington the following reply

Thanks for congratulatory telegrams Kindly convey my grateful appreciation to the members of the caucus and other friends. J N DOLPH

Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiar It has no equal as a blood purifier and strengthening medicine

Take the Northern Pacific Railroad for all points East The only dining-car route from Portland Office No 2 Washington street

A QUARTER OF A MILLION.

That is the Sum Mr H D Chapman Proposes to Save the State

By the Construction and Operation of a Portage Railway Between The Dalles and Celilo on the Washington Side

Mr H D Chapman who leads the incorporators of The Dalles Portage Railway Company and who has been absent at Salem since the filing of the articles returned yesterday and was seen upon his return by a reporter to whom, after considerable hesitation he unfolded some of the company's hopes and plans

The truth is said Mr Chapman that I have been working on this proposition at different times for three or four years I have been near success in getting money three or four times but every time some of my references have thrown cold water on the project by stating that the state would surely do something soon Now we propose to bring the subject before the legislature in a tangible shape and will build the road for the state if she wants it

Have any of the legislators examined your proposition?

Yes quite a number and all who have seen it agree that the plan is quite feasible

Please give an outline of the length of the road and its estimated cost

The track will cover including necessary sidetracks about fifteen miles The surveys have been all made and the right of way secured The line runs on the northern side of the river all the way There has never been any railroad on the Washington side and there is no possibility of building one on the Oregon side in addition to the Oregon Railway & Navigation Co's line for less than a round million of dollars There would have to be an abnormal contraction of fifteen to twenty feet or else an equally expensive system of tunnels

The estimated cost of the entire line is about $600 000 The sum will build and equip the road ready for traffic

Have you the moneys to build the road?

Not myself but I have some friends who will put their money into the enterprise if we can get any aid from the state The end we should require would be the interest on our bonds for twenty years at 4 per cent The principal the company will take care of

What return to the state should you make for this interest money

We are going to give them rates as low as the state could possibly make them if she owned the road and we will agree in writing, order and ready for traffic by January 1 1890

How do you propose to secure the state for this incurred obligation?

We will give bonds to complete the road in that time

Who will introduce your bill?

It is now in the hands of Hon D P Thompson who proposes first to submit it to the legislative committee of the Watchman convention for their approval

How he any interest in it?

None whatever except as he is interested in common with every citizen of the Columbia valley

What interest is this scheme to the producers of this state?

It will save them in the matter of freight charges at least a quarter of million dollars a year

EXHUMED FOR A POST MORTEM

The Body of Lewis Young Buried Five Weeks Ago, Disinterred for Examination

About five weeks ago a man named Lewis Young who was the proprietor of a shingle mill down on Lewis river was reported in this paper to have been killed According to reports Young met with a violent death He went out on a boom near his mill and while walking across it he slipped and fell between two of the logs He could not extricate himself and as the tide was rising he was so fearfully jammed between the logs that he died soon after being extricated Young had an accident policy for $5000 Shortly after his death it was reported that he had not met his death in the manner described above but that he had committed suicide by taking laudanum These reports were repeated and circulated until the insurance agents heard of them Finally to settle the question as to how Young came to his death an investigation was ordered by the insurance company Mrs Young consented to have the body of her husband exhumed and a postmortem held

Young's shingle mill was located some sixteen miles from Vancouver but the body was conveyed to the latter place and buried in the Catholic cemetery Yesterday an insurance agent a physician and an ambitious young medical student of this city left here and proceeded to Vancouver At that place they were joined by another surgeon The four then proceeded to the cemetery where the body of Young was exhumed The stomach and a portion of the brains were taken out placed in jars and sealed up These portions were then delivered into the custody of the surgeon at Vancouver The services of a thorough analytical chemist will be secured who will subject the contents of the jars to a critical analysis Pending the result of the inquest the matter of paying the widow of Young the insurance money will be held in abeyance Altogether considered the case is a very peculiar one

THIS SHOULD BE STOPPED

PORTLAND Jan 17

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

Trap doors have been fitted into the bridge over Marquam gulch through which street scrapings are being dumped These scrapings are impregnated with horse droppings and other organic matter And yet it is proposed to use this foul material as 'filling' Houses built over such made land will assuredly in the future be visited with deadly sicknesses spreading into other portions of the city Nor is this all, for the corrupted water of the gulch will flow into the Willamette and add to the impurity of that river in its passage through our city This disposition of street scrapings should be stopped at once CITIZEN

[The citizen who wrote the above is with out doubt more scared than hurt All "the horse droppings and other organic matter" mixed with the street scrapings which are dumped into Marquam's gulch will have no more and probably not a tenth part as much effect in causing deadly sickness than has the coating of manure a farmer gives his garden As to the corrupted water from the gulch adding any appreciable amount to the impurity of the river which receives the sewage of the whole city the bare idea is enough to make a horse laugh. The committee on streets have given the matter of disposing of street scrapings which consist principally of pulverized rock considerable attention and found that the best thing that can be done with the material is to use it for filling such places as Marquam's gulch If Citizen thinks the should be stopped he ought to suggest also a better plan for disposing of the scrapings]

FINANCIAL MULDOONS

List of the Heaviest Taxpayers of Clatsop County as Appears on the Assessment Roll

The *Astorian* of Thursday contains a long list of the heaviest taxpayers of Clatsop county compiled from the assessment roll The following are the names of those who pay taxes on $10 000 and upward

Allen J H	$ 14 [illegible]
Anglo-American Packing Co	11 000
Astor Mrs Mortar	1 000
Astor Wm C	10 [illegible]
Astoria Packing Co	[illegible]
Astoria Trading Co	1 [illegible]
Bell Caroline Mrs	1 [illegible]
Bell J C estate of	1 930
Bell J & Co	4 [illegible]
Boot A & Sons	[illegible]
Booth J & Sons	[illegible]
Bowling Mrs	[illegible]
Brown Hiram	[illegible]
Case J W	[illegible]
Cline [illegible]	[illegible]
Cook J W & A	[illegible]
Cordray D W	[illegible]
Crosby C	[illegible]
Cushman Packing Co	[illegible]
Dalton River Packing Co	[illegible]
Dalton Wm [illegible]	[illegible]
Dement W	[illegible]
Dolph Cyrus A	[illegible]
Fisher [illegible]	[illegible]
Fisher Brothers & Co	[illegible]
Flavel C S	[illegible]
Flavel Mrs Geo	[illegible]
Ford & Sisk	[illegible]
Forsyth Donald & Co	[illegible]
Fox J O	[illegible]
Gearhart & Co	[illegible]
Gray Baker	[illegible]
Hamilton & Co	[illegible]
Hobson Chas	[illegible]
Hill Jas & Co	[illegible]
Hill Jas & Weather	[illegible]
Hume Jos	[illegible]
Hume [illegible] W	[illegible]
Higbee S C	[illegible]
Hamm Fred	[illegible]
Kinney Mrs	[illegible]
Kinney M J	[illegible]
Lewis Luther Mrs C	[illegible]
Meyer Wilson	[illegible]
N W Lumber Co	[illegible]
Nelson M	[illegible]
Occident Packing Co	[illegible]
Occidental Land & Building Co	[illegible]
Occidental Packing Co	[illegible]
Parsons W C	[illegible]
Parker C J	[illegible]
Parker W W	[illegible]
Parker H S	[illegible]
Pease D L	[illegible]
Rogers M & M	[illegible]
Schlussel S	[illegible]
Shively J M	[illegible]
Taylor James	[illegible]
Tallman J C	[illegible]
Van Dusen A & Co	[illegible]
Van Dusen A estate of	11 [illegible]
Warren D S	6 [illegible]
Welch Mrs Nancy	18 910
Welch James W	31 20
West Joshua	13 [illegible]
Wise John	18 944

THAT NEW SOCIETY

Mr Habersham Talks About the Organization of Engineers and Architects

Speaking with Mr H A Habersham yesterday a reporter inquired concerning the new society of engineers and architects

The impression seems to have gone out said Mr Habersham that the organization is in some way an adjunct of the Alpine club This is not the case at all we are simply using the rooms of the club temporarily by its courtesy

Such a society continued the gentleman ought to have been established long ago They are very common at the East, though on this coast this is the first instance that I know of where engineers and architects have combined The latter have organizations of their own in San Francisco, and I think other coast cities Its advantages to both professions are great in the way of mutual discussion and investigation and in the greater stimulus thus given to professional research and achievement

Is the membership confined to the professions?

No there are three grades of the professional membership members associates and juniors But there is an additional department provided for called fellows to which any interested person can have a working footing in the club

The constitution and by laws are now in the hands of the printer and will shortly be issued in pamphlet form to those who are likely to wish a membership with us

THE GROUNDED TUG THISTLE

She Has Been Recovered and is Now Being Repaired

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17 —The whaleboiling Thistle which has been aground at Roche river for the last seven weeks arrived safely in port this morning and was docked at the little Main street wharf She was forty six hours in making the trip down starting from above as soon as she was pulled off the mud She has been engaged in the towing business on Roque river for the past three months and was about to leave there for San Francisco for repairs when she met with the accident She has on board a cargo of salmon and when this is discharged she will be placed on the Merchants dry dock for repairs

PERSONAL

Mr H P Isaacs of Walla Walla was in the city yesterday en route to San Francisco

General George P Ihrie, of Fort Townsend, W T late a disbursing officer of the U S army and stationed in this city is at the Holton house

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee It cures Consumption. Skidmore & Co, druggists

EAST PORTLAND ITEMS.

The Monthly Report of the Public Schools by Prof. Wetzell.

A Good Scare—Enforcing the Ordinance Strictly—Back Again—Returned From Wasco—Church Dedication—Revival Meetings

There was considerable alarm and excitement yesterday morning in the neighborhood of Mr J I Sperry's residence, caused by the chimney burning out The flames poured out of the chimney like the blast from a foundry and a good many people thought the building was on fire It finally subsided without doing damage other than causing the people considerable alarm

EAST PORTLAND SCHOOLS

Report of the public schools of district No 21 for the month ending Jan 11 1889

School	No Enrolled	Average Number	Average Attendance	Per cent of Attendance	Tardiness	Not Absent Not Tardy
Central	450	385	340	90 1 10	61	234
Stephens	99	85	76	90 4 3	14	21
North Central	69	190	133	90 4 3	14	21
Totals	1048	810	749	94 5 2	104	4 8

W A WETZELL City Superintendent.

The enrollment shows that there has been an increase of about forty eight as indicated by a comparison with the last report

ENFORCED TOO WELL

It seems that Officer Atterbury who is also pound master has enforced the ordinance against allowing domestic animals to run at large too well and people have been obliged to put up their fences to allow their stock to be at large That has been several days since there was any kind of animal in the pound The last were some worthless horses that were of no profit but were an expense since these horses were fed at a loss of some one hundred cents per head per day Under the circumstances it is not much in the pound business just at present

A SAD TRIP

Mr W A Robeson and family who went East several weeks ago on a pleasure trip have returned Their trip was a sad one as they were compelled to bury one of their children who died while they were in Wisconsin Mr Robeson was also very sick and has hardly recovered yet Both himself and family are glad to get back to Oregon where their health will be restored

FROM EASTERN OREGON

Mr J Holmes and family have returned from their sojourn in Eastern Oregon where they have been for the past three months They were at Dufur in Wasco county

CHURCH DEDICATION

The dedication of the Albina M E church will take place Sunday January 27 at 3 P M and not next Sunday as was stated

UNION MEETINGS

The union meetings in the M E church continue every night with increasing interest

PERSONAL AND GENERAL

Dr E A Jones has gone to Washington D C to attend to some land business

K C Lay has come up from his place on the Columbia and will remain a few days with his friends

The brick layers are on the second story of Pon Parrott's new brick building. He has already rented the upper portion

ALBINA COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Various Other Notes of Interest In and About That Lively, Prosperous Little City

At the regular meeting of the city council held Wednesday at Hall's hall the following business was transacted

COMMUNICATIONS

A communication was read from the Portland Natural Ice Company remonstrating against a sidewalk being constructed on Harding street in front of their property, referred to street committee

From C L Grimes superintendent of the Portland & Vancouver Railroad Company asking permission to improve their roadbed along Margaretta avenue referred to street committee

From Contractor Hart asking an extension of time until April 1 on sidewalks, granted

From Contractor Lynch notifying the council of a partial completion of San Rafael street improvement referred to street committee

REPORTS

From the financial committee accepting the city treasurer's last quarterly report.

From the street committee, recommending the granting of the petition for the improvement of Abernethy street and notices of the improvement, ordered published and posted

From the street committee stating the bid of J Hart was the lowest bid for the improvement of West Eugene street and the street committee was authorized to enter into contract with Hart for improvement with the exception of lots 6 and 17 in block 1 of which the owner Samuel Clifford will be allowed to improve It was decided to require bonds of W H Hart and Samuel Clifford

From the street committee stating that the cost of Russell street amounted to $1[illegible]50 of which a balance of $125 remains to be collected and paid A warrant for the unpaid amount was ordered drawn in favor of the contractor W H Murphy

From City Recorder J T Hughes stating that the assessment of the city of Albina had been completed

CLAIMS AGAINST THE CITY

Olds & Summers	$ 9 90
John McCarty	4 27
John Parker & Co	6 60
I M Rothrock	15 00
G P Harvey	6 00
J J Hughes	16 00
Albina Courier	27 00

Six warrants of $250 each were ordered drawn in favor of Contractor Lynch.

ORDINANCE.

Declaring the cost of San Rafael street from the east line of Williams avenue to the center line of Margaretta avenue, read first time and referred to street committee.

Mayor McLaughlin was instructed to confer with Judge Catlin in regard to a destitute family now living in Albina

F M Hittinger chairman of the committee appointed to revise the city charter reported that the charter had been revised and was now in the hands of a competent attorney for completion

OTHER NEWS NOTES

The Albina schools were reopened last Monday after three weeks vacation with a full attendance Following are the teachers of the different schools for the present term.

Albina school—Carl W Young principal, and assistants Miss E M Crawford Mrs E L Jones Miss F Stevens, Miss M Whitfield Miss I J Beebe

Central school—Miss Carrie Meyers, Miss Minnie Bryant Miss Minnie Woodman

Multnomah school—Miss Tessie Meyers

The board of directors are L W Benedict C C Grimes George Heath and George Binfield clerk

Miss Flora Stevens, of Portland was appointed to fill the vacancy in the third grade made by Miss L P Hardie who resigned on account of ill health

Mr J Schrader has purchased lots 14 and 15 in block 31 facing on Willamette avenue

The school clerk of district 31 has been very busy during the week taking the school census.

Mr L M Hays formerly of Albina now engineer on the Heppner branch is here on a visit to old friends

The Baptists will have service next Sunday morning at Hill's hall. Rev Davis of Mount Tabor will preach.

The ship Oakworth is lying at the Irving dock and will soon sail for Liverpool with a cargo of 1826 tons of wheat

The painters and carpenters are still very busy finishing the interior of the M E church They have not progressed as rapidly as expected and the dedication of the church will be postponed until Sunday the 27th inst instead of next Sunday, as heretofore stated

There is quite a scene of bustle and activity on the property on the hill in the vicinity of Russell street A great many men are at work both by engaged in clearing lots and burning brush As many as two dozen stump fires are seen around some are preparing the ground to build on and in the homes and others to speculate on

The grading of streets has made great change in the appearance of property and also an inconvenience or vice versa to property holders Many who supposed that they were on the grade find themselves either several feet above or below the established grade, some as much as twelve feet and have to improvise steps or use a ladder to reach their homes until the grading of the streets are completed

THE HORSESHOE FALLS

A Change of Contour Caused by the Falling of a Huge Piece of Rock

NIAGARA FALLS Jan 17—Another piece of rock broke away from the crest of Horseshoe falls Sunday night Although the jar was distinctly heard at the Tablerock house the shock was comparatively slight The contour now presents an extraordinary view of a double horseshoe the smaller one caused by the recent displacement of rock being located in advance and to the right of the center of the Great Horseshoe. Visitors who are famil ar with the shape of the Canadian falls during recent years, will be able to appreciate the change at a glance

The contract for a new bridge to supplant the one blown down by the recent storm has already been let and work will be begun soon

Charges of Bribery

PHILADELPHIA Jan 17—The special committee of the council appointed to investigate the charges of bribery in connection with the passage of the Northern elevated railroad ordinance in 1884 to day reported Bill Nobbit sought to bribe a member of the council in the interest of the bill mentioned. and recommended that the evidence as to Nobbit's conduct be sent to the district attorney

Boiler Explosion

DENVER Wis Jan 17 The explosion of a boiler in the building occupied by the *Statesman and Democrat* this afternoon resulted in the severe injury of several employes who were forced to jump from second story windows to save their lives from the flames which quickly enveloped the office

A Bank Cashier Arrested.

PITTSBURG Jan 17—H F Voight former cashier of the Farmers & Mechanics bank of this city was arrested to night charged by the officers of the bank with embezzlement, perjury and falsifying accounts The bank failed September last with liabilities of $[illegible]00 000

A Cruel Captain Sentenced

BALTIMORE Jan 17—In the United States district court here to day Captain Robert Mills of the oyster schooner Chickera was found guilty of cruelly beating dredgers and sentenced to pay a fine of $500 and imprisonment for one year in jail

A Copious Grand Jury

ELKO Nev Jan 17—The grand jury rose to call upon the Elko delegation to the legislature to vote against the lottery bill contemplated by that body and scores the county commissioners for deciding the election contest case

An Act to Prevent Monopolies.

ALBANY N Y Jan 17—A bill entitled 'an act to prevent monopolies' was introduced in the senate to-day It is aimed at trusts and embodies the principle laid down in Judge Barrett's recent decision against the sugar trust

A Fatal Duel.

POTEAU Ind Ty Jan. 17—Two men named Webb and Harris fought yesterday with revolvers Both men were killed and a bystander seriously wounded

A Big Mine Strike.

BROMWELL Va Jan 17—All the miners at Union (over 4000 men), struck this morning on account of the increased size of the mine cars on the Elk Horn

Slightly Cool in Nevada.

ELKO, Nev Jan 17—The thermometer registered 25 deg below zero here last night.

RIVER, WHARVES AND STEAMERS

What a Reporter Gathered Up Yesterday on His Rounds Among the Shipping

Things at present are very lively at what is popularly called 'Steffen's boneyard.' There are three steamers at this place now, the Calliope Manzanillo and Cascades of the Columbia

The Calliope owned by the Columbia Transportation Company, has been at the yard nine months She is lying at the northern end of Steffen's grounds, just on the edge of the water, and seems to be in a good condition. She is still serviceable, and if her new boiler was furnished would be all right. This is the last boat owned by the company excepting the Multnomah, which was leased to the O R & N Co eight months ago The United States steamer Cascades of the Columbia was brought here two weeks ago and Mr Steffen expects to have her ready for work inside of fifteen days. The whole forward part of her hull is being rebuilt. She is to have new iron trimmings, a tan roof three new hog posts and a king post Her machinery is being put in better condition than ever before. She will also be repainted white, and as soon as the thirsty men who are now at work upon her are through she will at once be employed in towing the United States stone barges back and forth to the mouth of the Columbia

The stern wheeler Joseph Kellogg is now about ready for business. This steamer has been built seven years and has been upon the Freeport route for a number of years, and during that time was repaired only once This time she has been completely renovated. On the inside of the cabin, which extends the entire length of the boat, new tips encircled by an imitation gold band at the end, have been placed on the brackets used as a sort of support to the skylights. This relieves the barrenness of the ceiling very much and lends an agreeable appearance to the main room. New chairs have been placed in this apartment, and three new chandeliers of an elegant pattern have been hung on The boat is painted inside and out with dead white finish in varnish, which gives it quite a glossy cast. All the needed repairs have been made and the boat is now as thoroughly equipped, for one of her style as any on the river She is calculated to have a speed of fourteen miles an hour Her draft is two feet She will be immediately placed upon her old Freeport route

The Manzanillo of the People's Freighting Company will be completed a week from Monday A new forward deck is being built new cylinder timbers and transoms. She is being prepared for the route she has been on for the last six years The twenty men under the direction of Capt. Schaver are doing very efficient work, and expect to make quite a change in her This is the steamer which will be the mate of the one finished the 1st of June by Johnson & Olsen at Miller's mill

Mr Steffen says this is the busiest winter he has ever had at his yard Whether it means a general revival of trade a kind of forerunner of good times in the future or due solely to the appropriation made by congress he does not know His work is progressing very favorably

The State of California reached her dock at 9 30 o clock Wednesday evening She made the bar at 12 o clock midnight, and lost five hours during the trip This is doing remarkably well considering that she beat against a strong head wind all the way up which made her keep in close to the coast causing her trip to be more protracted. She spoke the Columbia on the 14th, being a day behind and met the Oregon going over the bar on time She brought up thirty cabin and about twenty three steerage passengers

The steamer William M Hoag which belongs to the Oregon Pacific Company, and which connects at Salem with the Three Sisters arrived at her dock at 4 15 with 100 tons of flour She also had considerable fruit and grain

The American ship J W Murr cleared for Queenstown yesterday carrying 68 165 bushels wheat worth $[illegible] 639

The D S Baker while on her way to The Dalles and Upper Cascades had to tie up on account of floating ice

The Fannie is being repaired at the North Pacific Lumbering and Manufacturing Company's mill

The Brinhilda and Dixie left Astoria for Portland yesterday morning at 9 o clock.

ACTIVITY AT MARE ISLAND.

Preparation of Vessels for Dispatch to Samoa.

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17—There is considerable activity at the Mare Island navy yard owing to recent orders from Washington in regard to the preparation of vessels for sea The Vandalia which has been ordered to Samoa will be ready to sail Saturday An order has also been received to prepare the Mohican for sea at once. It is believed she will proceed to Panama, and there receive a new crew from the east, and possibly go on to Samoa The Mohican will be ready to sail in two weeks An order was received yesterday to fit out the storeship Monongahela and dispatch her to Samoa as soon as possible with supplies for the fleet.

A BOISTEROUS PASSAGE

The Recent Trip of the Valley Forge From Tacoma to San Francisco

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 17—Very heavy weather was experienced by the ship Valley Forge on her recent passage down from Tacoma. She arrived late last night. She sailed on the 9th inst. On the Friday night following when off the Columbia river a very heavy southeast gale was met with also heavy rain and hail squalls which lasted twelve hours, the sea running very high from all points. The ship was under three lowertopsails foretopsail and stay sail The remainder of the passage was pleasant

The New Ministry Defeated

SYDNEY, N S. W Jan 17—The new ministry was defeated to-day on a vote of want of confidence

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The Oregonian.

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PORTLAND, FRIDAY, JAN. 18.

THE RAILROAD COMMISSION.

Governor Pennoyer appears to have removed the railroad commissioners because they did not agree with him as to the policy of fixing and regulating freight rates on the railroads by law. True, it was Governor Pennoyer who approved the bill that created the commission; true, it was Governor Pennoyer who selected and appointed the commissioners. And again, it is Governor Pennoyer who, when he finds that the views of the commissioners, upon a matter of public policy do not agree with his own, declares the commission is an unconstitutional body, and by removal of the commissioners from office proceeds to nullify the law.

The commission has been in existence about two years. In its recent report it frankly said that it came to the performance of its duties without knowledge of railroad affairs—we suppose with no more knowledge than the governor himself now possesses. But during the two years of its existence the members of the commission have devoted time and study to the problems presented, and naturally they have learned much that they did not know before. Messrs. Slater and Waggoner are men of at least average industry and intelligence. But their report seems to have irritated the governor, and his answer to it is presented in the act by which he removes them from office.

The commission in its report asked for enlargement of its powers so that it might make a schedule of rates. It argued that the difference arising out of classifications, distances and the widely-varying circumstances of different roads would make a rigid schedule of rates, fixed by statute, inadmissible, or at least inadvisable, since it could not be enforced without injustice in a great number of cases, both to the people and to the railways. Hence the commission put on record the opinion that, "to attempt to secure the needed reform by asserting the power of the state to regulate with reasonableness and justice freight charges by a straight-jacket of inflexible rates established by a maximum rate law, will be found impracticable." And in support of this opinion the commissioners said: "We do not find in any state a single enactment attempting to prescribe a general schedule of freight rates," adding: "The absence of such legislation is doubtless to be attributed to the fact that it is in a large degree impracticable. Acts regulating passenger rates may easily be formulated and their reasonableness judged of, but not so with freight rates." But the governor, who certainly has not given as much study to this subject as the commissioners, wants the legislature to pass an iron-clad freight law, and finding the railway commission in his way, has evidently resolved to get rid of it by pronouncing it an extra-constitutional body, and by removing the commissioners from office, to try to force the legislature to enact a law that the commission had pronounced inexpedient and unwise.

We may suppose that Mr. Slater, who is a lawyer, and who has served in the legislature and in both branches of congress, does not think he has been violating the constitution during two years past by serving on the railroad commission; nor is there anything in his career, or in that of his colleague, Mr. Waggoner, that would indicate that they are not at least as good friends of the people as Governor Pennoyer. The real difference is that they know something about the railroad question, not everything, perhaps, but as much as two men with their opportunities could learn within two years—while the governor knows nothing about it.

The reasons given by the commission against making a rigid schedule of rates, by statute, are those which are forced upon the attention and judgment of all who study the subject. They are the conclusions that prevail in all the states where the subject has been under consideration. Experience has amply shown that legislation of this kind is not favorable to the interests of the people, but leads to far more injustice and hardship than it can cure. There are states that do regulate freights, within certain limits, through commissions, but none that fixes them by direct statute. Many have tried the policy, but experience has compelled them to abandon it. The governor of Oregon, in recommending it, simply suggests that we make the same weary round of fatuous effort and foredoomed failure.

DOLPH FOR RE-ELECTION.

Since the general election of June last there never has been a doubt that J. N. Dolph would be re-elected to the United States senate. No one, in fact, has appeared, or been actually proposed, as a candidate against him—a fact that bears testimony to the general esteem in which he is held by the republicans of the state. It is creditable to him that he is the first senator to be re-elected at the end of his term by the state of Oregon.

Mr. Dolph wins this distinction partly through the solid qualities of his character, and partly through his active, untiring and successful exertions in behalf of the general interests of the state. He has been a very hard-working senator; and, as he now has a hold upon affairs, it is thought he can do more for the state than any other man who could be chosen. In the petty arts by which popularity is won Mr. Dolph is wholly unpractised, but he has strong resources in industry, in efficiency, and in basis of character.

He will be quietly re-elected next week when the ballot is taken, and we shall have the first decent senatorial election the state has witnessed in many years. It is a notable thing to see our legislature electing to the senate a man who is not present seeking the office; yet we fear that two years hence the old game of intrigue, combination and corruption will be renewed. But let us be thankful that we have missed it even once. The present session tells with eloquent speech how the reputation of the legislature is affected by the character of the candidate for the senate. Every observer notes the emphasis of the contrast.

THE INCREASE OF INSANITY.

The annual report of the Massachusetts state board of lunacy and charity affairs says that there is a rapid increase of insanity in that state, the number of the insane under the supervision or care of the board having increased 60 per cent. during the last ten years, although the gain in the population of the state in the same period has not exceeded 25 per cent. That is, the rate of increase in insanity is more than twice as great as the rate of increase in population. The same fact has been brought out by the official vital statistics of New York and other great centers of population. France and England report the same dismal fact that the rate of insanity increases with the rise of civilization, so-called. The records of the Massachusetts hospitals since 1833 show that the permanent recoveries are very few, hardly one in every five. Four-fifths of the insane are incurables. Massachusetts reports 6500 insane, 5000 of whom are incurable. The population of Massachusetts is about 2,000,000, and her ratio of insane is greater than that of Oregon. We have stated this remarkable increase of the Massachusetts insane to reassure those persons who think Oregon's increasing number of insane is exceptional to the rule of our American civilization.

FISH WHEELS AND TRAPS.

Adequate protection for the fishing interests of the state is necessary if the canning establishments on the Columbia river are to represent a future—a future as well as a past—and present source of wealth. In referring to this interest the governor in his message to the legislature takes occasion to speak in terms of unqualified censure of the fish wheels and traps so extensively employed by persons engaged in the canning industry on the Columbia. In his opinion there should be but one mode of taking fish from this river and its tributaries sanctioned by law, the presumption being that fishing with nets is the mode that meets his approval.

While there is nothing new in the suggestion there is that in it which demands as heretofore legislative inquiry. It has been currently stated, and it is generally believed that the salmon supply cannot long hold out against the onslaught that has for some time been made upon it. Early in the history of the canning industry of the state the necessity for laws for the protection of salmon was recognized. These were supplied in the form of statutes fixing a close season for the fish, decreasing that fishing should be entirely suspended during twenty-four specified hours of each week and regulating the size of meshes in the nets used.

It is urged, and with evident truth that these laws have been evaded, in ways more or less open, and it is charged against fish traps and wheels that they have been among the most potent agencies, in such evasion. The small fish, for which the law provides a door of escape through eight inch meshes falls a prey to the traps and wheels that abound on the upper river, thus working an injustice to the lower river fishermen and failing to afford the protection intended.

Intelligent investigation should be able to settle this matter so that it would not be a part of the regular legislative craziness of the state to discuss it. If fish wheels and traps threaten, as it is claimed that they do, the extermination, relatively speaking, of this great food fish it should not be difficult to prove it to the satisfaction of reasonable men. If they do not, then owners and operators are subjected to annoying charges which they should be able to refute by facts and figures in their possession. Either there is necessity for "positive prohibitory enactments" against these fishing machines, as asserted by Governor Pennoyer, or they are an important factor in a legitimate business enterprise. It certainly ought not to be necessary for men engaged in legitimate business to maintain a paid lobby at Salem, during a portion of the legislative session to protect themselves in the pursuit of their calling. It is questionable, indeed, whether any legitimate business finds such costly and doubtful methods necessary. The governor is fearless in the expression of his opinion in the case. Let the legislature be as fearless and energetic in its duty and we will either have an end to wheels and traps for the taking of salmon or the attainder will be removed from these devices, and the owners thereof will be permitted to pursue their business unmolested and unchallenged. Temporizing with such a matter confuses public opinion, belittles the law-making power and does no sort of good.

PLENTY OF ROOM.

Very little is known of the great area of land in Oregon that as yet to be settled, and can be made available for immigration. Throughout the Willamette valley there is much land for sale, because people are beginning to understand that "intensive farming," by which a few acres can be made to yield the most possible, is more profitable and less onerous than cultivating a large acreage in the ordinary way. Less land and better work is the present tendency, and as a consequence the farmer who owns many acres is willing to sell some to make the rest what he desires. Then, there is cheap land to be had, covered with timber and brush, and energetic men with a little money can settle in Western Oregon and do well. The Coast mountain region also invites, and along the coast there is a great area open to occupancy. In a few years this Coast region will be much better appreciated, as the hillsides, moistened by the mists from the ocean, afford ever-green pasture all the year. There is room, west of the Cascades, with people owning farms only of moderate size, for three times as many inhabitants as now reside here. Along the Columbia—in Columbia and Clatsop counties—there is great quantity of rich land, with timber soon to be valuable. Much of this belongs to the state, and can be bought at $2 an acre on easy terms. It will not be long until this wooded region will be highly appreciated.

East of the Cascades there is an area that waits occupancy, not easily described. The Northern Pacific Railway Company owns land in Gilliam and Umatilla counties for sale at low rates. It owns half the land north of the Columbia for an immense district. Much of this is vacant and is held at a reasonable figure. Through all Eastern Oregon and Washington men with small means can make homes and do well from the start. The extent of country waiting for settlers, or to be had cheaply, is above common estimation. That section is not half appreciated, for men of energy succeed there much easier and far better than in any state east of the Rocky mountains.

Another portion of Oregon not any way understood, lies south in Middle and Eastern Oregon. Mr. Gilliam, member from Grant county, who lives in Harney Valley, comes from a region that possesses great attractions. Harney Valley is twenty by thirty miles in extent, all arable land that will produce without irrigation. Water can be had by digging a few feet. That is only one feature of Middle Oregon, which possesses many similar agricultural districts. In time the Oregon Pacific railroad will penetrate Middle Oregon and in passing eastward from Black Butte will develop a great deal of arable land, besides bringing within reach an immense quantity of grazing lands. Another road will come north from the bend of the Humboldt, on the Central Pacific and develop the Lake region of Southeastern Oregon. Still another will be a branch from the Southern Pacific that will follow the Klamath from Northern California and will strike north for the Dalles, bringing the blessings of transportation to the whole of Middle Oregon not now understood.

It will surprise many to know that the three railroads referred to will bring into notice a country as large as all the Oregon at present settled and producing. At least one-half this state lies south of the settlements on the Columbia and east of the Cascades. To open this to occupancy and make it productive will add more than one-half to the state in population, production and wealth. In view of these facts Oregon should take steps to secure immigration, and by pushing matters hasten the day when the railroads in question shall be constructed. It may arouse many still further to know that Eastern Oregon to-day offers a greater area for settlement than Eastern Washington does. Railroads have penetrated all parts of Eastern Washington, and population has poured in there, but Middle and Southeastern Oregon are little developed and less understood.

It refreshes the public conscience to see a session of the legislature at which there is no candidate for the senate, with his gang of paid strikers, forming corrupt combinations and bribing members with office or money to vote for him.

ANNEXATION QUESTIONS.

General Grant possessed in an unusual degree the common sense necessary to statesmanship, and his views on national and international questions will be quoted long after our day and generation. When bolt-heads proposed to take possession of Canada as compensation for losses sustained by our commerce from privateers that were furnished with the consent implied by silence of Great Britain, General Grant gave unqualified dissent and denounced the acquisition of an unwilling people as something to be deprecated. So also in the case of Mexico; he maintained that we have no use for more Mexican territory until the population of that territory strongly inclines towards annexation. In these instances he was correct, and he must have been convinced that the people of San Domingo desired annexation when he favored that project. It was asserted that persons who had influence with Grant made him believe such was the state of opinion there. Cuba is a rich country, properly called "The Gem of the Antilles," but its population cannot harmonize with our progress and civilization. The time may come—and it is a favorite notion with many Americans that it *must* come—when the continent, from the Isthmus of Darien to the Arctic ocean, and all the adjacent islands, will be parts of our great republic. But the welding process must be gradual, not to cause weakness. A blacksmith can no more weld several pieces to a single bar at one time than this nation can take to itself, on short notice, such differing regions as the Canadas, the islands of the Pacific and the West Indies, and the Mexican and Spanish republics to the southward. Too great bulk and divergence of interests result in weakness, and heavy bodies fall to pieces by their own weight.

A few years ago Canada was an element of weakness to Great Britain. In time of war there was Canada to defend, for its population was sparse and could not constitute a means of self-protection. But years have wrought a great change in growth and prosperity, and Canada as a nation possesses a position not to be despised, especially with England as a backer. Another matter of the greatest importance to the mother country is that the construction of the Canadian Pacific railroad changes the relations of Great Britain to the whole world. In case of war in Europe, should some emergency call for troops to be sent to India and the Suez canal be blockaded by hostile forces that England could not dislodge, then the Canadian railway would be invaluable as a means of transit for troops to the Pacific. This advantage England cannot afford to forego, and no proposition for a severance of Canada will be entertained that will divest the old country of that invaluable privilege. If the time shall ever come when English speaking peoples will form a grand coalition for purposes offensive and defensive, then America can belong to the United States and Canada be a strong factor in the continental unit, but until some such improbable and distant alliance shall be effected the American continent must maintain its present components.

COUNTRY AND TOWN READERS.

It is asserted by persons of observing minds who have opportunity to mingle both with people from country and town that newspapers are respected in the country for their opinions and in the city for their news. For instance, around some city breakfastable, where the daily papers are being read, the talk is all about the news. The latest "fad" or the newest piece of gossip is discussed with avidity, while not one business man in a score has a word to say about editorial opinion, except it refers to some local interest or matter of political moment. The ablest editorial work is thrown away on the busy man of affairs, while it attracts the immediate attention of the intelligent country reader. The query follows: Is the town subscriber deficient in mind and indifferent to logical conclusions, or is he less a thinker than the practical farmer? The man of affairs is occupied by them and naturally turns to the news columns for the latest information of the world's progress. The politician turns to the news that interests him and scans the editorial page for political opinions. The farmer is really the man who has the most time to spend in thought. If he pursues the avocations of the farm he can be thinking as he follows plow or harrow, as he sows the seed or performs almost any act of agricultural pursuits. Farmers meet and talk over topics of current interest together. The natural result is that intelligent countrymen are thinking and reflecting men, and when an ably conducted journal comes to hand *pater familias* reads the editorial page to get food for thought. The indifference with which the majority of business men treat editorial work can only be accounted for by the absorbing and constant press of business.

The "upper country" finds solace and contentment in a moderate fall of snow. Probably the toboggan slides work better and sleds run on the roads easier, but that is not what solaces the souls of people there. Wheat is the great staple of production. That community has only reached the primary stage of agriculture represented by the production of grain, but other stages of progress will follow as time and opportunity offer. Last year much grain was frozen out, and the same experience is feared again. The fall of a few inches of snow comes as a warm blanket to the young wheat and insures it from the frost. Wheat is so important a factor in agriculture and trade that whatever affects the growing crop is of the greatest interest to town and country. It is a fortunate condition of prosperity when a few inches of snow will make faces smile and newspapers reflect the radiance.

The old prescription that the hair of the dog will cure the bite, may have suggested to the neighbor of Albert Waters, who lived near The Dalles, the advice he gave to chew the leaves of poison oak to cure the poisoning caused by contact with it. Waters followed the advice and the *Mountaineer* says the effect was dreadful. Face, mouth and throat suffered, and the whole system was so affected that he had to seek treatment at the hospital. This advice is nothing new, and it is known that animals sometimes eat the leaves, but common sense should warn people not to take chances of such injury. The rule, *similia similibus curantur*, may apply homœopathically but is not safe as a wholesale prescription. It should be remembered, hereafter, that eating poison oak-leaves came near killing one man, and probably he was the only man who ever experimented in that way.

A proposition to lay a tariff of one cent per dozen upon eggs imported into the United States meets the approval of New York farmers who are brought into competition with Canada. In 1877 a total of 5,000,000 dozen eggs were imported into the United States, and in 1886 the enormous total was 16,000,000. Canada sent 7,000,000 dozen, mostly into New York, last year, and poulterers of that state resented the innovation, and claim that the competition is discouraging. If they would cease feeling aggrieved and turn their attention to business with a determination to supply the home market it might be something to the purpose.

Whoever lives near one of our public schools must view with pleasure the little people running joyously over the frosted walks to morning school. They are all neatly dressed and full of vivacity. They crack jokes and the little fellows show a gallant bearing to the pretty girls, their schoolmates. It is fortunate that they are being so well educated and intuitively instructed in the ethics of social being and living as well as the a. b. c. of learning. And we must recollect that the schoolma'am is the polestar of the republic. All the mental forces of childhood center about her and get magnetism from her; she teaches and expounds, disciplines and rewards, and with increasing toil and unwearying patience controls the infant passions and curbs the unworthy ambitions of the rising generation. We pay her, of course, and she is glad to receive her wage, but money can never compensate for the loving endeavor and watchful vigils she must do and endure to make good men and women of the thronging creatures that come and go, constantly receiving, by attraction of mental forces, additions to character from the teacher's will.

A bill to abolish the system of free scholarships in the State university is before the state senate. There is a popular belief, at least moderately well sustained by the records of every community, that those who really desire a classical education can find within their own efforts means to compass their desire. It is also true that it is a mistake to help those who can and should help themselves. In this view it may be gravely questioned whether free scholarships are in the best sense a help to pupils, while the injustice of taxing the whole people for the benefit of the few is made manifest in the simple statement of the question. It is safe to say that the people of the state generally are agreed upon these two points, and that the passage of the bill referred to would meet general approval.

Much interest attaches to the boring of the artesian well at Pasco, which is a central spot in the arid lands east of the Cascades. Through 200 feet the auger found gravel, then entered hard rock. When through this hard rock they may come to water-bearing pressure enough to raise the flow above the surface. The flow of water through the surface gravel was strong, but that was merely superficial. If water is found below the solid rock and shall possess force derived from pressure, artesian wells can be depended on to irrigate the whole arid stretch west of the Rocky mountains and east of the Cascades, which will make that region available for many uses in the future. Agriculture can change the sage brush plains to smiling gardens, and create a land of homes where now the word desert applies.

William Henry Jones, who was hanged in British Columbia on the 8th inst., for the murder of Edward Durant, ought to have been prudent enough to have quarreled with his victim and killed him in the United States. He suspected Durant, a neighbor, of being on terms of intimacy with a certain squaw, and the green-eyed monster worked up a fend between them. On the fatal day they were drinking together at Jones's house. They quarreled, and in the fracas Jones seized a gun and shot Durant, who shortly afterwards died. In the United States this would have only been manslaughter, and in many states of the South, this murderer would have been acquitted. William Henry Jones ought to have crossed the line to "get in his work;" and yet on general principles of public security we are glad that British Columbia hung William Henry Jones.

In its holiday number article about "Milling on the Pacific Coast," the *Northwestern Miller* tells the following story of H. P. Isaacs, the well-known miller of Walla Walla:

H. P. Isaacs relates an interesting experience in the great gold mines at Boise, Idaho, in 1866. He went there to supply the miners with flour, and sold it as high as $100 per barrel at one time, and at another time he was offered, 60 cents per pound for his entire stock, by a man who wanted to create a corner and put the price up to $1 per pound. Isaacs would not sell, but left the flour for the miners. It was bluter and they were not able to work, hence had to give their notes for the flour. In the spring the mines were exhausted and the miners departed for other fields, leaving Mr. Isaacs with a choice collection of worthless notes and the knowledge that his philanthropic efforts had nearly ruined him financially.

Corporal Tanner, who is booming himself for commissioner of pensions, is a legless Blaine politician, who has capitalized the loss of his legs a good many times for a good deal more than they were ever worth or likely to be worth before he lost them. There are all kinds of unscrupulous demagogues. Some have lost their heads; some have lost their legs and some have lost both head and legs. Corporal Tanner is about the size of General Black. He is "a general wreck" who is always ready to pull up his sleeve or let down his drawers to allow the poor dumb mouths of his wounds to plead for him. Corporal Tanner may be said to wear his wounds on his sleeve; he is always working his wounds for all they are worth and a good deal more.

General Grant has been dead something over three years and the monument committee are only just receiving designs for the million-dollar structure intended to perpetuate his memory and form an attractive feature in a New York park. The fund in hand amounts to about $130,000, although strenuous efforts have been made to bring it up to the sum designated. Whether the people are lacking in patriotism or jealous of New York city in this connection remains an open question. It is certain that funds come in slowly and that the prospect of completing a million-dollar monument to the greatest hero of the war of the rebellion within the present century is not at all flattering.

American exports of wheat to the United Kingdom have fallen away one-half during the past three months, while those of Russia have increased six times in two years. This is in part due to railway extension into the great wheat fields of Russia and India, but the artificial raising of wheat above the export price by speculation comes in for a full share of the blame. There is nothing like a great volume of supply to wipe out fictitious valuations. Victims of the great land boom in Southern California found this out to their cost before they made final payments on purchases that they became possessed of a frenzied eagerness to make.

The Oregon legislature ought to pass a law forbidding balloon ascensions and parachute jumps. They are of no scientific value, they not seldom result in the death of the aeronaut, and are against public policy, just as any other public entertainment where amusement is offered at the price of extraordinary risk of life. Boys are tempted by such exhibitions to take extraordinary risks of life or limb and altogether such exhibitions are so dangerous and demoralizing that they ought to be forbidden.

Two years ago Governor Pennoyer argued that even the supreme court had no right to nullify a law by pronouncing it unconstitutional. But now he proposes to nullify a law in that way himself, and in order to make the nullification effective he removes the officers appointed to enforce it. The governor is as "peculiar" as Bret Harte's "Heathen Chinee."

Maine papers are boasting of a pine tree recently felled in that state, which was 105 feet high, 3 feet 11 inches, on the stump, and the first three cuts of 12 feet each m do 1228 feet of sawed boards. The top of the sixth cut, 72 feet from the stump, was 15 inches through. That would be but a poor tree hereabout.

Albany, N. Y., is going to have a mid-winter carnival providing a cold wave, and $2500 can be secured for the purpose. Citizens have no fear that Providence will fail them in providing the former, but how to raise the latter is a puzzle which a committee is anxiously striving to solve.

WITTY OR WISE.

It is not always the man who looks the wisest knows the most, but most people don't know this, so that it will pay you to look just as wise as you possibly can.—*Somerville Journal.*

An American volcano is reported to have been found in Colorado. A volcano is a natural curiosity this country has long lacked, though there is said to be plenty of the "crater" in Kentucky.—*Norristown Herald.*

Miss Gossip—Do you think I would make a good business woman? Miss Snyder—I most assuredly do, my dear. Whenever you get hold of anything you make more out of it than anybody I ever heard of.—*New York Sun.*

There may be need of reform in the ballet, but when you are sitting before a tragedy and a man climbs over you after a beer keg every time the curtain goes down there is need of reform of the stage as well as on it.—*Detroit Free Press.*

The church was beautifully decorated with sweet flowers and the air was heavy with their fragrance. As the service was about to begin small Kitty pulled her mother's sleeve and whispered: "Mamma, don't it smell solemn."—*Harper's Young People.*

Agent—I desire, miss, to leave this circular with you. It refers to a typewriting school which has just been started, and in which the art is taught at the low price of—Pretty girl—I am not interested in typewriting, sir. I have resolved never to marry."—*Philadelphia Record.*

Uncle George—I believe in always letting a boy choose his own vocation. Brown—But, uncle, my boy thinks just now that he would like to be a pirate. Uncle George—Apprentice him to a plumber, or if you don't wish him to learn a trade put him into a broker's office.—*Terre Haute Express.*

Mother—What is the matter, my son? Adult Son—It's all up; no use struggling against fate. I'm bound to land in the poorhouse. "You! Why, my son, you are a plumber." "Yes, but all hope of wealth is gone. My physician has ordered me to live in Southern California. Pipes never burst there."—*Philadelphia Record.*

First deacon (after the contribution boxes had been passed)—You missed that well-dressed stranger in the front pew. Second deacon (a tailor)—He is a customer of mine, and if he has any money I'd rather he'd bring it to my store and pay me something on account. I think the Lord can afford to wait better than I can.—*Philadelphia Record.*

"Gentlemen," said a member of a poker party, suddenly but solemnly, "is it possible that we have all forgotten that we're playing poker New Year's Eve?" A hush fell upon the room. "Gentlemen," said Brown, as he rose from the table, "you must excuse me. I can play no more to-night." Presently another dropped out, and in a short time the room was empty, with the exception of the one who had "busted" them all.—*Life.*

Famous Women.

It is a significant fact that most of the women who have achieved fame in art, literature, or letters, have enjoyed vigorous health. This shows that the mind is never capable of the severe and continued application necessary to creative work, unless the body is at its best. The woman who aspires to fill an exalted place among her associates must be free from nervous debility and female weaknesses. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will banish these, and it is warranted to relieve those functional derangements that are indispensable to health. As a specific for all those chronic weaknesses and illments so peculiar to women, it is unequaled.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

Gilman & Co. sell full line of household furniture, carpets, showcases, etc., at 10, salesroom.

At 10 o'clock A. M., at No. 127 Front st., 4 ringed goods. A. B. Richardson, auctioneer.

MEETING NOTICES.

Portland Lodge No. 55, A. F. & A. M.—A stated communication will be held this Friday evening at 7:30. Members and sojourning brethren cordially invited. Work in M. M. degree.

SAM. P. GILL, W. M.
I. W. PRATT, Sec'y.

Multnomah Camp No. 2, Indian War Veterans, will hold an important meeting on Saturday, January 19, 1889, at the court house, in this city, at 1 o'clock P. M. A general attendance is requested. By order of Capt. J. H. McMillen.

W. R. HATHEWAY, Orderly Sergeant.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's parents, 9 McMillen's addition, East Portland, Thursday evening, January 17, George H. Nicolai and Judith P. Hardie. No cards.

DIED.

In this city, January 17, at 11 o'clock, of heart disease, F. X. Duvernoy, aged about 80 years.

NEW TO-DAY.

ORIGINAL RICHARDSON & BOYNTON Furnaces at 129 Sixth st., near Washington. H. R. CRASE, Sole Agent. 30d17

H. H. HILDEBRAND, Prescription Druggist, 30 and Morrison. Telephone 498. Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

SELLWOOD. Choice half block near river; price $1000. Also nice quarter; price $600. Inquire of T. A. WOOD, Room 1, I. O. O. F. Building. 15d3

P. & C. S. S. CO. Steamer Alliance sails for Grey's Harbor, Friday at 8 P. M. Freight received foot of C st. E. B. STRONG, President.

[illegible] NICELY DECORATED [illegible] to any person away from with each 5-pound box. Great Eastern Tea Co., 223 First street and 63 Washington st. 15d3

ORANGES $1.25 PER BOX! Only a few boxes left of those fine O-I fornia Oranges at $1 25 per box. Try one. 86 Yamhill st., bet. Fourth and Fifth. 1

3 ACRES, Half-mile east city limits, East Portland, and near Sunnyside; delightful location. Price $4000. TELFER, STEARNS & CO., 33 Stark St.

SPECULATORS. We have several tracts suitable for platting in desirable localities, and it will pay you to call and see us. TELFER, STEARNS & CO., 33 Stark St.

NARROW-GAUGE TRAFFIC.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC. The Portland & Willamette Valley Ry Co. is in no way indebted to Oregonian Railway Limited Rue—is not responsible for any debts contracted by it, and pays the latter company DAILY whatever sums it collects from freight, for or on account of Oregonian Railway. WILLIAM REID, Vice Pre-sident. January 17, 1889. P. & W. V. Railway Co.

VALENTINES FOR 1889, Wholesale and Retail. J. K. GILL & CO., 73 First St.

NORTH PORTLAND! FOR SALE. A fine lot with 1½-story dwelling, situated to the vicinity of Twenty-first and 8 streets. The house has 8 rooms, handsomely decorated, and is nearly new. Grounds well cared for. Will be sold cheap. If applied for at once. Price $3750. $1000 can remain on mortgage. TELFER, STEARNS & CO., 33 Stark St.

ALBINA. LOTS OF EXTRA LARGE SIZE FOR SALE IN THE ORIGINAL TOWN-SITE AT REASONABLE PRICES. FOR TERMS APPLY TO GUSTAVE GANTY, AGENT OF J. B. MONTGOMERY, OPPOSITE N. END MONTGOMERY DOCK. Take the Albina Boat "Cyclone," foot of Washington st., north side.

Damaged Goods AT AUCTION. A. B. RICHARDSON, AUCTIONEER, Will sell at No. 127 Front St., between Washington and Alder, for account of whom it may concern, ON FRIDAY, JAN. 18, at 10 A. M., 58 Union Cassimere Suits, 72 Cassimere Suits, 2009 yards Ticking, 200 pairs Rubber Shoes, 120 pairs Buff and Button Gaiters. [Slightly damaged.] A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

NEW TO-DAY.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING FACTS! CREITZ & BROWN, No. 1189 Fourth st., East Portland, hereby make the following announcement in real estate: 18 choice lots within one block of Fifth st. car line, in Holladay add. item, and being the sightliest locations for residence in the city, at rock-bottom prices, 50 fine residence lots on other lines, 10 minutes from Portland, ranging from $175 to $400 each, on easy monthly installments. Acre property in the suburbs at lowest figures. Give us call and be convinced. 11

WATCHING THE LAND SPECULATORS. Many small buyers of real estate this year are profiting by past actions of the heavy dealers, who buy when business is quiet. Such was till spring, when business is quiet. Such was till spring, as you will have to pay 20 to 40 per cent advance on present prices, especially on the East side. Lots on Central Park and Tibbets's Add. Lots on easy installments. Lots and 4-room houses on Holladay's Addition. Lots on Russell street, Albina. Lots on Hassalo and Morrison streets, South Portland. Small tracts at Mount Tabor. JOHN CAMPBELL, 9 Washington st. 3

LOTS SOLD ON SMALL INSTALLMENTS IN Highland. Ask any person who has settled Highland what they think of it. We believe that it is the prettiest property in or around Portland. The finest lots are full size. The prices are low. The terms are easy. The Portland & Vancouver Motor Line affords quick communication to the heart and center of Portland. Call at our office and get one of those beautiful maps. We are now building a branch road to Highland for the accommodation of our customers. HAIGHT & DONNER, No. 1½ Washington st. 16

COLLEGE OF SHORTHAND. Over First and Jefferson sts. Over half the pupils graduates of other schools. Names of some furnished on application. The great success of this school is based on the fact that all the following features are combined: It is conducted by a court reporter of over 12 years' experience who has under the instruction not only teachers in the art, but practicing stenographers, in this city who are qualifying themselves for verbatim reporters. 6

SHORTHAND AND TYPE-WRITING.—MISS E. D. Pearson, formerly in charge of the shorthand department of Wood's Business College, has now recovered from a severe and protracted illness, and will resume instruction in shorthand, typewriting and all branches pertaining thereto, on Jan. 1st, 1889, etc., in class or individual instruction. Students guaranteed $25 to $50 per week per month in three months. Tuition, $30. Shorthand Institute, 205 Fourth street. Six inches of education wanted as inducement. Six inches of education wanted as inducement. positions on finishing course. 181m

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the firm of Strong & Strong, heretofore doing business at No. 1 D. O. F. Temple, is dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be finished up by its former members and other partner will sign in this addition of accounts. The members of the firm will personally continue in practice and for the present can both be found at the old office. E. P. STRONG. Dated Jan. 17, 1889.

T. T. STRUBLE REAL ESTATE AND loan agent, No. 6½ Washington st., Room 1, upstairs. For sale—A cottage of 9 rooms, gas, hot and cold water, and other modern conveniences; house nicely papered, chandeliers, etc.; lot 50x100; two steps above the grade of sidewalk, only a few blocks from the High school building, at a fair price and on reasonable terms. 181

LOST—A PERSON WHO FOUND A PAIR OF finest and most slightly stained lenses in the City of Albina, opposite Russell, on motor line, size 60x125 feet; price $600; payments $10 per month; discount for cash. CARR & GOLDSMITH, N. W. cor. First and Washington sts., Portland.

COOK'S MUSICAL INSTITUTE. A singing class for girls under seventeen years old will be organized on Saturday morning, Jan. 26, to meet each Saturday from 11 to 12 o'clock. Tickets for twelve lessons, $2. Class will be limited to 40 members. F. COOK. 12d14

STEAM SCHOONER FOR SALE. The steam schooner "San Juan" now lying at Seattle; about 150 ft. long, 24 ft. beam, with new sails, boilers and engines all complete for sale. For further particulars inquire Moran Bros., Machinists, Seattle, W. T. 16d3

FOR SALE—I HAVE A GOOD LOT ON FIRST st., with improvements, building location, for $35 000. I have three customers for houses and lots at prices from $1500 to $2000, each. Parties having such property to sell call at once. 173 Front st., Portland Savings Bank Building.

VOCAL MUSIC—EIGHTEEN LESSONS IN VOcal music for $2 00, at the Young Men's Christian Association Hall, under the direction of Prof. Dobleman; members of the class will receive free advantages of the musical training. Wednesday evenings, from 7:30 to 9 o'clock. Now is the time to join. 15d7

[illegible]—NOW IS THE TIME TO GET GOOD wood; a train of assorted kinds of wood, mixed and unmixed, from the Nehalem river, now [illegible] now dumps wood yard, foot of Columbia st. Telephone 167. HITTERMAN & CO., Props. 13d7

AN EXPERIENCED TRAVELING SALESman, well connected throughout Oregon and Washington Territory, would like to make arrangements with a reliable house, to carry a staple line of goods as a side line; A1 references. Address Traveler, care Oregonian. 18d2

[illegible] COMPLETE WITH cash $-power press, Alphabet, etc. Great Eastern Tea Co., 223 First st. and 63 Washington st. 17d3

[illegible] CHANGED HANDS. THE QUEEN RESTAUrant, No. 230 First st., has been sold by me to Mr. Harold Zinsley, who will run the same as Zinsley's Coffee House and Restaurant. All debts incurred by me up to date will be paid by me. JOHN GRIEF. Portland, Jan. 17, 1889. 18d3

24 LOTS IN TERMINUS ADDITION TO ALbina for sale cheap. Present price will double inside of three months; street railway will soon be built through this tract, which will place lots [illegible] $200 apiece. W. M. ELKINS, 328 Morrison st. 16

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT IN SOUTH Portland; $600 down, balance in monthly payments at $25, or less if desired; also house and lot $250. Inquire at 5 Washington st., Mitchell's Real Estate office, 149 First st., up stairs. 157

S. HARRIS & CO'S [illegible] OF ALL KINDS AT THE Pioneer Wood Yard, foot of Morrison st. Telephone 189. MOORE & FERRY.

$100 LOTS $10 PER MONTH, AND NO interest. A good home. Good investments. Grand speculation. West Portland or 30 acre lots. T. A. Wood, Room 1, I. O. O. F. Temple. 8

COUCH ADDITION FOUR LOTS TO be sold cheap for [illegible] K M B. Apply at once for prices and location to F. V. ANDREWS & CO., 25 Pine st. 7d4

$5[illegible] PER ACRE—FOUR 40-ACRE tracts one-half mile from East Portland. JOHN ROGEL, Agt., 178½ Second. Enmond Block.

PROF. E. L. BETTINGER, Teacher of piano, etc. Apply at 168 West Park st.

$50 LOTS—GO TO NO. 13 MORRISON STREET cars; lots $50 cash, balance $5 per month; plan in the Willamette addition to East Portland. 21a17

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY REAL Estate. Apply to Oregon Fire & Marine Ins. Co., 325 Stark. 9

FOR SALE—SHELVING, SHOWCASES and fixtures. Inquire of L. K. G. Smith, Front and Stark. 6

INSURANCE—REAL ESTATE, JOHN CAMPbell, 9 Washington st. 9

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK AT 135 W. Park.

NEW TO-DAY.

LOST—IN EAST PORTLAND, ONE LADY'S jacket, vest front, bright buttons; ticket on Meier & Frank inside package; finder will please leave at Meier & Frank's, or at Register's, East Portland, and oblige MRS. E. M. LOVEJOY.

DOG LOST—FROM 70 MONTGOMERY ST., January 16, a dark brown water spaniel weighing about 35 pounds had on tag 686; a slender chain; a liberal reward will be paid for its return to A. J. Runyon, 80 Front st.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF BUCKEYE coal just received; $6.50 per ton; also kindlings and fire wood. Leave orders at 24 Front st., Telephone 65. EMBLER WOOD CO., 30 Front st. Telephone 65. 17

SELLWOOD IS TO HAVE A MOTOR in winter ride from Portland. Secure your lots while prices are reasonable. Go to Front, bet. Ash and Pine sts., or to Sellwood. H. CLARK & SONS, 33 Stark st. 17d

HOUSE FOR SALE—SITUATED on Front street, Albina, about three blocks from new hotel, bet. Morrison and Alder sts.; price $5000; terms favorable. Apply to F. V. Andrews & Co., 25 Pine st. 17d

WANTED—A PURCHASER FOR A SAWMILL with large timber resources and a long lease on "seal" on a navigable river in Washington Territory. Price $50 00. Address or call upon M. Tarter & Co., Chehalis, W. T. 18d3

COFFEE HOUSE OR CIGAR STORE wanted. State location and lowest cash price or no notice will be taken. Address Henry, care Oregonian. 16d3

WANTED—YOUNG ENERGETIC MAN WHO can make $150 to $175 a month. Address, for 2 weeks, P. O. box 1, Washington Territory. Price $50 00. Address or call

HELP WANTED—HELP.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE-work; $20. 1 Washington st.

TAILORESS—INQUIRE OF Mrs. Front and Oak.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE-work. 1279 Front st.

10 GOOD WOOD-CHOPPERS AND 1 Apply D. E. Budd's employment office.

WAGON MAKER. APPLY TO J. Gile, 312 and 314 Front st., Portland, Or. 1614

TWO GOOD SOLICITORS; LIB-eral salary at Oregon Sibley office.

A WOMAN PREFERRED. Apply at 113 N. Second st. 1527

INDUSTRIOUS YOUNG business; no experience necessary; $75 to $75 a month, with increase. Apply to Brown & Co., 1 Washington st. 1737

A YOUNG MAN TO TRAVEL IN good wages to a good man. 815½ 15heff

HELP WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

A FEW PLEASANT ROOMERS can obtain room suitable for man and wife; also table board; southwest cor. Clay and Fifth. 1417

MARE FOR SALE, 10 YOKE OF cattle, broke and unbroke. Apply Harrison Island, Oregon. 1287

WANTED, IN EXCHANGE for Portland property, 160 acres of fine land, with or without stock, for sale or will sell cheap; prefer Portland property in exchange. Address Exchange, care Oregonian. 1727

WANTED—WE WANT A LOT 50x100 feet, east or north front. It must be cheap. Address, with price, A. OLIVER, 163 Second st.

FOR SALE—80 ACRES OR GOOD FARM-ing land in tracts of five acres or more, within 5 miles of Portland; 5 acres in cultivation; good dwelling; small fruit; 10 acres in timber; 5 miles from Hillsboro, Washington county. Apply to Frank B. Hart, No. 1004 1/2 Main st., Hillsboro. 1498

WANTED—A PARTNER; A TERM OF YEARS if desired; transportation; suitable for one of limited means; good location and income; splendid opening; call at once. Room 7, Monument Block. 1507

HELP WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID OR waiting on table; can do sewing to be done in private family. Address Mrs. Schilling, Corner Fourth and Oak sts. 1615

RELIABLE PARTY, TWO children, wants to be employed in private family, for kitchen work. Inquire Mrs. Schilling, Corner Fourth and Oak sts. 1615

A COTTAGE WITH either furnished or unfurnished. Dry goods store, cor. First and Oak sts. 1610

WORK BY THE DAY, WEEK OR month. Address Miss E. Jones, 1912 Second st. 1912

SITUATED—BY A GIRL OF 17 YEARS, about three blocks from Second and Alder sts., to help do light housework for small family. Address A. F. V. Andrews & Co., Fifth st. 1735

FOR A SAWMILL, cook and a long team of Washington Territory, upon M. Terrier & Co. 1803

FOR OR CIGAR

and lowest cash prices Henry, care Oregonian. 1733

ENERGETIC MAN WHO business that will pay $3 commencing, with a S. B. C., care Oregonian.

OIL, at the Holmes Business College, Permanent, Stock Branches taught. Call

E—A FIRE AND burglar proof safe, Franklin. Building st. 1891

FOR WASHINGTON ordinary must be etc. Address Excel-N. C. 1813

ET AND LASTING Rooms to let cheap, HN A. CHILD & CO. 1293

RELIABLE MAN TO extend extension shades Call to Commission

FENCED, WITHIN Vancouver motor line Addition. J. V. ALLEN, 1891st

KING ON ONE OR Building property and town. Address A. 1813

THE LADY'S UP-Wednesday evening, Fifth and Oak sts. 1

THE MOST DESIR-of East Portland; ½ DAVIS & DUNLAP. 1½ Morrison st.

BOARD IN A PRI-

vate family, with or without rooms, 3rd; particulars at 1 Washington st. 1

ONE SABLE PARTY, TWO in private family, for Mrs. Schilling Corner Fourth and Oak sts. 1615

A COTTAGE WITH either furnished or unfurnished. Dry goods store, cor. First and Oak sts. 1610

FOR SWEDISH GIRL in family of two; good wages. First and Second; north 1279

TWO DESIRE FURN-can produce the very Grand Q. F., care Oregonian. 1

TWO PLEASANT ROOMS

for gentlemen, with use of bath; rent reasonable; 2 blocks from Portland Hotel. 1 Washington st. 1

FURNISHED ROOMS AND OFFICES.

FURNISHED ROOMS, 147 LOWNSDALE st. 1603

FOR RENT—3 PARLOR SUITES FOR light housekeeping; also single rooms. Call at 429 Taylor st., bet. Second and Third. 1603

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH USE OF bath, 141 Morrison st., cor. Seventh. 1617

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS FOR housekeeping at 29 Columbia st., bet. First and Second. 1513

LELAND HOUSE—WASHINGTON AND SEC-ond sts., elegantly furnished rooms to let. 1210 MRS. M. LEMLEY.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSE-keeping to quiet respectable parties without children. Stone block, First and Market st. 1734

2292 FIRST ST.—ONE SUITE OF UNFUR-nished or partly furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping or offices. 1416

FOR RENT—2 FURNISHED ROOMS IN PRI-vate house, together or separate; gas, bath, telephone. 135 Eighth st., cor. Alder. 1617

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping to parties without children. 372 First st. 1614

TO RENT—HOUSES AND STORES.

TWO HOUSES FOR RENT, 7 ROOMS, LARGE Lizard, on First. Inquire 26 Caruthers st. 1541

FOR RENT—TWO HOUSES ON ELEVENTH st., one block north of motor line, in East Portland. 1732

FOR RENT—A TWO-STORY DWELLING house on Fifth st., near Grant. D. W. Williams, 161 Sixth st. 1613

FOR RENT—A NEW 8-ROOM COTTAGE WITH bath and modern improvements at 460 seventh st. Inquire at office; hours 8 to 11 A. M., 5 to 6 P. M. 1501

WANTED—TO RENT, IN CENTRAL PART of city, house suitable for boarders; about 10 rooms; references furnished. Address B. R. W., care Oregonian. 1613

TO RENT—ROOMS, WITH BOARD.

THE COMFORTS OF A HOME CAN BE HAD by a young man of good habits, having steady employment, in a family of two; terms reasonable; 3 blocks of postoffice; home cooking. Address P. O. box 852. 1497f

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LADIES' NURSE—MRS. HARDING, SURGICAL and medical nurse. 81 West Park, cor. E. 20th st. 1

MANDOLINE, GUITAR, BANJO, VIOLIN AND piano lessons given. Prof. L. A. Smith, 189 Sixth st. 211½f

MIDWIFE—MRS. HENRY MILLER REIN-hart; best of care in cases of confinement. No. 87½ N. Third st., near E. 1611m

MIDWIFE—ALSO, WILL GO AS NURSE BY the day. Good references. Mrs. Ramsom, 84 Fourth st. 1607

MADAME TEITSWORTH, ST. PAULS, OLD-est and most experienced clairvoyant; fortune teller. 226½ First st., room 10.

MRS. F. DERRANS, METAPHYSICIAN AND Teacher of Christian Science, 233 Ninth st., cor. Main. Class instructions 4c. Consultation free. (16ul

SCHOOL of Civil, Mechanical, Mining Engineering, Surveying, Architecture, Assay. 723 Market, San Francisco, Cal. A. VAN DER NAILLEN, Director.

REWARD—I WILL GIVE A REWARD OF TEN dollars for the arrest and conviction of any person caught stealing the Daily or Sunday Oregonian from my premises. D. J. MOORE, Home Agent.

JOHN THOMPSON & CO. HAVE BEEN AP-pointed agents for the purchase of rag stock for the Columbia River Paper Co., and are prepared to purchase for cash Rags, Burlaps, Manila paper and all other kinds of Paper Stock, Cotton and Metal, of all kinds, 48 and 47 E st., Portland, Oregon. 4mar

NOTICE—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Cascade Gold and Silver Mining Company will be held at 46 Stark street on Monday, January 21, 1889, for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year. Meeting will be at 7:30 P. M. S. F. LEE, Sec.

CLAIRVOYANT—MRS. F. A. BROWN, NAT-ural clairvoyant, tells the past, present and future events of your life, gives advice and results of journeys, lawsuits, speculations, etc.; mining interests a specialty; satisfaction guaranteed or no pay. No. 229½ First st., room 8.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF stockholders of the Oregon Fire & Marine Insurance Company will be held at the office of Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, on Monday, January 21st, at 11:30 o'clock A. M. for the election of directors and such other business as may properly come before the meeting. 1614 L. WHITE, President.

DIVIDEND NOTICE—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVI-dend of four per cent. upon the call tal stock of the Oregon Fire and Marine Insurance Co., will be paid at the office of the company, 38 Stark st., on and after Jan. 16, 1889. Transfer books of the company will close on the 15th inst. and remain closed until the 20th. EDWARD HALL, Sec.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ANN-ual meeting of the stockholders of "The Workingmen's Joint Stock Association of Portland" will be a meeting of the stockholders of "The Workingmen's Joint Stock Association of Portland" on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1889, at the office of M. H. Carr, in the DeLashmutt building, corner of Stark and Front streets, Portland, Or., for the election of directors and for the transaction of the general business of the association. By order of the board of directors. GEO. P. RILEY, Pres. Wm. Brown, Secretary pro tem. 266 6d

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP—NOTICE is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Robert Collins & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be conducted under the name of The Smith & Watson Iron Works, to whom all claims against the late firm should be presented for payment, and who are authorized to collect all accounts due the said firm. ROBERT COLLINS, DAVID HENSHAW, J. F. WATSON.

Portland, Or., January 12, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO-partnership heretofore existing between W. H. Street and H. M. Cox, publishing the "Daily Rural and Commercial Advertiser" of Portland, Or., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. W. H. Street retires therefrom; H. M. Cox assumes the payment of all debts against said partnership and he alone is authorized to collect the debts and dues due the said firm. W. H. STREET, 1469 H. M. COX.

Dated, Jan. 18, 1889.

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP—THE FIRM of Sichel & Sanders, dealers in cigars and tobacco at 75 Front st., cor. Oak, has this day been succeeded by Sichel & Meyer who will continue the business at the same place. The new firm assumes all liabilities and will collect all accounts due the firm of Sichel & Sanders. Respectfully, SIG SICHEL, MAX MAYER.

Portland, Jan. 14, 1889.

Referring to above notice, we extend our thanks to our friends for their liberal patronage and solicit a continuance of the same for the new firm. SICHEL & SANDERS. 1613

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO-partnership heretofore existing between G. W. Hunt and J. R. Patton, under the firm name of Hunt & Patton has this first day of December, 1888 been dissolved by mutual consent. The business of said copartnership having been construction work upon the Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern Railway in the county of King, Washington Territory. All debts and demands against said copartnership are to be and demands against said copartnership are to be paid and liquidated by G. W. Hunt and all sums or moneys due or to become due said copartnership are to be paid to said G. W. Hunt.

Witness our hands, this first day of Dec. A. D. 1888. G. W. HUNT. J. R. PATTON.

1611f

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ALLEN & LEWIS WHOLESALE GROCERS, corner North Front and Davis sts., Portland, Oregon.

CORBITT & MACLEAY WHOLESALE GRO-cers and Commission Merchants, 54 and 56 Front street Portland.

WADHAMS & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GRO-cers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Nos. 46 and 48 Front street, Portland, Oregon.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

R. SHERLOCK, SADDLERY, HARNESS, HARD-ware, 74 Front st., Portland, Or.

HERBERT BRADLEY & CO., 173 FRONT ST., Importers of Shoe Manufacturers' Goods, Shoe Store Supplies, Blacklines, Dressings, Etc.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD, ESTABLISHED in 1851, Portland, Or.

SHOW CASE MANUFACTURERS.

DIXON, BORGESON & CO., 108 AND 110 FRONT street, Portland, Or.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

S. L. N. GILMAN (GILMAN & CO.) Auctioneers

42 First Street, Next Corner of Ash.

Regular Auction Sales of Real Estate, Household Furniture and General Merchandise,

TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 10 A. M.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE —OF— HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. CARPETS, ETC.

We will sell at our Salesroom, No. 42 First st., ON FRIDAY, JAN. 18, at 10 A. M., A full line of Household Furniture and Carpets.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer. Office 1½ Washington Street. Residence at the corner of Fifth and College streets.

T. J. O'CONNOR, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant. 128 First, bet. Washington and Alder. Auction Sale of Real Estate, Furniture and General Merchandise, Horses, Buggies, etc. Regular sale Days, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.

Cricket Grounds.

Some of the most desirable Lots, Quarters, Halves and entire Blocks in this most desirable residence property for sale on reasonable terms.

WEST & STEARNS, 12 Stark Street.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!

Slab wood—$3 50 per load—from Weidler's Mill. Orders left at Hall's in the box at Mill Office will be promptly attended to. W. S. L. M. & M. CO.

THE SNOW KING IS COMING.

Yesterday's Weather Report From Various Points Beyond the Cascades.

Portland—Cloudy; south; 32 deg.
Bonneville—Cloudy; calm; 30 deg.
Hood River—Snowing; calm; 30 deg.
The Dalles—Cloudy; calm; 36 deg.
Grant's Pass—Cloudy; calm.
Arlington—Cloudy; calm; 28 deg.
Umatilla—Cloudy; calm; 28 deg.
Wallula—Cloudy; calm; 25 deg.
Walla Walla—Cloudy; calm; 25 deg.
Dayton—Cloudy; calm; 26 deg.
Riparia—Cloudy; calm;
Colfax—Cloudy; windy; 28 deg.
Pendleton—Clear; calm; 20 deg.
Kamela—Cloudy; calm; 20 deg.
La Grande—Cloudy; calm; 15 deg.
Union—Cloudy; calm; 18 deg.
Baker City—Cloudy; calm; 25 deg.
Huntington—Cloudy; calm;
Wyeth—Two inches of snow.
Cascades—Two inches of snow.

U. S. SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND, Jan. 17, 5 P. M.

Place of Observation.	Height of Bar.	Change last 24 hours	Temp.	Wind: direction.	Rain fall inch	State of Weather.
Portland	29.80	10	32	S	.17	Raining
Olympia	29.58	02	38	S	.24	Raining
Roseburg	29.96	00	36	S	.52	Cloudy
Red Bluff	30.00	08	48	S	.02	Fly Cldy
Sacramento	30.00	02	48	S	T.	Raining
Eureka	30.02		44	NW	.52	Raining
Fort Angeles	29.48	00	38	SE	.00	Cloudy
Spokane	29.86		32	SW	.34	Cloudy
Walla Walla	29.78		38	SW	T.	Cloudy
Astoria	29.70		42	NW	.28	Cloudy

TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Indications for twenty-four hours for Oregon and Washington territory: Rain, southerly winds, high in the southeastern section; nearly stationary temperature in the eastern portion; warmer in the western portion.

PASSENGER LISTS.

OVERLAND.

Oregon Short Line—Passed Huntington January 17: F. H. McFarland, J. W. Troupe, Mrs. E. F. Whittier and family, M. Gottstein, H. Brown, James Fitz, James Devine, Thomas Muncie and thirty second class.

Oregon & California—Passed Medford, Jan. 17: G. Y. Boyett and wife, A. Binzel, S. G. Simcraft, P. O. Vaughn, C. W. Kinsman, J. C. Armstrong, W. C. Parsons, B. W. Cointer, W. H. Johnston, F. Cohen, C. T. Sivallo, H. Costeranste, W. P. Stockbridge, Miss Hall, Charles Cohn, John Rosenfelt, M. B. Rankin, Mrs. D. K. Warren, J. Harte, C. A. Colyert, J. A. Ach, J. E. Post, D. B. Cornwall, C. S. Dall, Mrs. W. H. Seaton, Miss P. Dall, J. G. Scurryson, C. N. Lance, Mrs. Stockbridge, and thirty-eight immigrants.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE.

DEEDS RECORDED JANUARY 17.

Van B. DeLashmutt and wife to Charles L. Crocker, lot 1, blk 10, sub. Riverview addition, Dec. 27, 1888; $550.

Van B. DeLashmutt et al to Charles L. Crocker, lot 3, blk 24, Albina, Sept. 7, 1888; $600.

Adolph Bissinger and wife to Cordelia Johnson, lots 1, 2, blk 65, Couch's addition, Jan. 12; $12,500.

Mary Turnbull to M. Steffen, lots 7, 8, Stephens's addition, East Portland, Jan. 14; $3000.

William Sherlock et al to S. Daniel, 139 99-100 acres, section 3, 1S, 2E, Jan. 17; $1.

Central Park Ir. & B. Co. to J. F. Nylander, lot 12, blk 7, and west 10 feet lot 11, blk 7, Central Park East Portland, Jan. 12; $1000.

C. K. Cranston, trustee, to Sophia F. Wheat, blk B, parts blk E, 7, 13, 18, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, Albina homestead, Jan. 16; $1.

J. H. Smith and wife to B. M. Lombard, west ½ lot 6, blk 26, Jan. 17; $18,000.

J. H. Smith and wife to B. M. Lombard, west ½ lot 6, blk 20, Jan. 7; $100.

B. Stark to J. H. Smith, west 75 feet lot 6, blk 26, Oct. 26, 1888; $1.

William Shackelford and wife to Anna Tone, west ½ lot 12, blk 1, Muirhead tract, Jan. 12; $600.

Margaret Cree to G. D. Berry, lot 8, blk 28, McMillen's addition, East Portland, Jan. 15; $2000.

H. C. Allen and wife to F. W. Mallalieu, lots 3, 4, blk 118, Grover's addition, Jan. 16; $1250.

Henry Senn to Joseph Delsman, undivided ½ lot 34, blk 33, Tibbett's addition, Jan. 16; $350.

Caroline Dunlap to R. S. Shackelford, west ½ lot 9, blk 1, Muirhead tract, Jan. 11; $600.

G. R. Scollins et al to Z. Christinson, lots A, and 1, blk 34, Multnomah, Jan. 16; $700.

A. Stowasser and wife to C. A. Ploegstra, lots 25, 26, 9, 10, blk 50, Carter's addition, Jan. 15; $2300.

E. G. and E. D. White to L. Stopper, lot 15, blk 4, Albina, Jan. 17; $550.

J. B. Montgomery and wife to O. A. Markland, lot 11, blk 34, Albina, Jan. 16; $825.

S. O. Gaston to Robert Patton, 1¼ acres, S 8, 1S 1E, Jan. 17; $700.

Thomas H. Smith to I. Meyers, 18 2-10 acres, S 16, 1S, 2E, Jan. 5; $1400.

East Side Real Estate Company to I. Meyers, lots 1, 2, 3, blk 207, and lot 6, blk 206, Holladay's addition, Jan. 7; $2250.

Van B. DeLashmutt et al to Thomas H. Smith, 18 2-10 acres, S 16, 1S, 2E, Jan. 5; $900.

M. A. Trengove et al to G. R. Pedman and S. E. Cobb, 7 32-100 acres, S 5, 1S, 2E, Jan. 16; $8250.

T. B. McMillen et al to P. Cedoz, 7 and D, East Portland, Jan. 16; $900.

Total, $59,828.

AUTOMATIC ENGINES.

CORNELIUS, Or., Jan. 10, 1889.

Russell & Co., Portland, Or.—Dear Sirs:—Referring to the Automatic Engine and Boiler purchased of you, I have been running a sawmill with it for the last sixteen months and am glad to say that it has given entire satisfaction. I find it to be the most perfect working and the most economical machinery that I have ever had any experience with, and can cheerfully recommend it to any person wishing to purchase an outfit of that kind. Yours truly, T. R. CORNELIUS.

The matchless Decker Bros. pianos are only to be found at The Keiller & Chase Music House, No. 71 Morrison street. In addition to these fine instruments they also handle and are agents for the J. & C. Fischer, Ivers & Pond and others of the best makes of instruments. This is one of the oldest and most reliable houses in the Northwest, and with their past record they are deserving of the patronage of the people of this growing section.

All lovers of chops and steaks meet at Dunnel's Chop House, 27 Pine street. Broiled on the grill and cooked in a manner not excelled on the Northwest coast. Call and be convinced. No Mongolian cooking.

For Coughs and Colds

Try our "Pectoral Balsam" (copyrighted), the old and reliable cough medicine prepared by S. G. Skidmore & Co., druggists, 161 First street.

It is remark of the drummers that the best meal on the coast is to be found at the New York, No. 132 First street. It is now patronized by the elite of the city.

"ROBERT ELSBERG" by mail to any address, 50 cents, at Ed Bokum's, 49 Washington street.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

Cabinet Photos $4 per doz. at Thwaite's, 167 First.

Woven Wire Spring Beds. George M. Parker, 131 Fifth street. Trade supplied.

Fine Steel Engravings at your own price. Don't lose this chance. W. T. Shanahan, 53 Third st.

The Vienna.

Washington street, leads all for lunches and oysters

Pond's Extract gives immediate relief from pain. Its reputation and sale extend everywhere. Caution: Counterfeits are dangerous to use.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria;
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria;
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria;
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

MAGOON BROS.

LIVERY & HACK STABLE,

Third and Madison.

Hacks for riding, per hour.....$1 50
Calling, first hour.....1 50
Each additional hour.....1 00

Two persons.

One or two persons, to and from.....$2 00
Three or four persons, two and from.....3 00

No charge for baggage that can be taken on backs.

Two Horse Coupes.

Riding and calling, per hour.....$1 00
To and from Theatres and Parties, per couple.....1 50

TELEPHONE 834.

C. E. Geiger, M. D., Homeopathist and Surgeon, corner Third and Morrison. Telephone 537.

ATTENTION!

IS CALLED TO

BROKEN LOTS

IN ALL OUR

DEPARTMENTS.

Corner First and Morrison.

CHILDREN'S SUITS,

Ages 4 to 14.

These lines have only a few Suits of each pattern left, and are greatly reduced.

MEN'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

Broken lines, where we have only a few left, you can have cheap.

UNDERWEAR.

All lines of winter undershirts and drawers in all wool and merino, from the cheapest to the finest, will be sold 'way down.

SPECIAL DRIVE.

150 Men's Sack Suits, $8.00 EACH.

THESE GOODS ARE A BARGAIN

NEW LINES.

CRUSH HATS IN ALL COLORS.

JUST RECEIVED.

[illegible]

The Leading Clothier, Merchant Tailor and Hatter of Oregon.

ATTENTION!

Corner First and Morrison.

SWEEPING

—OF OUR—

REDUCTION

The great success of our Sweeping Reduction Sale has induced us to offer rare bargains in

MEN'S SUITS.

Suits, worth $25.00, now.....$20.00
Suits, worth $22.50, now..... 17.50
Suits, worth $20.00, now..... 15.00
Suits, worth $17.50, now..... 14.00
Suits, worth $15.00, now..... 11.50

Also Remember that Every Article in Our Stock is

REDUCED,

—COMPRISING—

MEN'S & BOYS' SUITS

—AND—

OVERCOATS.

Gents' Furnishing Goods & Hats.

A call respectfully solicited.

[illegible]

Corner First and Morrison.

THE BEST SIMONDS' X-CUT SAWS.

Wholesale and Retail.

DAYTON & HALL, Portland.

OUR GRAND

[illegible]

WILL COMMENCE

This Wednesday, Jan. 9th,

And continue till the end of this month.

Each article in each department marked down in RED letters, and all REMNANTS and ODDS and ENDS will be sold for less than cost.

Our stock includes the following departments:

DRESS GOODS
DOMESTICS
HOSIERY
CLOAKS
CLOTHING
FURNISHING GOODS
BOOTS and SHOES
HATS and CAPS

In our Cloak department every garment less than cost.

—AT—

E. VEYER & CO'S,

Corner First and Yamhill Sts. (ASSIGNEE SALE.)

A. FELDENHEIMER, Leading Jeweler.

LARGEST STOCK OF

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry

IN THE NORTHWEST.

Jewelry of All Descriptions Manufactured to Order.

COUNTRY TRADE SOLICITED.

A. FELDENHEIMER,

Corner First and Morrison Sts., Portland, Or.

BECK, THE JEWELER,

Front and Morrison,

Opposite Esmond and St. Charles Hotels.

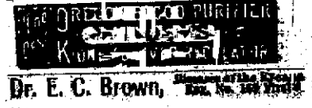
Headquarters for All American Watches.

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES!

FOR SALE, consisting of Gold and Silver American Watches, Diamonds, Guns, Pistols and Musical Instruments, UNCLE MYERS, the Great Oregon Money Leader, 108 First st. Private entrance north Railway.

M. E. LITT, Manufacturer of LADIES' Fine Dresses, Wedding outfits a specialty. Third & Alder. P. O. Box 397. Paris office 30 Rue Richer

Newcastle, Dentist—TEETH without plates. Cocaine for Painless Extraction. Office, S. W. corner First and Yamhill streets, rooms 7 and 8.



Dr. E. C. Brown, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, 108 First st.

82 First St., Portland, Or., OFFER

[illegible]

LONDON DYE, GUARANTEED.

Made up to order in any style of garment. Good fit warranted. Full stock of Ready-made Furs, such as:

Seal Sacques, Wraps, English Walking Jackets, Fur-lined Circulars, Pelerines, Boas, Muffs, Ladies' Caps and Bonnets, Misses' and Gentlemen's Furs, Rugs and Robes, Trimmings, all of which we offer at

LOW PRICES.

RALPH W. HOYT. CHAS. E. HOYT.

HOYT BROS.

107 First St.

[Successors to D. W. Prentice]

LEADING MUSIC DEALERS.

WEBER, KIMBALL, STERLING [illegible] PIANOS And ESTEY ORGANS.

Largest stock of Sheet Music & Musical Merchandise

6 DAYS—FINE BLOCK NEAR HOLLADAY SCHOOL, easy terms. House and lot, First and Caruthers, $6000. 5 and 10-acre tracts near city on easy terms. Beautiful home in Forest Grove, near University, $2000. JOHNSON & OSBORN, Upstairs Block, Washington st. 16jul 149 First, over Skidmore's.

Teeth $10 & $15 per Set.

No Pain—No Bad Effects.

Breathe vitalized air for painless extraction of teeth. Filling from $1 upward. Gas. T. FRIEDEL, Dentist, Rooms 7, Upstairs Block, Washington st. entrance.

DR. F. W. FREHI, Room 54, Union Block, Stark street.

[illegible]

One Price to All

SOLE AGENCY MME. DEMOREST'S RELIABLE PATTERNS

Priestley's Silk Warp Henriettas

Are the most *thoroughly reliable goods in the market.* They are made of the finest silk and best Australian wool. You can easily distinguish them by their softness and beauty and regularity of finish. They are always the same in *quality, weight, width* and *shade*, thus enabling you to match any piece, and are dyed in two standards of black. None genuine unless rolled on the *"Varnished Board,"* showing the grain of the wood, which is the Priestley Trade-Mark.

[illegible] SALE

SECOND WEEK.

Our patrons will do well to watch our "Special Features," as we shall announce some very attractive bargains.

Special Features for This Week.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Special Features FOR All the Week.

We will sell several very attractive lines of Misses' Shoes, ranging in value from $1.75 to $2 per pair, for THE NOMINAL PRICE OF $1.25 PER PAIR.

Sizes 11 to 2.

Kid with Spring Heel for $1.25 per pair.
Kid with Heel.....for 1.25 per pair.
Goat with Spring Heel for 1.25 per pair.
Goat with Heel.....for 1.25 per pair.
Glove Calf with Heel..for 1.25 per pair.
Pebble Goat, High Cut for 1.25 per pair.

MISSES' SHOES

Special Features FOR All the Week.

Now is the time to Shoe the Little Ones. Children' Shoes were never so cheap.

Sizes 5 to 10½.

Pebble Goat, plain or tipped toe, for 85c per pair
Pebble Grain, plain or tipped toe, for 85c per pair
Glove Calf...plain or tipped toe, for 85c per pair
Kid.....plain or tipped toe, for 85c per pair

Children's Shoes.

Any of the above with Heel or Spring Heel.

NOTION DEPARTMENT.

Special Features FOR All the Week.

Adamantine Pins.....	1c pr paper—Regular price 5c
Elastic Garter Web....	3c per yard—Regular price 10c
Hair Pins.....	3c per box—Regular price 10c
Dress Buttons.....	5c per doz.—Regular price 25c
Dressing Combs.....	5c each—Regular price 10c
Round Combs.....	5c each—Regular price 10c
Fine Combs.....	5c each—Regular price 10c
Silvered Shawl Pins..	10c each—Regular price 25c
Breast Pins.....	10c each—Regular price 25c
Purses.....	21c each—Regular price 50c
Purses.....	53c each—Regular price $1
Linen Thread.....	6c per spool—Regular price 10c
Sheet Wadding.....	1c per sheet—Regular price 5c
Goff's Braid.....	5c each—Regular price 8c
Colored Spool Silk....	5c per spool—Regular price 10c

FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Special Features FOR All the Week.

24 yards Pillow-Case Lace for 50c.
12 yards Crochet Lace for 15c.
Ladies' Linen Collars for 7c.
Ladies' Linen Cuffs for 7c.
Ladies' All-Wool Hose, 19c per pair.
Misses' All-Wool Hose, 15c per pair.

Great Slaughter This Week in Fine Embroideries and Laces.

OUR 75c SYLPH CORSET.....for 40c
OUR $5 BRAIDED JERSEY.....for $3.50 each
OUR $3.50 LADIES' SILK HOSE..for $1.98 per pair

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Special Features FOR All the Week.

Our $1.75 Broadcloths for 85c.
Our $1 Assabet Ladies' Cloth for 65c.
Our 65c Groveland Ladies' Cloth for 45c.
Our 25c Double-width Suitings for 15c.
Our $2 Adelaide Colored Gros Grain Dress Silk for $1.

Store Closes at 7 P. M., sharp,

The Farmers' & Mechanics' Store,

200, 202, 204, 206 First St., 6 and 8 Taylor St.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE DIVINING ROD.

The Instrument of the Water Wizard and Its Use.

England Entrusts Ag Is—How Paris Was Startled a Century Ago—Some Curious Facts About the Hazel Twig.

London Standard.

The use of the divining rod as an instrument for the discovery of underground water has lately attracted considerable notice, partly in consequence of the faith shown in this process by the Hastin s board of guardians. Renouncing the resources of science, and placing hydro-geology at a discount, these authorities lately invoked the aid of a "dowser," or water diviner, to tell them where to sink a well in order to get a supply of water for their new workhouse. In this case the "dowser" is a well-known expert; one John Mullins, a water-wizard of renown, honored by the patronage of the nobility and clergy, and even employed, it is said, by some of the London local authorities. He has testimonials from Lord Winchilsea, Lord Stanhope, of Sevenoaks, Lord Lee, the Earl of Dysart, and the Bradford-on-Avon corporation. In addition to which a Sheffield engineer, experienced in water works, bears witness to the accuracy of the results accomplished by this man.

A short time back, one Mr. John Stears, of Hull, made a striking exhibition of the divining rod before a number of witnesses from among the North of Ireland Association of Mining Engineers, then holding a meeting at Lisburn. Mr. Stears professes his ability to detect the presence of iron, as well as water, beneath the surface of the ground, and in this respect stands distinguished from the more "dowser" class. He further states that if he stands upon two china dishes the power no longer manifests itself. This is held forth as proof that electricity is concerned in the movement of the rod. We are here presented with a somewhat unfortunate complication.

A century ago, one Bartholemy Bleton made a great sensation in Paris by tracing a subterranean aqueduct in the garden of the Luxemburg for a distance of 15,000 yards. This he accomplished, to all appearances, by the mere aid of the divining-rod. The power, he said, was completely stopped if he was insulated. As proof of this he stood on a stool with a glass foot, whereupon the rod ceased to exhibit any movement. But, on one occasion, a shrewd observer, one Dr. Charles, destroyed the insulation without Bleton being aware of the circumstance. The apparent effect was still the same, the rod remaining inert, although it ought to have moved. By way of explanation it was argued that, as Bleton "thought" the was insulated, so to the rod answered to his condition of mind and served as an index to his mental state. This desperate hypothesis might appear to some people a mere confession that Bleton was caught napping. But another mishap was to follow. Bleton was taken into a church, beneath which no water could exist for a depth of 100 feet, owing to the peculiarity of the structure. But Bleton professed to discover, at numerous points, large and small streams. When this was shown to be impossible, it was replied that the explorer was affected by currents of damp air circulating in the cellars and vaults. Yet this man afterward succeeded in discovering a number of springs in Dauphiny, and enjoyed a considerable reputation. Concerning the part which electricity may play in affecting the divining-rod through the medium of the human body, scientific authorities assert that the earth currents are far too feeble to produce any appreciable effect on the human frame. This applies not only to the search for water, but also for minerals.

The circumstance that the divining-rod shows its effects only in the hands of certain persons, is a marked feature in the process. There is no virtue in the wood apart from the human agent, and actual experiment alone demonstrates who is invested with the peculiar sensitiveness requisite for producing the mysterious movements. The persons thus qualified are few in number, though it is quite likely that some possess the power who are unconscious of the fact. An old experimenter of the art states that when exercising with the divining-rod it is necessary to have the mind as free and unembarrassed as possible. Good animal spirits appear to be requisite. If the operator allows himself to be distressed with doubts as to whether he shall succeed, or perplexes his mind with reasoning upon the subject, he is very likely to fail. This is said to account for the fact that the divining-rod frequently answers well in the hands of women, untaught peasants and children. But the highly educated are not forbidden to hope for success, though examples of this kind seem to be few.

One notable instance occurs in the case of Lady Milbanke, the wife of Sir Ralph Milbanke (afterwards Noel), and mother of Anna, the wife of Lord Byron. In 1772, when nineteen years of age, Lady Milbanke being then in France, saw a peasant use the divining-rod in search of water with very striking success. On laying hold of the rod, she found that she possessed the same power as the peasant. On her return to England, Lady Milbanke put her skill to a practical purpose while staying at the residence of a nobleman in Huntingdonshire. The lady of the house was desirous of setting up a dairy, but there was a difficulty in getting a proper supply of water. On hearing this Lady Milbanke volunteered to try her skill as a water-diviner, and succeeded so well that the dairy was soon established. Once, while in another locality, after displaying her powers out of doors, she entered a room, and was proceeding to show the company how to use the rod, when it suddenly moved, indicating the presence of water somewhere beneath. An old lady, mother of the gentleman of the house, said that the room was formed out of an old cloister, in which was a well that had been boarded over. On May 30, 1806, Lady Milbanke, with her family, paid a visit to Dr. Hutton, at his house on Woolwich common, and having duly prepared her divining rods, proceeded to explore the grounds attached to the doctor's dwelling. Dr. Hutton subsequently gave his testimony as to the results. He states that in places where he knew there was water beneath the surface the rods turned and the twigs became twisted. The spectators made trial of the divining rod, but no effect followed.

The evidence necessary to prove that rhabdomancy is something more than a mere fancy or a fraud must needs be of an irrefragable character, and of considerable amount. Nothing short of this can suffice to demonstrate that a hazel stick of peculiar form, carried in the two hands of the explorer, can by its contortions indicate the flow of subterranean water otherwise entirely unknown. The hand, or rod, consists of a forked twig in the form of the letter Y. The manner of holding the rod seems to vary with different operators. One method is to lay hold of the extremities of the two branches, one in each hand, the palms uppermost and tightly closed, the stem of the twig projecting in front. When actuated, the rod usually begins to curve upward. In some instances the branches become twisted, so as to rupture the bark, or even break the twig. The Bristol operator is described as grasping the rod firmly with both hands in the foregoing manner. When the branches moved upward, he said there was a spring of water below, and gave an estimate of its depth from the surface. Mr. Stears holds a limb of the V-shaped rod in each hand, with the apex to the front, slightly inclining downward. According to the manner in which the rod moved, so he distinguished the presence of a gas or water main, as well as underground drains and springs. As to the the movements of the rod, it has to be observed that the two extremities are held in the hands in so constrained a manner that a very slight motion of the muscles, of which the operator may be at the moment unconscious, is quite sufficient to affect the position of the wand. The muscles of the arm and the forked branch itself, are in a state of tension, and the whole position is unnatural.

It is not a little remarkable that the use of the divining rod for the discovery of water is of comparatively recent date. No trace of this practice is to be found earlier than the commencement of the seventeenth Century, when it was exercised in France by the Baron and Baroness Beausoleil. The baron was an eminent mining engineer, and was ably seconded in his scientific pursuits by his wife. Both traveled considerably, and discovered mineral veins in various places, as also medicinal springs. A charge of sorcery was maliciously brought against them, and both the baron and baroness died in prison, one in the Bastile and the other in Vincennes. In their explorations the worthy pair made use of seven rods, or else professed to do so, in order to conceal the means actually employed. Fifty years later, a swarm of experts, called hommes a baguette, arose in the south of France, and were employed to find springs of water, hidden treasures and mineral veins as well as to detect criminals, and even to discover lost land marks, so as to settle disputes concerning boundaries. In 1710 the inquisition of Rome interposed, putting its ban on the divining rod and all writings in support of it. At the commencement of the present century numerous water diviners appeared in Italy. One of these was Campetti, a young peasant from the Lago di Garda, who became so celebrated that in 1806, he was called to Munich, for the purpose of undergoing a scientific examination.

Coming down to a more recent period, we find the divining-rod adapting itself to circumstances by lending its aid to the discovery of mineral oil in Pennsylvania, the experts being termed "oil smellers." Within the last seven years several diviners of this description have been practicing in the oil region, and numerous petroleum wells have, from first to last, been opened in consequence. With a less matter of fact is the circumstance that Mr. Charles Latimer, a well known engineer, having charge of several important railways in the United States, has testified in a most unqualified manner to the virtues of the divining-rod as revealing the position and depth of subterranean water courses. Mr. Latimer elaborated a theory connecting the operation with electricity, and claimed to have discovered certain important laws which govern it.

The virtues of the divining-rod in one form or another, were believed in for ages, but in a lesser degree as scientific knowledge became more widely diffused. The magicians of ancient Egypt had their rods, with which they endeavored to counterfeit the miracle of Aaron. The superstitious use of a divining-staff is mentioned by Hosea. Classic history has its examples, as in the wand of Mercury. Even the scepter of monarchs is supposed to have sprung from the same source as the divining-rod. The belief in the mystic power of the rod is now reduced mainly to the search for water, though not wholly so, as we see in the case of Mr. Stears, who claims to distinguish iron as well as water. More than one theory has been broached in order to place the operations on a scientific basis. Among others, Dr. Rossiter Raymond, of New York, who has read a paper on the subject before the American Institute of Mining Engineers, goes into the question at great length. Summing up the evidence, he inclines to the theory that some persons are peculiarly sensitive to damp and cold, and that the presence of water beneath the surface of the ground may affect them in a peculiar manner. In support of this view he refers to the statement of the Abbe Ameretti, the member of a family containing several water-diviners, who says that the sensation experienced by the holder of the divining rod is one of "heat or cold." Perhaps many will be disposed to take refuge in the conclusion of Faraday and other scientists that the phenomena of the divining rod are no more to be relied upon than those of table turning, and are simply "the result of mental influences wrongly directed." The phrase admits of a sufficiently wide interpretation.

TESTIMONY BY A NEIGHBOR.

SALEM, Jan. 16.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

If we take for illustration a certain township of land that is wholly uninhabited, we will find it's value at the very lowest possible point; if in the following ten years it becomes densely populated and every square rod of it fenced and under a high state of cultivation, its value will in all probability be increased more than 1000 per cent.

During the next decade, however, such a rate of increase would be absolutely impossible, but manufacturing industries there might in the meantime increase from nothing to a value of $1,000,000.

Because agricultural wealth had not kept pace with that of manufacturing industries during this decade, Mr. John P. Robertson, of this county, sees no place to lay the blame but to the oppressive character of our tariff laws.

During the first ten years, the agricultural wealth of the township amounted to 100 per cent. of its entire value, because there was no other kind of property there. The subsequent but-ding of manufacturing industries increased their wealth to an extent equaled only by the amount of their entire value, but Mr. John P. Robertson, of this county, sees no reason for this apparent discrepancy of increase of wealth in the last ten years except in the "inequality" of our laws.

During the last ten years Mr. Robertson's boy has grown two feet in height, while Mr. Robertson himself has not added one inch to his own stature, therefore Mr. John P. Robertson, of this county, claims that the climate of this country is very unhealthy for full-grown men.

Mr. John P. Robertson, of this county, is an excellent citizen. He was for a number of years a republican. In 1880 he ran for the legislature here on the greenback ticket; in 1882 on the democratic ticket, and in 1884 on the prohibition ticket, and if, during the next campaign, there is a prohibition, labor reform, greenback, woman suffrage, Sunday law, Henry George, free trade party, the eternal fitness of things will place Mr. Robertson, of this county, at the head of the ticket.

If the veriest crank extant should take an overdose of snuff, Mr. John P. Robertson, of this county, would be overtaken by a violent fit of sneezing that would be terminated only by the absolute exhaustion of his powers of physical endurance.

T. T. GEER.

AT THE DALLES.

Wasco County Sun.

The sale of property during the week justifies our statement last week, that it is not safe to hold your breath when making an offer for city property. It goes up steadily and rapidly. Property belonging to the Korten estate was advertised to be sold last Saturday. It was thought all of it would have to be sold to pay the debts, but when put under the auctioneer's hammer it brought prices unheard of before. One piece on the corner of Third and Federal was withdrawn until next Saturday, and the chances are it will not be necessary to sell it. The small building on First street, one of the most undesirable properties in the city at present, brought $850. A naked lot on the bck of the Methodist church brought $515, and the vacant lot next to Chrisman's sold for $1575. The corner lot with buildings was bid up to $3325 and withdrawn as we have said. Six months ago the whole property would not have sold for much more than the vacant lots brought. In other words, these pieces of property have increased in value in six months at least $3000. Land is being bought up in the suburbs and will be laid off in lots soon, and they will bring good prices. These rapid increases in values are not the result of a boom, but of the consolidated interests of The Dalles. The display of a little energy and the outlay of a little capital has produced this result. Mr. Vogt's $80,000 brick building in process of erection, served to stiffen the backbone of the balance of the community, and to indicate what the near future is to bring us. The completion of The Dalles Lumbering Company's flume stimulated other industries—notably the trunk factory—and will continue to be a valuable factor in our progress and prosperity. And lastly the almost unanimous vote to build water works supplying all portions of the city with good, pure water and lots of it, has awakened everyone to the fact that we are entering upon an era of business activity. The estimated cost of the water works is about $75,000. The increase in value of city real property alone, since that vote was polled, is not less than $300,000. This fact points a moral that needs must be heeded in future propositions for the public good.

Had Used Them For 15 Years.

IRA J. GRIFFIN, Bookkeeper First National Bank, Sing Sing, N. Y., writes:

"I have been using ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS for the last fifteen years in my family, and can consc entiously recommend them as invaluable when applied where pain is to be relieved. Two years ago I contracted pneumonia from a heavy cold, and during my convalescence, and in the worst months since, have worn one on each lung across my back, and have experienced great benefit therefrom, and was relieved from a threatened return in less than twenty-four hours."

SLAVES OF DRUGS.

Interesting Talk With a Knight of the Mortar and Pestle.

People Addicted to Opium, Chloroform and Chloral —Manner in Which the Habit is Acquired —The Quinine Habit.

Washington Star.

"I suppose every drug store in the city has its opium customer," said a drug clerk to a reporter, "though it would be difficult to estimate the number who are victims of the opium habit."

"Why is that?"

"Well, you see, those who use the drug become secretive after they have acquired the appetite, and they will go as far away from their homes as possible to procure their supply. Sometimes they patronize two or more drugstores, so that neither will think they are buying the drug for anything but medicinal purposes."

"How is the habit acquired?"

"Usually it has its origin in a physician's prescription. A doctor will give some form of opium to allay neuralgic or other sharp pain. The patient finds immediate relief, and feels a pleasant effect. Then when the pain comes again he will get the prescription renewed, perhaps getting double the quantity, and, of course, he increases the dose. Then he will get a copy of the prescription and take it to another drug store and get it put up there. Then he has two sources of supply. Perhaps he will even get a copy at the second store and take it to a third. Then he could get it at one store one day, another the next, and the third day from still another store, and so repeat again."

"What is the form most generally used in taking the drug?"

"I don't know that there is any particular form that is used more than another. Gum opium is perhaps the least used, but still there are many who are fond of it. Very few women indulge in this form of the drug, and the men who use it carry it in their vest pocket and take a little pellet every now and then. Morphia is so used too, that it is carried loose in the vest pocket and taken out on the finger and laid on the tongue. As for the liquid preparations, laudanum and paregoric, they are used by both sexes, but more frequently by women. Many, you know, resort to hyperdermic injections, but then that is an expensive luxury. I remember one day a man came into this store and asked me for some gum opium, telling me he had a tooth-ache that he wanted to put it in his tooth. I looked at him and sized him up at once as an opium eater. I told him he couldn't get it without a prescription from a physician. He asked me to recommend him to some doctor, and I did so. He didn't come back, and a few days afterward the physician whose name I had given came into the store and told me from experience. The man had tried to beat him; and, by the way, that is a peculiarity about this class of people."

"What do you mean—that they try to beat you?"

"Yes; if you ever let them run a bill they will ultimately leave without paying. I don't know that it's intentional dishonesty, but their moral sense seems to be blunted. In the case I have referred to the doctor wrote the prescription and gave it to the man, who said he would come around on a certain day and pay him, as he was short of money then. The doctor has dealt with such people before, so he asked him to let him have the prescription just a minute to see if the proportions were right, and when he got it into his own hands he deliberately tore it up, and told the man when he should return on the day he had named with the money then he might have the prescription."

"Do these customers ever break off the habit?"

"No, indeed. I don't think, in all my experience—and I have been in the drug business for fifteen years—I have known but one man who has been addicted to the opium habit and who has given up the use of the drug. They gradually increase the dose until they take enough daily to kill a dozen men. But the chloroform and chloral habits are worse in their effects—that is, they are most likely to prove fatal. One of the saddest cases that I remember now was that of a man well known in this city, who died some three years ago. He did not drink any liquor, but he used to have spells when he had to have his chloroform sprees. On such occasions he would hire a room and buy an eight-ounce bottle of chloroform, go to bed and inhale the fumes until he was about half crazed. He would keep that way a week, until he was thoroughly exhausted. Then he would slowly recover and be himself again until the fit came on him again. Eventually he died in one of these sprees; died away from home, and in a room in an obscure hotel which he had rented and occupied for nearly a week before his death. You see, in both chloroform and chloral the danger is that you may inhale too much and never wake up."

"Is there any way of telling people who are addicted to the use of any of these drugs?"

"Not unless you've had a great deal of experience, and even then you may be mistaken. You can detect women easier than men. Take a woman in society, who during the day is dull and listless, who looks haggard, heavy-eyed, and who can fix her mind upon no particular occupation, but who at night is bright and brilliant, who talks well, dances as though she appears to enjoy it, and is really exuberant in her spirits, and nine times out of ten that woman is a user of opium in some form or other. Heaven help them all; I pity them."

"Is there any other drug that is abused in this way?"

"Yes, there is being formed the quinine habit. People will take quinine for almost every ailment. That the use of this drug in excess is injurious is well known, for it is a violent depressent, but just what its particular deleterious effects upon the system are I don't think has been determined. It won't be long, however, before the matter will be thoroughly investigated, and then people will be warned against this as against the opium habit."

NOTES FROM WALLA WALLA.

The Spotless Mantle of Snow—A Splendid Outlook for the Grain Crop—Railroad Connection—Etc.

WALLA WALLA, Jan. 16.

A fine snow has fallen, and besides adding a decidedly wintersih aspect to the surrounding landscape, has provided an invigorating covering to the immense wheat fields on every hand. This snow, by our farmers and those interested, is taken as a good token, a harbinger of a fruitful year, and, of course, proportionate prosperity and all that follows in its train.

The grain acreage, by reason of an open fall, and the stimulation afforded by the handsome price of wheat for several months last past, will be increased fully one-fourth, so that the coming harvest will cover not far from 100,000 acres immediatly adjacent to this city. This, with the usual increase on Eureka Flat and other sections of our county, put down at about 25,000 acres more, it can be readily perceived that with the crops averaging as usual, the output of Walla Walla county will assume enormous proportions. Notwithstanding the facilities afforded for getting grain out, and the great demand occasioned by a rising market, it is estimated that a quarter of a million bushels yet remain in sight hereabout. If, as is anticipated, grain keeps up, or even sells at a figure anywhere near its present price next season, our county will be in a financial condition second to none, with the same population, in the Union. This means new houses, new furnishings and comforts, and better appurtenances and surroundings. It means better schooling and more of it for the children. It means the providing of the thousand and one things that tend to make life pleasant and satisfactory that heretofore because of the necessitous condition of a majority of our people has been beyond their reach. A good crop, such as is promised, means prosperous days for us all; and, in anticipation thereof, our farmers, orchardists, and those dependent on them, are full of bright anticipations that, for their sake, I trust may end in glad fruition.

A potent factor in the undoubted future growth and progress of our section is the recently made Northern and Eastern railroad connections; and which through the unwearied and progressive march of the O. R. & N. is constantly being extended. Now it is, or soon will be possible, for fruit to be placed on cars here of a morning and unloaded at Spokane Falls in the evening. The same is true as regards Burke, Wardner, Murray and other fruit-consuming towns in the Coeur d'Alenes, that heretofore have been practically shut off from us. Thus it is that the fruit industry here because of the opening of these markets will be wonderfully stimulated. Not only that, but the fruits when received by the people north of us will be in a much more acceptable condition.

Go where you will about our handsome city you will see new houses in process of construction. Most of them are modest in cost and appearance; others are more pretentious, but all pretty and homes for those who are building them, and soon this town will be in fact, as it is in name a city of homes, and I venture to assert that this place contains more houses owned by those who inhabit them, more of wealth per capita and less of distress and want, than any place of its size in the Union. And, too, I am sure it would be hard to find a place anywhere on the round earth that contains within it or possesses to a higher degree that chain of endearment or exerts a more tender affection or lasting love from those who, having once lived within her charming environments, by fate and circumstances are driven beyond its all but sacred gates.

The past two weeks have compassed about all the winter we thus far have experienced. Nor has that been in the least unpleasant. However, the icehouses have been filled and the lads and lassies have had a fine time with their skating on the creeks and ponds about the city. Sleighing, owing to the light snow fall and barely frozen ground, has been indulged in but little, and that little under a mild protest as to its enjoyableness. Our wiseacres say we are to have an open winter, because we had a dry December. It is a matter of supreme indifference to the majority of us up here what the weather is, just so it does not disturb the present condition of the outlying grain, for the aforesaid majority are well housed, wooded and provided against wind, rain, snow, warm or freezing weather.

M. D. EGBERT.

WHEN RAMS FIGHT.

Cornhill Magazine.

It may perhaps throw some light on the obscure causes of the stupidity of sheep to see them fight. To watch two rams engage in a duel, which they do in a most gentlemanly manner, as if it were as much a matter of etiquette as an engagement with swords in the environs of Paris, is better than most farces nowadays. Perhaps there are some ten or twenty rams in a yard or corral, and presently two put their heads together. Probable they are having a conversation, and in it some debatable matter crops up, for one shakes his head impatiently as if combating the views of the interlocutor. The insulted ram looks up, advances a step or two, and they rattle their horns together. Instantly all the other gentlemen gather round as the two intending combatants march backward step by step with an admirable slowness and deliberation. They are the two knights at the ends of the lists. There is an instant's pause, and then they furiously rush at each other, and drive the hard forehead to forehead with a shock that ought to break their skulls. Then the solemn backward march recommences, the pause is made, and the two belligerents leap at each other once more, and the terrible thud is heard again. Sometimes they run ten courses before one turns dizzy and declines the battle, but oftener five or six blows make the thicker skulled turn away, to be contemptuously hustled in the rear by the conqueror. Occasionally the sight of one set of duelists inspires the unoccupied lookers-on with a noble ardor, and couple after couple join in to march backward side by side and rush forward in line to meet the opposing forces. It seems to me that there is more interest in this than in the mere farce of the fight. However such a habit arose it can hardly now be advantageous to the species, and must tend to lower them in the scale of intellect, for while the thickest skulled remain lords, those with the most room for brains often get their craniums cracked with fatal results. This may help to explain the very uncommon idiocy of domesticated sheep—a habit which, while among the Australian blackfellow may throw light on the dull, thick-headness of some of the native humans in that country. For their favorite method of duelling—at least it was that of which I heard most—is to take two clubs, and, having drawn lots in some manner for the first blow, to strike the loser on the head as he bends down with the utmost force possible. If that blow is not decisive—and it is not always so—it is the turn of the other man to do its best, and so on until a skull is cracked.

SEEING WHAT IS TO BE SEEN.

From Cassell's Magazine for February.

"The wise man's eyes are in his head; but the fool walketh in darkness." In this respect, at least, people are "mostly fools;" but some are more foolish than others, making the tour of Europe, as Dr. Johnson said, and seeing less than others who have only traveled in the Hampstead coach. We meet globe-trotters who must have blind-folded their eyes before setting out on their travels, or they never could have gone so far and seen so little.

Nurses frequently remark that a child "takes great notice." There is no better test of intellectual capacity. Nothing pleases a clever child so much as picking up new flowers, watching new insects and collecting pebbles and shells. This delightful exercise of the powers of observation should in all ways be encouraged. Parents and teachers should by their sympathy lead children on to an extensive examination of the things they pick up in their daily walks, making it their ambition to say respecting everything they find all that can be said.

"Look at that beautiful flower. Notice the color, number and form of the petals, and the shape of the stalks and leaves."

In this way Charles Kingsley taught his children, or rather, made them teach themselves. One of his guests was surprised when his little girl ran to him, exclaiming, "Oh, daddy, look at this delightful worm."

There is no insect that may not give delight if we allow it to draw out our powers of observation. Many of us now regret that when young the fable of "Eyes and No Eyes" was not instilled into us. There is no greater mistake than to allow the powers of observation to fall into atrophy from want of use. "The world's no blank" to him who goes through life with the seeing eye, but it is a blank to him who, having eyes, sees not

The beauty and the wonder, and the power;
The shape of things, their colors, lights and shades;
Changes, surprises.

In every business and profession powers of observation are required. The physician has only a few moments for making a diagnosis, and it depends upon the way he uses his eyes whether it is or is not a correct one.

A friend of mine, a medical student, was so convinced of the necessity of cultivating the powr of rapid observation, that when, in our college days, we went for walks, he used to train himself by taking in at a glance the things in the windows of the shops as we passed, and then telling me all he saw. A general, if he cannot observe rapidly and correctly, may give a command that may cause the death of thousands of his own men.

Every advantage in this world has a corresponding disadvantage, and one of the disadvantages attending the fact that in these days everyone can read is that people now see things through the eyes of writers rather than through their own eyes.

The discovery that the present age is more addicted to a cursory use of the eyes of the body as well as of the eyes of the mind, is only one more proof of the evils latent even in the most carefully acquired progress. Before printing was invented and cheapened, the perceptions of mankind were kept bright by the difficulty of obtaining information. Few are the civilized men who can detect the slight changes in the objects around them with the unerring instinct of the old American Indians.

We allow our powers of observation to grow weak by not using them, and this is why the Arab can tell the number of approaching horsemen when a modern Englishman barely sees a speck on the horizon. Those whom we call savages can find a road by remarking the bent twig and other indications, while we require to have sign-posts, with the way printed on them.

Dempsey Talks About Mitchell.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 14.—Jack Dempsey, who is here, when asked what had been done about the proposed San Francisco $10,000 purse for a fight between himself and Mitchell, replied: "Nothing. Mitchell is afraid to fight me. I have offered all kinds of terms to that end, but he won't fight. I have offered to let the winner take all or two-thirds, or any way, except for the loser to take a half. I have even offered to wager him any amount up to $50 000 on the outside, but the cur is afraid to meet me. I guess my only way to induce him to fight will be to punch him the first time I meet him."

THE LOST ARTS.

Buried Secrets of the Feats and Sciences of the Ancients.

Luminous Painting, and How It Was Done—Wonderful Mechanic Arts—Infinitessimal Carving.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Notwithstanding the great advance in invention and manufactures of the present century in most respects, there are many wonderful arts and sciences in which the ancients have never been equaled and the secret of which has long since perished.

The chemistry of the most ancient period had reached a point which modern chemists had never approached.

In the letters of the Catholic priests who first visited China, which were published in France 200 years ago, they relate that they were shown a glass, transparent and colorless, which was filled with a liquid made by the Chinese, which to the observer appeared to be as clear as water. This liquor was poured into the glass; then, looking through it, it seemed to be filled with fishes.

This was not owing to any peculiarity of the fluid, but to the glass itself. The Chinese confessed that they did not make them, but that they were the plunder of some foreign conquest, many centuries before.

Wendell Phillips, in his lecture on "The Lost Arts," in speaking of malleable glass, tells of a Roman who, in the age of Tiberius, had been banished and returned to Rome, bringing a wonderful cup. This cup he dashed upon the marble pavement, and it was crushed, but not broken by the fall. Although somewhat dented, with a hammer he easily bent it into shape again. It was brilliant, transparent, but not brittle.

He further states that the Romans obtained their chemistry from the Arabians, and that they brought it into Spain eight centuries ago. In the books of that age there is a kind of glass spoken of that, if supported on one end, by its own weight, in a day's time would dwindle down to a fine line, so that it could be curved around one's wrist like a bracelet.

The art of luminous painting was known to the Japanese 900 years ago, and an extract from one of their old writers has been translated as follows:

"One Su Ngoh many years ago had a picture of an ox. Every day the ox left the picture frame to graze, and returned to steep within it at night. This picture came into the possession of the Emperor Tai Tsung, of the Sung dynasty (A. D. 976-998), who showed it to his courtiers, and asked them for an explanation, which none of them, however, could give.

"At last a certain Buddhist priest said that the Japanese found some mucreous substance within the flesh of a certain kind of oyster they picked up when the rocks were bared at low tide, and that they ground this into color lently into varied forehead to forehead material and then painted pictures with it which were invisible by day and luminous by night."

The secret simply was that during the day the figure of the ox was not visible, and it was therefore said that it left the frame to go grazing.

Many instances of remarkable mechanical ingenuity are related by various ancient authors. In the year 1578, the twentieth of Queen Elizabeth's reign, one Mark Scaliot, a blacksmith, made a lock consisting of eleven pieces of iron, steel and brass, with a hollow key to it, that altogether weighed but one grain of gold. He also made a gold chain, composed of forty-three links, which he fastened to the lock and key.

In the presence of the queen he put the chain about the neck of a flea, which drew it with ease; and then he put the lock and key, flea and chain into a pair of scales, and they altogether weighed but one grain and a half.

This almost incredible story is vouched for by an old writer.

Myrmecides, an ancient carver, was also so proficient in microscopic mechanism that he made an ivory chariot with four wheels and as many harnessed horses in so small a compass that a fly might have hidden them all under its wings.

The same artisan made a ship with all her decks, masts, yards, rigging and sails, which took up scarcely more room than the chariot.

The silver sphere, "A most noble and ingenious performance," which was presented to Sultan Solyman the Magnificent, by his Imperial Majesty Ferdinand, is mentioned by Fortelius, as showing the keeping time with the motions of the celestial bodies in their various configurations. It was carried to Constantinople by twelve men and there put together by the artist that made it.

An artificer named Cornelius van Drebbio once made an instrument like an organ that, being set in the open air, under a warm sun, would play airs of itself, without the keys being touched; but would not play in the shade, for for this reason it is supposed that it was inclosed air, rarefied by the sun, that caused the harmony.

George Whitehead, an Englishman made a ship, with all things pertaining to it, to move as if it sailed upon a table. "All hands were aloft, a woman made good music on a flute, and a little puppy cried in the midship, all of which variety," quaintly says an old author, "was very pleasant and diverting."

Proclus, whose fame in mathematics equaled that of Archimedes, is said to have made burning-glasses in the reign of Anastasius Dicorus of such wonderful efficacy that at a great distance he burnt and destroyed the Mysian and Thracian fleet of ships that had blockaded Byzantium.

The Damascus blades, as marvels of perfect steel, have long been famous, and even those used in the crusades are as perfect today as they were eight centuries ago.

One exhibition in London could be put into a scabbard almost as crooked as a corkscrew, and bent every way without breaking. The point of this sword could be made to touch the hilt.

The poets have celebrated the perfection of the Grecian shield, and many famous writers have sung its praises. Scott, in his "Crusaders," describes a meeting between Richard Cœur de Lion and Saladin.

Saladin asks Richard to show him the wonderful strength for which he is noted, and the Norman monarch responds by severing a bar of iron which lies on the floor of the tent. Saladin says, "I can not do that," but he takes an elder-down pillow from a couch, and, drawing his keen blade across it, it falls in two pieces.

At this feat Richard says: "This is the black art—it is magic; you cannot cut that which has no resistance."

Saladin, to show him that such is not the case, takes a scarf from his shoulders which is so light that it almost floats in the air, and tossing it up, severs it before it can descend.

That Scott's story is by no means an exaggeration is proved by a traveler who relates that he once saw a man in Calcutta throw a handful of floss silk into the air and a Hindoo sever it into pieces with his saber.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS.

EDUCATING THE HORSE.

While there is a difference with animals as with men in character much can be done by education to develop good points in both. Every animal destined for man's use should be educated by kind treatment, and made to have confidence in man and feel kindly towards humanity. The horse is especially man's most useful and intelligent animal friend, and it is no necessary to his comfort and his business that no pains should be spared to have the colt bred and trained to habits that man can best appreciate. In the first place, the character of the sire should be considered, to have the colt inherit good qualities, for if the parents are ill dispositioned, the progeny by the laws of heredity will inherit. The mother should be treated well, and fed and cared for well while she carries the foal, and the colt from birth should be taught to consider man as his protector and friend. To abuse an animal will be wicked and the abuse is apt to be repaid in kind. The worst of it is that the ill consequences may fall on some one who does not deserve them. "Breaking" a colt is too often literally breaking its spirit, whereas we want it to have spirit, but should train it so that spirit will not be developed to evil.

A young horse should be trained with eyes open to the world and not with blinders on. It should be trusted to use its eyes and then will not so often use its heels. Check reins are often torture, and anything that is not pleasant for the animal is not necessary for man's safety. If a horse has been brought up well, educated, and trained properly, taught all it should know and made a confidant and friend by rational and kindly treatment, then a spoken and encouraging word will go much further towards inducing to put forth its powers than shouts and blows can. If you ever saw Rockwell and his educated horse you have an illustration of what the horse can become under human and kindly treatment.

AMERICAN PORK IN PARIS.

The initial steps have been taken to have an exhibit of American pork products at the coming Paris Exposition. The sum of $25,000 has been appropriated by congress to defray the expenses. At a meeting touching the matter in Chicago, a dealer in American provisions from Havre, France, spoke as follows:

It is because the present assembly is for protective tariff; because the legislature and those prominent in the government are in the butchers' combinations and have the mistaken notion that the restriction will promote the raising of hogs in France. The scientific men of France are not opposed to American pork, and there is no prejudice against it among the people. It is a peculiar fact that since American pork has been excluded the price of hogs has fallen 50 per cent. and the price of butchers' meat has risen. The farmer is not benefited at all, but he is ignorant and does not think about these things. In some parts of France the hog on foot sells for five or six cents a pound and the flesh for thirty-five cents a pound, that is, the choice cuts.

In every city of France there are powerful combinations of the pork butchers, who keep up the price. They grow rich and frequently retire after seven or eight years in business. The pork is kept so high that only the rich eat it. Beef is cheaper. There are not many hogs raised, for the meat is all sold fresh, and none of it is packed or cured.

WINTER COW FEEDING.

The German formula for a daily winter ration for a cow giving milk is twenty-four pounds of dry organic food, of which fifteen pounds should be digestible, containing of nitrogenous matter two and one-half pounds, and carbonaceous twelve and one-half pounds, or nitrogenous to the carbonaceous as one to five. They tell us that they may feed with profit hay, fodder corn, corn stalks, straw, corn, oats, barley, wheat bran, shorts, beets, carrots, potatoes, in fact everything that grows on the farm; but they should be so combined in feeding as to contain the desired amount of digestible nutriments in nearly the proportion named. Thirty pounds of timothy hay, which is about the amount that a cow is supposed to eat, when fed alone, contains eleven to twelve pounds of digestible food, of which one and one-fourth pounds will be nitrogenous and ten pounds carbonaceous. So hay alone will not furnish a full milk ration. It is claimed by a newspaper correspondent who visited the Darlington farm, where 250 cows are kept for butter, that their daily rations were eight pounds of corn meal, eight pounds of bran and eight pounds of cut hay mixed and fed together. This would very nearly correspond to the German ration, but a cheaper ration, and one equally well balanced, was used by Prof. Roland, Mme. de Stael, George Sand, George Eliot, Margaret Fuller.

Semiramis, no doubt, is a myth, but the average individual does not believe intensely, but the mere fact that such a haze of Assyrian history here exists must have lived for 4000 years gives her a unique place among the women of the world. But why Queen Esther should have all the honors in the Bible? I asked. Queen Esther saved the Jews from massacre as certain as Joan of Arc saved France from the English. From the stifling atmosphere of a royal harem she came forth with the heroic words: "If I perish, I perish," and triumphs over her enemies. Moreover, unlike most Bible stories, there is no element of the supernatural in this case; we have a very simple fact of a beautiful woman using her beauty, not for personal advancement, but for the benefit of her country and voluntarily risking her life to save theirs. Not even a man could do more.

SAPPHO'S PEERLESS RANK.

Probably no one will seriously dispute the statement that Sappho was the greatest poetess of antiquity, although a few time scoffers are said to affirm that she only has claim to the authorship of a few lines of extent verse, and that of an apocryphal. And then we come as near to M. M. Comte's Frenchwomen, and three at least—Joan of Arc, Mme. de Stael—justly demand the latter as the literary excellence, the two former as womanly purity and religious fervor, who, instead of hiding in the cloister, threw themselves into the fiercest of life, and passed through it unsullied, and rewarded with a martyr's death. Transcribing at the publisher's request, small proportions of the copyright of the generally favored the bear interest. Forenoon were: 400 tons, by per the year 2400 tons at 41 50@; 100 tons at $1 50@; $1 50@, buyer season, $1 50@.

Afternoon session—Buyer year open closed, $1 53@; buyer season, $1 52@.

Barley—The tonnage is dispersed early part of the week, with a weaker feeling, and prices have declined. Receipts increasing while the demand has ceased choice feed at 77½@78c; No. 1 feed, common grades, 65@70c; No. 2 feed, choice, 80@82½c; fair to good, 77½@80c; choice to No. 1 brewing, 85@87½c; very fine offering to No. 1 standard brewing. Quote choice at 80@82½; fair to good, 77½@80c; choice and lower. Buyer season, $1 52@.

Afternoon session—Buyer season, $1 53@.

Oats—Receipts during the week in 10,000 ctls from Northern points. The while quite good is hardly strong enough any material effect upon prices. Offerings are disposed to be rather than force sales at lower prices. choice at $1 12½@1 15; No. 1 feed, $1 common, 1 05@1 07½; milling, $1 12½@1

The Royal Twelve.

Fortunately, in attempting to twelve greatest women of the parison with the opposite A really great woman must largely benefited the life or thought of her own country, have left some permanent mark of her work or judgment. The actress, however great, Siddons or a Rachel could be the greatest woman, as her art From that point of view I up the following list as fairly of feminine greatness in all

Women of action—Semiramis, Esther, Maria Theresa, Catherine sia, Isabella of Castile, Joan of

Women of thought—Sappho, Roland, Mme. de Stael, George Eliot, Margaret Fuller.

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COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY, Jan. 17.

...chandise received or soon to arrive by rail: ...es hardware, 244 pkgs wagon material, 250 ...ed house wheels, 12 pkgs plumbers' material, 1 car ...ed wagon machinery, 145 cs dry goods, 10 cs cloth...ng, 25 cs clothing, 18 cs hats and caps, 170 pkgs tobacco, 33 rolls carpet, 90 cs boots and shoes, 1 ...e glassware.

FREIGHTS—The situation in freights and charters is reported. Shippers are holding off, having ...ssels in hand, and for what they have being moderately supplied with vessels, and being unable ...ssibly supplied with vessels, and being unable ...ssibly supplied with vessels, and being unable ...ssibly

NEWS NOTES BRIEFLY TOLD.

Gathered by Reporters in the Daily Swirl of a Busy City.

How to Get an Open River—A Large Opium Seizure—Burglars Again at Work—Escaped From the Asylum at Stellacoom, W. T.

FISHING FOR GUDGEONS.—There appears to be in this city at present rather more than the usual number of that class of sharpers who make a living with the exercise of their wits; or rather by taking advantage of the lack of wit in others. A stocky built, knavish appearing fellow, has been working around the railroad depots lately with a very stale trick. He is in great need of $25, and has a valuable watch, presented to him by his uncle, worth $200, which he is willing to give as security to any one who will loan him the money. He found a greenhorn the other day, who loaned him the $25 and took his brass plated watch, not worth $5, as security. He is supposed to be the man who is trying to borrow small amounts of money at 40 per cent interest for two weeks, and willing to deposit security worth double the amount loaned. Any one of business sense or experience would not look at such an advertisement twice. It is a dead give away and proof positive that a swindle is intended. The security, it is found, is brummagen watches or such like worthless trash. There is a great deal of this worthless stuff being palmed off here now on a class of silly residents, who allow themselves to be fascinated by the blatant bawlings of brazen faced swindlers, who find quarters in some of the rookeries which ornament some of our principal streets. It will be a good thing when handsome business blocks occupied by decent tradesmen take the place of these tumble-down shanties which form natural harbors for vermin of all kinds.

AN OPIUM SEIZURE.—A lot of opium in cans and jars is "under arrest" at the custom house, having been seized by Customs Inspectors Page and Porter in the establishment of Mon Oak, corner of Second and Oak streets. Mon Oak says he bought the opium in a crude state in San Francisco, from persons who had paid the duty on it. The value of the opium seized is about $1000, and the owner expresses himself as confident that it will be returned to him. The officers have had an eye on Mon Oak for some time, as they suspected him of dealing in smuggled opium. In addition to the opium the officers captured 1000 of the domestic stamps which are used on opium manufactured in this country out of crude opium on which the duty has been paid. The officers think these stamps are counterfeits. Several custom inspectors visited Chinese houses in East Portland and captured two cans of opium and some in a tin pan on which there were no stamps. The investigation in this matter will probably bring out some information concerning the manufacture of opium in this country.

A NEW SCHEME.—The question of "an open river," or how to overcome the obstructions at The Dalles and Cascades of the Columbia has attracted a great deal of attention for some time past. Various schemes have been devised and considered by which the wheat of the Inland Empire may flow in a current as continuous and unbroken to the sea as does the mighty Columbia. The very latest scheme, however, and one which has not yet been laid before the public has been proposed by a gentleman who has a deep interest in the matter. This is to condemn the line of the O. R. & N. Co. from Celilo to The Dalles and from the Upper Cascades to Bonneville to the use of the state on the ground of public necessity. The state, after securing these bits of road, could grant the O. R. & N. Co. permission to run trains over them under proper restrictions. This is a scheme which is quite certain to meet with the approval of Governor Pennoyer.

AN ESCAPED CRAZY MAN.—Officer S. C. Morgan yesterday afternoon arrested R. N. Lyons, an escaped lunatic of the insane asylum at Salem. Lyons had gone to the residence of Dr. Panton for some medicine, and the doctor observing that the man acted somewhat strange, at once telephoned for an officer. When the officer arrived Lyons was found perambulating in an aimless manner on First street, between Stark and Morrison. Captain Cardwell asked Lyons whether he had not escaped from the asylum at Salem. To this, Lyons replied in the negative. He admitted, however, that he had escaped from Stellacoom. A dispatch received from Dr. H. J. Redpath, of the asylum at Stellacoom, confirmed the statement, and an attendant will be sent after the fugitive some time during the day.

MORE SCARE THAN FIRE.—An alarm turned in from box 17 a little after 8 o'clock last night called the fire department to a small blaze on the upper floor of No. 31½ North Third street, corner of B. The upper two floors of this building are occupied by Mrs. Elizabeth Arrigoni as a lodging house. In the rear of the second story there is a small veranda used for a woodshed, store room and various other purposes. It is here where the fire started. There were several ash boxes piled upon this perch, and the hot coals communicating the heat to some minor articles near by, soon caused a nice little bonfire. A general alarm was turned in, but the fire was extinguished before the department arrived. For a few minutes there was quite a little excitement. There was no loss whatever.

TAMMANY SOCIETY ELECTION.—The Tammany Society in this city, at its last regular meeting, elected the following officers for the ensuing term: F. A. E. Starr, president; C. B. Bellinger, first vice president; F. G. Strange, second vice president; D. S. Tuthill, third vice president; J. P. Finley, fourth vice president; Pat Powers, fifth vice president; Wm. Church, Jr., recording secretary; E. D. Baker, financial secretary; Andrew Roberts, treasurer. Council of sachems for 1889—John Kelly, E. Druckee, J. N. Teal, Tom Richardson, A. Roberts, E. D. Baker, T. G. Greene, B. L. Morden, Charles Kohn, F. A. E. Starr, Wm. Church, Jr., Pat Powers, J. P. Finley, D. S. Tuthill, C. B. Bellinger.

BUILDING PERMITS.—There is no decrease in the number of houses of moderate cost being built, and still they are all occupied as soon as finished, and there is demand for more. Building permits were issued yesterday to the following named persons: S. Harkins, for 2-story house on Ninth street, between Mill and Market, to cost $4000; Thomas Mann, 2-story house corner of Front and Grant streets, $1500; Vincent McCullough, 2-story house at Sixth and Hall streets, $1200; James Pratney, cottage at Clay and Fifteenth streets, $1200; Mrs. Laura Nelson, 2-story house on Fifteenth street, between S and F, $1200.

LIABLE TO DISCONTINUANCE.—"How are the taxes coming in?" asked a reporter yesterday of School Clerk Allen. "Very slow," he replied. "The day for their becoming delinquent, February 6, is drawing on apace and taxpayers are keeping aloof. They seem to have an idea that I can collect them all on the last day. There are a good many who have signified their wish to wait until the afternoon of the last day. I shall wait on those I can attend to properly, and the rest will have to become delinquent. Some of them are fixing themselves nicely to be disappointed."

POLICE CAPTAINS' CAPS.—In making mention of the new helmets received by the city police force nothing was said of the caps worn by the police captains. The caps adopted by the captains in this city are of the same style as those worn by police captains in Chicago and New York. The caps or flags are especially jubilant because their caps are labeled in a manner to attract attention. People now coming into the city jail inquiring for a police captain will be shown the large gilt label adorning the caps of the captains like a headlight on an engine.

OYSTERS AND CLAMS.—The supply this season seems to be almost wholly from the Shoalwater bay beds, while the clams come from Olympia. The former are much better than heretofore, and the clams, though good when first opened, do not survive the cool weather as well as the more delicate bivalve—the oyster. Several saloons confine their business to the preparation of oysters, and many bars serve the "stockfish," and a specialty is warm with condiments to invite trade for drinks to quench the consuming fire.

REVIVAL MEETINGS.—The interest in the revival meetings in the Baptist church, in South Portland, is deepening and widening at every meeting. Rev. Mr. Reiter is doing a large number of recent converts next Sunday evening.

THE "BEAUTIFUL" IS COMING.—Yesterday was not a pleasant day as compared with the weather for the last few weeks. There was a slight "skirt" of snow on the hills at daylight, which quickly disappeared and was followed by cold showers. The south wind, however, kept the temperature above the "snow line," for which all were thankful. It snowed up the valley, about Albany, and reports from east of the mountains show that it snowed between the Cascades and The Dalles, and the river through that section is blocked with ice and navigation stopped.

A "BOGLER" AROUND.—The house of John Shea, on Sixteenth street, was entered by a burglar on Wednesday night, and $20 stolen from the pocket of Mr. Shea's pantaloons. The fellow was a professional, for, notwithstanding that the doors of the house was unfastened, he effected an entrance through a window. People will do well not to leave any money in the pockets of their pantaloons until this fellow has been captured.

NO CASE AGAINST HIM.—Charles Schmidt, the man arraigned in Justice Tuttle's court several days ago on a charge of larceny of a shovel and fork from a store on First street, has been exonerated and acquitted of the charge. The charge was brought either through a misunderstanding or, as the defendant contends, through malicious prosecution, for it appears that there is no foundation for the accusation.

ANNEX TO THE DALLES.—The fever for adding to cities by laying out tracts adjoining has reached The Dalles. A syndicate have secured several hundred acres on the hill overlooking the city, which they will stake out in blocks and lots in the course of time and launch them on the market.

MILLINERY GIFT SALE.—Beginning on Monday next, J. Selling & Co. will present their patrons with 500 elegantly trimmed hats and bonnets. Look for particulars in to-morrow's issue of THE OREGONIAN. Notice J. Selling's ad of unlaundried shirts at 50 cents, value $1; their $1 50 grades at 85 cents.

THE LAST NIGHTS.—John Jack and Annie Firmin and company are giving a very creditable performance of "Crystal Cross" at New Park theater. The play is running smoothly and elicits a great deal of hearty and deserved applause. "Crystal Cross" tonight and at the matinee to-morrow.

VETERANS WILL MEET.—It is expected that appropriate resolutions will be drafted in memory of the late James G. Chapman at the meeting of the Indian War Veterans to-morrow afternoon at the court house. An election will also be necessary to fill the vacancy occasioned by his death.

NOTHING THE MATTER WITH THE EAST SIDE.—As an illustration of how the East Side holds its end up in the advance of real estate, Mr. Edward Holman was yesterday offered $5000 for fifteen lots east of Sandyside, for which only eight months ago he paid $2925.

PETTY LARCENY.—In Justice Phelan's court yesterday afternoon a charge of petty larceny was preferred against Johnnie Foster, a boy 9 years old. It seems that he was detected in stealing $1 90 from Y. Cavah, whose place of business is 250 First street.

BLOCKED.—The O. R. & N. Co.'s boat D. S. Baker, which runs between Upper Cascades and The Dalles, is tied up, owing to the river being blocked by ice. The river is, however, navigable to Lower Cascades.

ASK Eggert, Young & Co. for boys' ironclad shoes; best boys' shoes in the world.

OLD FIRE "BOYS'" MEETING.

Volunteer Firemen's Association—Officers Elected for the Year—Other Business Transacted.

The Volunteer Firemen's Association of this city held a meeting in the police court last night for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year.

The room began to fill with members of the association as early as 7:30 o'clock, and by the time the meeting was called to order all the active members who could possibly be there were on hand. The secretary and treasurer were occupied receiving regular membership dues during the greater portion of an hour.

A little after 8 o'clock a momentary stampede was caused by an alarm of fire turned in from box 17, and several had to leave to make the "run." The secretary and treasurer, however, continued their labors until all dues had been received.

At 8:45 the president of the association, J. J. Meagher, mounted the rostrum and rapped the meeting to order.

The first order of business was the roll-call of officers and the reading of the minutes of the last regular meeting.

The president then stated to the members of the association present that the principal object of the meeting was the election of new officers.

There were three nominations for president, H. Morgan, J. J. Meagher and W. H. H. Joyce. Mr. Meagher withdrew from the field, which confined the contest to Morgan and Joyce.

There were fifty ballots cast, of which number thirty-one were given to Chief Engineer Morgan. Chief Morgan was declared duly elected, and amid the cheers of the "boys" he mounted the rostrum.

On motion of Chief Engineer Morgan the rules of order were dispensed with and the financial secretary was instructed to cast a ballot for the association for Mr. Boyce as first vice president.

On a similar motion, the financial secretary was instructed to cast the ballot of the organization for M. M. Lucas as second vice president.

L. B. Berlin was elected treasurer by ballot, receiving thirty-two votes out of forty-nine.

C. C. Doblebower was elected financial secretary and George Herall recording secretary.

There was also a vacancy in the board of trustees. This was filled by the election of E. G. Fuller, of Couch engine No. 6, who received the unanimous vote of the association.

On motion of Chief Engineer Morgan, the president and other retiring officers of the association were tendered a vote of thanks. Mr. Meagher, in stepping out of the presidency, thanked the members of the association in a few well selected words for the uniform courtesy and consideration with which he had been treated during his incumbency of the office of chief executive.

Chief Engineer Morgan also made a few remarks thanking the members for the honor conferred on him in electing him president, and bespeaking for the association a prosperous future. "The organization is now on a prosperous basis," said Mr. Morgan, "and there is no reason why we should not continue in prosperity and maintain our association to the best of our ability."

The receipts in dues taken in during the evening were found to be $15.

THE $100,000 WATER BONDS.

Adjourned Meeting of the Committee — The Awards to Bidders.

An adjourned meeting of the water committee was held at the parlors of Ladd & Tilton's bank yesterday afternoon, President Henry Failing presiding, and Messrs. W. H. Ladd, H. W. Corbett, Frank Dekum, W. K. Smith, H. C. Lewis, F. C. Smith, A. H. Johnson and T. B. Richardson, present.

Secretary P. C. Schuyer read the minutes of the last regular meeting, which were approved.

The business before the meeting being the awarding of the $100,000 of bonds, bids for which were opened at the meeting on Tuesday last, on motion they were awarded as follows to the highest bidders.

To the Oregon Fire and Marine Insurance Company, $40,000 at 107.

To L. & I. White, $50,000 at 106¼.

To the American Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia, $40,000 at 105 and accrued interest.

Warrants were ordered drawn for payment of bills, as follows:

Pacific Metal Co.	$ 2,709 77
Union Iron Works	1,165 12
P. Collier & Co.	21 75
Oregon Iron and Steel Co.	99,674 09

There being no other business on hand, the committee adjourned.

A DECIDED HIT.

These elegant long curly-haired Angoras rugs, 3x6 feet, only $5 00 each at H. F. Gutbixson & Co.'s carpet store, 104 Third street, Portland. They are an ornament in any room. Send for one.

A CRAZY MAN'S CLOSE CALL.

A Desperate Attempt at Suicide Made at the County Jail Last Night.

The Prisoner Claims To Be the Perpetrator of Tuesday Night's Shooting Near Gervais—He Stabs Himself in the Throat.

A man is now in the county jail who claims to have done the mysterious shooting by which Frank A. Pearson was seriously wounded near Gervais last Tuesday night, upon the Southern Pacific overland train. The poor fellow seems nearly crazy, and made a desperate and nearly successful attempt at suicide directly after his reaching the jail.

It will be remembered that last Tuesday night, while the Southern Pacific southbound train was nearing Gervais, the occupants of one of the emigrant coaches heard three shots fired in rapid succession. On investigation it was found that Mr. Frank A. Pearson, formerly of San Francisco, had been shot, each of the three discharges taking effect, but none seriously. Mr. Pearson could give no idea of who had shot him, or his assailant's motive.

About 7 o'clock last evening a federal marshal showed up at the jail with Harvey Curl, whom he had brought down from Salem on a federal warrant, and with another suspicious looking character, for whom he had no warrant. At the door of the jail this last one turned and fled.

"The marshal said to me," said Mr. Dougherty, "'you better catch that fellow and bring him back. I think he is the one who did that shooting near Gervais the other night.' I immediately put out after him, and overhauled him at Third and Salmon. After some parleying and by the help of a passing citizen, I succeeded in bringing him back. The marshal who brought him did not give in any commitment papers or say anything more about him. I do not know who the marshal is."

According to Mr. Dougherty's statement, after he had brought the prisoner in, and turned to thank the man who had helped him, and close the outside door after his exit, the prisoner drew from his pocket his knife, and before he could be seized made two or three vicious stabs at his own throat. He was then tied with his hands behind him, and Dr. Strong, the county physician, in response to a telephone message, soon arrived on the scene, accompanied by a reporter.

The man was groaning as if in great pain. The cut was examined, and proved not very serious, though a remarkably close call for the intending suicide. A gash about an inch and a half long had been made on the left side of the throat, near to the jugular vein, and only missing a fatal wound by a little space.

The wound was sewed up, and the prisoner's hands encased in the leather muffs. He was incoherent in his utterances, maintaining only two propositions with any continuity of thought and expression. One was that his shoulder was out of joint, the other that somebody was trying to kill him. He appeared to be in great pain, and was wholly insensible to the work of the doctor's needle. He gave his name differently, as Frank Howe and Frank Ryan. He is a man of apparently 30 years, humbly dressed, dark complexion, and a beard of a few days' growth. He said he had eaten nothing for two days, but had been drinking whisky. Dr. Strong said there was also an unmistakable odor of ether on his breath.

The weapon with which the unhappy fellow sought to take his life was a large clasp-knife with a strong and sharp blade, which would undoubtedly have done its fatal work if he had not been promptly seized by the jailer and his assistants.

After his delirious mood had to some extent subsided, he stated that he had done the shooting near Gervais, and that he was obliged to, as men were trying to kill him. After firing the shots, he said, he sprang from the train, seriously hurting his head and shoulder. His badly scarred face and his wincing at his shoulder being touched, corroborated his statement.

The prisoner has every appearance of being crazy on the subject of some one being determined to take his life. Perhaps nursing and a wholesome diet and abstinence from drink may recuperate him. Until then, unless his madness is feigned, the true circumstances of the case will be more or less involved in doubt.

GOV. PENNOYER'S DEVILMENT.

Representative Thompson Expected a Lot of it in the Message and Was Fooled.

The afternoon train from Salem yesterday brought many members of the legislature and state officials. Governor Pennoyer and Brigadier-General J. M. Siglin, O. N. G., sat in a quiet nook all by themselves alternately perusing the morning paper and discussing the constitutionality and unconstitutionality of commissions and "sich," and the tendency they have to confuse the powers that be at Salem and elsewhere. General Siglin had just agreed with the governor that the state constitution "absolutely precludes the creation of any commission endowed with any powers whatever pertaining to the management or control of any of the affairs of state" when Representative D. P. Thompson came waltzing up the aisle, stopping at the governor's seat.

"Pretty good message, governor," said Mr. Thompson, after the exchange of smiles.

The chief executive of Oregon, bowed a modest bow, smiled pleasantly and rubbed his hands, and said "thanks."

As Mr. Thompson talks a good deal above a whisper, all within hearing turned their attention toward the group.

"Well," continued the representative, "it looks better in print than it sounded, because we naturally expected a great deal of devilment."

This sally threw everybody in the car into convulsions, and when Governor Pennoyer could control his features, he settled back into the cushioned seat and tried to answer. He finally succeeded in saying, "Oh, that's all right."

"Yes," protested Mr. Thompson, "but we did not expect it. We looked for so much devilment that we overlooked your good points."

"It was not a partisan document," said the governor.

"I have no objection," returned Mr. Thompson, "but you had better be ready to face Brother Beady when he passes the contribution box at church Sunday; you had better be prepared to uphold your ideas on constitutionality and unconstitutionality."

Mr. Thompson then went to another part of the car, and told stories until the train reached Portland.

CONSOLIDATION COMMITTEE AT WORK.

The Meeting Held Yesterday Afternoon—One More Session Will Finish Its Labors.

The consolidation committee met again at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the parlors of the First National bank. All members of the committee were present. The object of this meeting, which was supposed would be the last one, as far as the work of framing the new city charter is concerned, was to take action upon the reports of the subcommittees on the "paid fire department" and on "street improvements."

The report of Mr. P. L. Willis, to whom had been referred the matter of the paid fire department, was adopted without any further change. Unfortunately, however, the committee on street improvements, consisting of Messrs. Adams and Beach, was not ready to submit a report. There are so many considerations to be taken into account in framing the provisions of a charter to cover this subject that the committee thought it best to first have a consultation with the other members of the committee.

In view of the fact that this sub-committee was not prepared to submit a report, and for the purpose of expediting matters as much as possible, the entire committee took this matter of street improvements under consideration.

Section 95 was amended by striking out the provision concerning the petition of property owners for improved streets.

Section 97 was so amended that it will only require the owners of the major portion of the property instead of the owners of two-thirds to file a remonstrance against a proposed improvement.

The entire matter of street improvements was discussed at some length, but no final action was taken. In fact the committee were occupied in considering the various other sections of this chapter nearly the entire afternoon.

There are several points yet on which further time was found necessary to make a satisfactory report.

The committee adjourned until 7:30 o'clock this evening when another meeting will be held in the council chambers and it is thought that the unfinished work of the committee will then be disposed of.

HE CAN MARRY MINNIE NOW.

W. B. Chipman, of Olympia, Is a Free Man Again, After Having His Wedding Put Off by Being Arrested.

The marriage of Mr. W. B. Chipman, of Olympia, to Miss Minnie Brown, of Vancouver, has been interfered with by the grim hand of the law.

Mr. Chipman has been conducting a logging business at Olympia, and bought his supplies of groceries, etc., from Clayton Aldredge, a book account running from December 1, 1888, until last Sunday, and aggregating $461 75, is yet unpaid. Last Saturday night he was quietly closing up his affairs. He used his money, or a portion of it, at least, how great a one is known only to himself, in paying his employes. Some of it he gave to members of his father's family.

During this time he studiously avoided paying Mr. Aldredge, or making any arrangement looking to a future settlement, his excuse being that he did not want his marriage interfered with. He seemed to be missing Saturday night, and on Sunday evening Mr. Aldridge went to one of Chipman's chums and said, "Where is Bill?"

"Well," he replied, "he is gone; and if he owes you anything your name is Dennis. He has considerable money about him, and if you want any of it you better get after him. He intends going to California."

After this conversation, which Mr. Aldredge related to a reporter yesterday, he made tracks for Portland. A complaint was sworn out in the state circuit court for the recovery of the $461 75 by J. C. Horr, to whom the account had been assigned. Upon an additional affidavit Chipman was arrested as an absconding debtor at the hotel where he had secured rooms, and registered his own name.

The case was yesterday on trial before Judge Shattuck. Miss Minnie, who appeared to manifest the greatest interest and sympathy with her would-be husband, was present. It seems that the wedding had to be postponed on account of the pending proceedings. Chipman, through his counsel, moved for a release, on the grounds, first, that he was a non-resident, and second, that he had no intention of absconding, but purposed returning to Olympia with his bride.

Judge Shattuck held that the matter of residence was immaterial. He decided further that while Chipman's actions had been provoking and unbusinesslike, the fact of his purpose to abscond was not established, and the court therefore ordered the defendant's release.

A reporter sought for an interview with Mr. Chipman last evening, but the gentleman was not to be found. The clerk of the National, where he had been stopping, stated that he had been given to understand that the prospective groom had gone to the St. Charles; at any rate he had left there. Chipman has not registered at the latter place, unless under an assumed name.

SUICIDE BY DROWNING.

An Omaha Stranger, Named Knight, Jumps Overboard and Is Drowned at Kalama.

A gentleman who was a passenger on the Northern Pacific train from Tacoma yesterday afternoon brought the particulars of a suicide at Kalama. The big transfer boat, the Tacoma, was ploughing through the waves between Kalama and Hunter's Point when one of the passengers approached the side of the boat, threw off his coat, climbed upon the railing, and before his intentions had been realized by the by-standers sprang into the river and disappeared from view.

A rush was made for the boats and an effort made to lower one to the rescue of the man. When the latter rose to the surface he was already in the heavy swell of the boat, and apparently in a state of great exhaustion. He shouted lustily for help, having evidently altered his suicidal intentions. Before the boat could be lowered he had gone down for the last time.

The man was unknown to all the passengers. He was dressed as a laboring man, and to some of the passengers who had talked with him, he stated that his name was Knight. He was nearly penniless, he said, having come from Omaha to the Sound, and being unsuccessful in finding work, was almost despairing. There was no clew to his further identity or antecedents in his coat.

THE COMING MILITARY REVIEW.

Brigadier Siglin Will Be Present, and Also Other Distinguished Visitors—Tickets of Admission.

It is understood that Brigadier-General Siglin will be accompanied by the military committees from the legislature, and perhaps by quite a number of senators and members of the house in addition on the occasion of his review of the First regiment, O. N. G., on Saturday evening next. Every effort is being made to insure a very large turnout of the members of the regiment, to do proper honor to the occasion and show the distinguished visitors that opportunities furnished for maintenance of efficiency have not been neglected. Every man on the rolls should be in his place in the ranks, as the citizens of Portland ever feel a pride in the appearance of the popular First.

To guard against confusion, and better provide for the convenience of spectators, tickets of admission to the armory on Saturday evening, and also on Tuesday evening, the 22d inst., the occasion of award of the regimental recruiting medal, have been issued for gratuitous distribution by members of the regiment. These tickets can be had upon application to the officers and members of the regiment.

DUPE VERSUS SWINDLER.

The Clever and Determined Course by Which W. F. Bruin Got Back at the Confidence Man.

W. F. Bruin, the 26-year-old complaining witness in the case of the state against Frank Howard, tried in the criminal court yesterday, resulting in the defendant's conviction, says the *Telegram* of last evening, is a plucky and determined young man, possessed of qualities to insure his success in life.

When Bruin started from this city for the interior to sell the preparations which Howard palmed off on him as being salable and popular, he had but a few dollars left. When he reached Salem, in a strapped condition, he began to realize from experience that he had been swindled by Howard, and there he resolved to bring the confidence operator to terms.

Without a dime, and only a few apples in his pockets, Bruin walked from Salem to this city. Fearing to be taken for a tramp, he asked for no assistance from any one on the road; and upon arriving here in a half-famished condition, after a three days' tramp, began a systematic search for Howard and his pal, subsequent to swearing to the complaint against the former in the police court. Two or three days elapsed before Bruin caught sight of the scoundrel coming out of the Court saloon on Third and Salmon. Bruin asked Howard to make restitution, when the latter threatened to shoot him. The boy was not easily scared, and kept on shadowing Howard till he ran him into the arms of the police, who were unsuccessfully trying to find him for forty-eight hours.

Bruin left for Salem this morning to accept a situation in the insane asylum.

VANCOUVER, W. T.

Our ancient neighbor across the river has waked up at last to a realizing sense of the spirit of the times. It has slept since the owner of some good river front drove the old O. R. & N. Company to Portland for wharf room because, as he said, "some man may come here and start another store." But while it was sleeping it was growing, till it now wakes up a leviathan and builds a railroad of its own to the immense coal fields long known to lie in the mountains back of it. Though last to start in the race of progress, it will soon outstrip its neighbors and be the largest city in Washington territory.

Purchase your tickets and reserve your sleeping car accommodations at No. 2 Washington street, office Northern Pacific Railroad.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

For quick raising, the Royal Baking Powder is superior to all other leavening agents. It is absolutely pure and wholesome and of the highest leavening power. It is always uniform in strength and quality and never fails to make light, sweet, most palatable and nutritive food. Bread, biscuits, muffins, cake, etc., raised with Royal Baking Powder may be eaten hot without distressing results to the most delicate digestive organs. It will keep in any climate without deterioration.

Prof. H. A. Mott, U. S. Government Chemist, after examining officially the principal baking powders of the country, reported:

"The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure, for I have so found it in many tests made both for that company and the United States Government.

"Because of the facilities that company have for obtaining perfectly pure cream of tartar, and for other reasons dependent upon the proper proportions of the same, and the method of its preparation, the Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public.

"DR. HENRY A. MOTT, PH. D."
U. S. Government Chemist.

BARGAINS.

For the information of people who are on the LOOK-OUT FOR BARGAINS, it is stated that 100 doz UNLAUNDRIED SHIRTS will be sold to-day at J. SELLING & CO'S.

Dollar Shirts for 50c.; $1.50 Shirts for 85c. Linen bosom. TO-DAY ONLY at J. SELLING & CO'S, First and Taylor.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

KOLN THE CLOTHIER AND HATTER
COR. 2d & MORRISON ST.

Xactly X

That is what those Overcoats will cost you at our great reduction sale.

EXACTLY $10.

Xactly the same Overcoats we got $15 for.

Xactly the same value in them as when we got $15 for them.

Xactly one-third off the price because the season is going.

This Xample shows an X is ample to clothe you finely and fashionably.

By all means take advantage of this Overcoat sale.

$10 buys All-Wool Overcoats from

KOLN THE CLOTHIER AND HATTER
Cor. 2d & Morrison Sts.

THE NEW MODEL CRANDALL TYPE-WRITER.

Price $75.
Change of Type in Five Seconds.
Writing in Plain Sight.
Fewest Parts of any Type-Writer.
Most Perfect Alignment.
Most Simple, Durable and Perfect Type-Writer ever manufactured.
Send for catalogues, circulars, etc., to REED & MALCOLM, 94 Morrison st., Portland, agents for Oregon and Washington Ter. 29dinsat

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

Where prices are named they are exceptionally low, and in most instances property in same locality cannot be duplicated for more money.

COUCH ADDITION.

Half Block on Seventeenth st., well located for residence or for business; easy terms	$ 8,000
Lot on Third st., improved, at a bargain	5,000
Quarter Block on North Ninth st., close to Flyer; a bargain	16,000
Well improved corner on F st.; rented for more than 8 per cent on price	
One of the best Quarter Blocks in the residence part of Nob Hill; one block to street cars	6,500
Quarter Block on Third st., city, in first-class location	50,000
Quarter Block on Water st., city, worth more money	10,000

PORTLAND HEIGHTS.

Improved Quarter Block; magnificent view; on line of cable road; unique, and a bargain, 70 by 100 feet on corner, 1 block from cable	3,000
	1,000

SOUTH PORTLAND.

Quarter block, near Failing school, choice	4,000
Quarter block, on Second street, choice	2,500
Quarter Block on Kelly street	2,400
Lot on Corbett street, near Gibbs	1,600

SOUTHERN PORTLAND.

A few choice lots on easy terms in this desirable suburb on line of Narrow Gauge road.

A. E. BORTHWICK, 3½ Washington st.

OSWEGO LOTS! —AND— Ten-Acre Tracts! $60,000 —IN— U. S. Gold Coin

We have a few more desirable lots in the new town of Oswego for sale, on the installment plan, at reasonable prices. Now is the time to make an investment in the iron districts, where the blast furnace and pipe foundry are actual, turning out pig iron and water pipe at the rate of 50 tons per day.

EIGHT DAILY TRAINS to and from the works and town site.

We also have some beautiful 10 acre pieces suitable for fruit culture, which we offer on easy installments at from $2.50 to $35 per acre, according to location and clearing. A saw-mill is located adjoining these tracts, and is only glad to take what timber you have at $6 per thousand as it stands. Title to all above properly perfect.

We also have $60,000 to loan on long time, with approved city mortgages, at low rate of interest.

For further particulars call on or address

CARDWELL & LIPPINCOTT,
93½ Morrison st., up stairs.

LOANS PRIVATELY NEGOTIATED.

Ale, beer and porter bottling works; well established family and country trade	$ 1,100
Express wagon and team; cash	125
Partner, (German or American) good paying business on First st.	600
Best five lots (50x100) in East Portland	12,500
Two and one-half acres adjoining Highland; on Portland & Vancouver street car and motor line	
Confectionery, fruit and cigar stand near post office; selling from $15 to $20 per day	450
Stationery and notion business, N. First. Stock at invoice	1,250
Saloon, in good position, a fortune	4,000
Saloon, N. First st.	900
Saloon, Washington st.	250
First class restaurant, Washington st.	
Restaurant, N. First st.	
Government Lands located (Tillamook county). Offices to let. Labbe building.	

BESWICK & THOMAS,
1712 34 Washington st.

ATTENTION!

Something of importance, no cyclone or storm.

Simon this day does the public inform.

It's money to loan in all sums at low rate.

More upright in dealings there's none in the state.

Of bargains in real estate or houses to let.

Now please call at his office, and don't you forget.

N. Ijiji 127½ First street, rooms 2 and 3.

LOTS FOR SALE in Goldsmith's Addition, cheap. One-fifth cash, balance on time; low rate of interest. Nicest location in town. B. & S. GOLDSMITH, Agents, Room 3, Abington.

WANT A FARM!

The Best Bargains can be found at No. 7 Stark street.

WE CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION DURING OUR ANNUAL [illegible] —TO OUR— [illegible] Departments.

The Great Saving on [illegible] Lines of Black & Colored Silks, if purchased now, is worth the attention of every Intending Purchaser.

We offer by far the largest stock to select from in Portland of [illegible]

Many Lines Exclusive with Us. Come early in the day, if possible, to avoid the afternoon rush.

[illegible]
First, Second and Taylor Sts.

VOL. XXVIII. NO. [illegible]
NORTH PACIFIC [illegible]

Great Red [illegible] WILL OFFER
FARM WAGONS, OREGON HACKS, SQUIRES' PATENT [illegible]
And all other goods manufactured at FACTORY AND [illegible]
W. JACKSON

DIAMONDS JEWELRY WATCHES SILVERWARE L. C. HENRY

SINGER [illegible]
MIRRORS, MOULDINGS, PICTURE FRAMES
170-172 F[illegible]

KELLY, [illegible]
Paints, Oils, Varnishes
40 and 42 Front Street

C. W. BOYNTON
Boynton's Latest Wonder
Being made of Silver, thereby requiring very little thin-backs; we make [illegible] size. All gauges, patterns, Diamond, and all Saws, Kitchen Butcher Saws, Last, but not least, Boynton's Patent Saw Swage, Saw Set, Saw Gummer, Saw Filer, Saw Tooth Setter, Saw Vise, Saw Clamp, Saw Handle, Saw Screw, Saw Nut, Saw Rivet, Saw Wrench, Saw Hammer, Saw Anvil, Saw Punch, Saw Gauge, Saw Rule, Saw Square, Saw Level, Saw Plumb, Saw Chalk Line, Saw Pencil, Saw Paper, Saw Envelope, Saw Stamp, Saw Postage, Saw Telegram, Saw Telephone, Saw Telegraph, Saw Cable, Saw Wireless, Saw Radio, Saw Television, Saw Computer, Saw Internet, Saw Email, Saw Website, Saw Blog, Saw Podcast, Saw Video, Saw Audio, Saw Photo, Saw Graphic, Saw Design, Saw Art, Saw Music, Saw Film, Saw Theater, Saw Dance, Saw Opera, Saw Ballet, Saw Symphony, Saw Orchestra, Saw Band, Saw Choir, Saw Singer, Saw Songwriter, Saw Composer, Saw Conductor, Saw Musician, Saw Instrument, Saw Piano, Saw Violin, Saw Guitar, Saw Drum, Saw Trumpet, Saw Flute, Saw Clarinet, Saw Saxophone, Saw Trombone, Saw Tuba, Saw Harp, Saw Cello, Saw Bass, Saw Percussion, Saw Brass, Saw Woodwind, Saw String, Saw Keyboard, Saw Synthesizer, Saw Sampler, Saw Sequencer, Saw Drum Machine, Saw Electronic, Saw Acoustic, Saw Amplifier, Saw Speaker, Saw Microphone, Saw Headphone, Saw Recording, Saw Studio, Saw Mixing, Saw Mastering, Saw Production, Saw Engineering, Saw Technician, Saw Producer, Saw Director, Saw Actor, Saw Actress, Saw Performer, Saw Audience, Saw Venue, Saw Stage, Saw Lighting, Saw Sound, Saw Set, Saw Costume, Saw Makeup, Saw Hair, Saw Wig, Saw Prosthetic, Saw Special Effects, Saw Stunt, Saw Choreography, Saw Dance, Saw Movement, Saw Gesture, Saw Expression, Saw Emotion, Saw Story, Saw Script, Saw Screenplay, Saw Dialogue, Saw Narration, Saw Voice, Saw Character, Saw Plot, Saw Theme, Saw Genre, Saw Style, Saw Structure, Saw Conflict, Saw Resolution, Saw Climax, Saw Suspense, Saw Drama, Saw Comedy, Saw Tragedy, Saw Romance, Saw Action, Saw Adventure, Saw Thriller, Saw Horror, Saw Mystery, Saw Fantasy, Saw Science Fiction, Saw Historical, Saw Biographical, Saw Documentary, Saw Animation, Saw Cartoon, Saw Anime, Saw Manga, Saw Comic, Saw Graphic Novel, Saw Novel, Saw Short Story, Saw Poetry, Saw Prose, Saw Literature, Saw Book, Saw Publishing, Saw Author, Saw Writer, Saw Editor, Saw Publisher, Saw Agent, Saw Bookstore, Saw Library, Saw Reading, Saw Literacy, Saw Education, Saw School, Saw University, Saw College, Saw Student, Saw Teacher, Saw Professor, Saw Research, Saw Science, Saw Technology, Saw Engineering, Saw Mathematics, Saw Physics, Saw Chemistry, Saw Biology, Saw Geology, Saw Astronomy, Saw Meteorology, Saw Oceanography, Saw Ecology, Saw Environment, Saw Conservation, Saw Sustainability, Saw Energy, Saw Power, Saw Electricity, Saw Magnetism, Saw Gravity, Saw Motion, Saw Force, Saw Work, Saw Energy, Saw Heat, Saw Light, Saw Sound, Saw Wave, Saw Frequency, Saw Amplitude, Saw Wavelength, Saw Speed, Saw Velocity, Saw Acceleration, Saw Momentum, Saw Inertia, Saw Mass, Saw Weight, Saw Density, Saw Volume, Saw Pressure, Saw Temperature, Saw Thermodynamics, Saw Entropy, Saw Enthalpy, Saw Gibbs Free Energy, Saw Helmholtz Free Energy, Saw Chemical Potential, Saw Phase, Saw Transition, Saw Equilibrium, Saw Reaction, Saw Rate, Saw Catalyst, Saw Enzyme, Saw Protein, Saw Amino Acid, Saw Pe